

ENGINEERING EXCELLENCE

ANNUAL REPORT 2014/15



LISTED ON THE MAINBOARD OF THE SINGAPORE EXCHANGE IN 2000, SIA ENGINEERING COMPANY IS ONE OF THE WORLD'S LEADING MAINTENANCE, REPAIR AND OVERHAUL (MRO) ORGANISATIONS.

CORPORATE PROFILE

Its one-stop maintenance facility in Singapore offers world-class MRO services to a client base of more than 100 international airlines and aerospace equipment manufacturers. Complementing its full spectrum of MRO services is its growing portfolio of 26 joint ventures in 9 countries, forged with strategic partners and leading original equipment manufacturers. The Company holds certifications from 29 national airworthiness authorities worldwide.

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



"THE STRATEGIC AND BUSINESS INITIATIVES
WE HAVE BEEN PURSUING, AND MORE THAT
WE ARE WORKING ON, WILL CONTINUE
TO STRENGTHEN THE ENGINEERING
EXCELLENCE OF THE SIAEC GROUP,
AND POSITION IT ADVANTAGEOUSLY
TO CAPITALISE ON THE EMERGING
OPPORTUNITIES IN THE ASIA-PACIFIC."

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

In my message to shareholders last year, I had alluded to the many challenges in the aviation industry. The operating landscape in FY2014/15 remained difficult. While the decline in fuel prices brought welcome respite to the airline industry, cost control measures of carriers and prevailing competition from other service providers continued to exert pressure on maintenance, repair and overhaul (MRO) rates. The number of heavy checks declined with the phasing out of ageing aircraft, in particular, the Boeing 747-400. The enhanced reliability of newer generation engines arising from engine improvement modifications, coupled with the retirement of older generation engines, led to a reduction in engine shop visits for our associated and joint venture companies.

On the back of these challenges, revenue dropped 4.9% to \$1,120.6 million, while net profit for the Group declined 31.0% to \$183.3 million. Our joint ventures did not fare better. Compared to last year's record contribution, the share of profits of associated and joint venture companies fell 34.6% to \$106.3 million.

With the changing landscape in the MRO industry, the Company has been taking initiatives to position itself for the future and to operate in the new paradigm.

POSITIONING FOR THE FUTURE THROUGH STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

One such initiative is the fleet management joint venture with The Boeing Company. In July 2014, we signed a landmark agreement with Boeing that will incorporate a part of our fleet management business. Positioned to serve airlines in the Asia-Pacific and beyond, the joint venture will dovetail Boeing's aircraft manufacturer expertise and e-enabling technology with SIAEC's extensive MRO experience. It is a game changer, offering fleet management solutions to airline customers at the point of aircraft purchase. The new company will provide service offerings for Boeing 737, 747, 777 and 787.

To date, regulatory approvals from the relevant jurisdictions, including Singapore, have been obtained. The SIAEC/Boeing joint venture is set to take off in FY2015/16. While it is not expected to be accretive in the near term, the Boeing partnership will offer SIAEC a strategic advantage to secure the downstream MRO business and contribute to the Group's profitability in the longer term.

In March 2015, a Maintenance Training Services Agreement was signed with Airbus to enter into a training collaboration, leading to the appointment of SIAEC as an Airbus Maintenance Training Centre. Under the agreement, SIAEC's Training Academy will be equipped with Airbus' latest maintenance training devices and courseware for A320, A330, A380 and A350. This will enable SIAEC to deliver best-in-class training services to airline customers and SIAEC's technical workforce.

We will stay the course of pursuing strategic collaborations with industry-leading partners.

The Company renewed its MRO Services Agreement with anchor customer Singapore Airlines in April 2015. Valued at up to \$2.9 billion in labour revenue for the full 8-year term, the agreement covers a broad spectrum of MRO and fleet management support services.

On the technology front, the Group continued to support airlines in launching new fleets. In early FY2014/15, we worked with SilkAir when it started operating its new Boeing 737NG fleet. Later in the year, we supported the entry-into-service of Scoot's Boeing 787 Dreamliner. And by the close of the financial year, we started to gear up for Singapore Airlines' new Airbus A350. Our association with the SIA Group, given its fleet modernisation policy, has kept SIAEC on the leading edge of aviation technology, created opportunities for strategic collaborations with OEMs and opened up new markets for the Group.

DIVIDENDS

The Board of Directors is recommending a final ordinary dividend of 8.5 cents per share. Together with the interim dividend of 6 cents per share paid at mid-year, the total payout for FY2014/15 will be 14.5 cents per share.

APPRECIATION

I thank all shareholders for your confidence and trust in the Group. My appreciation to our valued customers and business associates for your ardent support. And special thanks to our loyal and committed staff and unions; your support of management's initiatives on safety, productivity and quality forms the cornerstone of the Company's competitiveness and resilience.

To my fellow Directors, my sincere gratitude for your contributions to Board deliberations and decisions. As part of the Board and Management renewal process, William Tan, who has been the CEO of the Group since 2001 and Director since 2010, retired on 31 March 2015. Under his leadership, the Company has emerged as a strong player in the global MRO industry. The Board thanks William for serving with dedication and distinction, and welcomes his successor, Png Kim Chiang, who brings with him more than three decades of MRO experience.

Against the backdrop of a volatile global economy, the aviation industry will continue to experience headwinds. We are fortuitously located in a region which is one of the fastest growing aviation markets. The strategic and business initiatives we have been pursuing, and more that we are working on, will continue to strengthen the engineering excellence of the SIAEC Group, and position it advantageously to capitalise on the emerging opportunities in the Asia-Pacific.

STEPHEN LEE CHING YEN
CHAIRMAN



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



CHAIRMAN
CHAIRMAN, COMPENSATION & HR COMMITTEE



GOH CHOON PHONG

DIRECTOR



CHAIRMAN, AUDIT COMMITTEE



CHAIRMAN, NOMINATING COMMITTEE BOARD SAFETY & RISK COMMITTEE



DIRECTOR



DIRECTOR



CHEW TECK SOON

DIRECTOR



CHRISTINA ONG



TONG CHONG HEONG



WILLIAM TAN SENG KOON

DIRECTOR
(UNTIL 31 MAR 2015)

KEY EXECUTIVES



PRESIDENT & CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (UNTIL 31 MAR 2015)



PRESIDENT & CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
(FROM 1 APR 2015)
EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT (OPERATIONS)
(UNTIL 31 MAR 2015)



ANNE ANG LIAN CHOO

SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT
FINANCE &
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



ZARINA PIPERDI SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT HUMAN RESOURCES & FLEET MANAGEMENT



SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT AIRCRAFT & COMPONENT SERVICES



SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT LINE MAINTENANCE & INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY



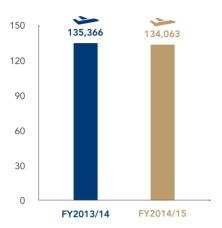
SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT SPECIAL PROJECTS (UNTIL 4 JAN 2015)

OPERATIONS

REVIEW

LINE MAINTENANCE

FLIGHTS HANDLED AT CHANGI AIRPORT



Revenue increased 1.7% to \$442.2 million compared to the preceding year. In FY2014/15, SIAEC secured 8 new customers and renewed 12 existing contracts. Its international line maintenance network covers 34 airports in 7 countries.

AIRCRAFT & COMPONENT SERVICES

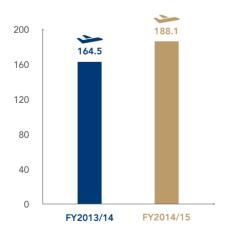
NUMBERS OF CHECKS PERFORMED IN SINGAPORE

	Α	С	D
FY 2014/15	376	68	17
FY 2013/14	384	88	37

Revenue declined 15.3% to \$490.3 million year-on-year.

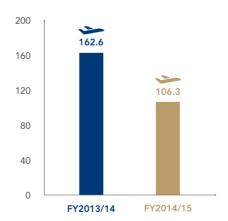
12 new/renewed contracts were secured for the Singapore base during the year.

FLEET MANAGEMENT REVENUE (\$M)



With a fleet management customer fleet size of 181 aircraft, SIAEC is firmly established as one of the world's leading fleet management service providers.

JOINT VENTURES SHARE OF PROFITS FROM JOINT VENTURES & ASSOCIATES (NET OF TAX) (\$M)



The combined revenue of the joint ventures and associated companies totalled \$2.9 billion, of which 80% was derived from non-SIA airline customers.

SUSTAINABILITY:

COMMUNITY, PEOPLE & ENVIRONMENT

Corporate Social Responsibility

In FY2014/15, SIAEC's Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiatives focused on improving lives by taking action against hunger and homelessness. We partnered with 'Food from the Heart', Community Chest and 'Habitat for Humanity' to meet the basic physical needs of the poor through food and housing assistance.

1. Run For Food 2014

SIAEC's annual charity run, Run For Food 2014, was held on 23 August at Gardens By The Bay (East). The event drew 1,849 registrants from SIAEC and its joint venture companies. A total of \$163,180 was raised and donated to Community Chest and 'Food from the Heart'. Recognition was received from the Food and Agricultural Organisation, United Nations, which commended the Company for making a difference in the fight against poverty.



2. Food Goodie Bags Programme

Every month, the Company provides food supplies to 50 underprivileged families from two adopted schools - East Coast Primary School and Wellington Primary School.

3. Self-Collection Centre Programme

In collaboration with 'Food from the Heart', 150 staff volunteers participate in the monthly packing and distribution of food packs to needy families in MacPherson and Marine Terrace.

4. Bread Donation Programme

SIAEC supported Food From The Heart's bread donation programme by collaborating with a bakery in the east. With a pool of 15 managerial staff, the unsold bread from the bakery is transported and delivered to a convalescence home in Siglap on a weekly basis.

5. Housing Construction in the Philippines and Vietnam In partnership with 'Habitat for Humanity', the Company

sent 2 teams of staff volunteers for build projects in Quezon City, Philippines and Tien Giang, Vietnam.



6. KidsLight Mentoring Programme

In partnership with Community Chest's Family Service Centre, staff volunteers provide Mathematics and English tuition to underprivileged Primary 4 to 6 students at Care Corner (Tampines).

7. Bright Hill Evergreen Home Volunteerism

As part of our efforts to reach out to the various age groups of the needy community, we partnered a beneficiary of Community Chest, Bright Hill Evergreen Home in Punggol, to bring the disadvantaged and elderly out on excursions every quarter.

8. Toy Buffet 2014

'Pre-loved' and new toys collected from SIAEC staff and other organisations were distributed to more than 1,800 underprivileged students (7-12 years old) from 26 neighbourhood schools.

9. 2014 Chari-Tree Light Up Event

The Company participated in Community Chest's 2014 Chari-Tree Light Up at Marina Bay.

10. Groceries with Love On Wheels (GLOW)

SIAEC staff participated in the National University of Singapore Society CSR programme - Groceries with Love on Wheels (GLOW). The event involved volunteers distributing food bags to needy families nation-wide.

SUSTAINABILITY:

COMMUNITY, PEOPLE & ENVIRONMENT

TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

The Company values its staff. It is fully committed to workforce development initiatives and the inculcation of a continuous learning culture to enhance the potential of our staff. The workforce is regularly updated with relevant knowledge and skills, enabling our staff to keep abreast of the changing operating landscape and evolving technologies, for better efficiency and reliability, and to meet new market demands.

The Company's drive towards developing greater workforce technical and soft skills efficacy is supported by the Company's status as an approved Maintenance Training Organisation accorded by civil aviation authorities from around the world, and a Singapore Workforce Development Agency approved training organisation certification.

In FY2014/15, the Company invested \$11 million on staff training, covering a total of 32,000 training man-days. Of these, 27,500 were dedicated to technical training while 4,500 training man-days were allocated to developing and improving managerial skills and proficiency.

To support the entry into service of SilkAir's Boeing 737NG and Scoot's Boeing 787 Dreamliner fleets, in 2014 and 2015 we rolled out aircraft type competency training for our engineers and technical support personnel.



In support of Singapore Airlines' plans to launch its Airbus A350 fleet, we commenced A350 technical training in March 2015 using the latest A350 Airbus Competency Training ("ACT") classroom at the SIAEC Training Academy in Singapore. The A350 ACT classroom set up forms part of a comprehensive maintenance training services agreement signed with Airbus in January 2015. The collaboration with Airbus will enable SIAEC to deliver the highest standards of engineering training through Airbus' latest maintenance training devices and courseware for the A320, A330, A380 and A350.

In FY2014/15, the Company has 37 courses accredited under the Singapore Workforce Skills Qualifications system. Our joint effort with WDA creates the next platform of skills enhancement for our technicians through the "Advanced Certificate in Aerospace Standards" module, which will prepare our technicians for greater responsibilities and competencies.

ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT

At SIAEC, we are focused on balancing our goals of creating value in our business with the commitment to minimise the impact that our business activities have on the environment.

With the responsibility of safeguarding the health of our staff and the long-term sustainability of our environment, we have in place an Environment Management System ("EMS"). Since 1998, the ISO 14001 certification of our EMS affirms that our management of environmental issues is in line with international best practices. The review of our environmental performance covers three main areas: water and energy conservation, wastewater management and waste management.

Water & Energy Conservation

With more than 5,000 staff in Singapore, the amount of resources consumed is substantial. Hence, we have been proactive in the conservation of water and energy resources in our operations. These measures include the collection of rainwater in water tanks on hangar rooftops, which is then used for general

cleaning and watering of plants. An ongoing programme to replace airconditioning chillers emphasises our continual efforts to reduce electricity consumption.

Wastewater Management

Our hangars are equipped with standalone wastewater treatment plants where wastewater is treated to ensure it complies with the legal requirements before it is discharged into the public sewer system. The wastewater treatment facilities were recently upgraded with a carbon filter to further reduce the chemical oxygen demand in the discharged water.

Waste Management

We have a comprehensive environmental action plan that includes an integrated waste management programme for handling hazardous substances and reducing waste. Promotion and facilitation of waste reduction are conducted through new and ongoing efforts aimed at reducing usage, reuse and where possible, recycling.

CORPORATE CALENDAR

2014



3 FEB 2014

Announcement of FY2013/14 third-quarter financial results

5 MAY 2014

Announcement of FY2013/14 full-year financial results

6 MAY 2014

Analyst briefing on FY2013/14 full-year financial results

25 JUN 2014

Despatch of Annual Report to shareholders

21 JUL 2014

32nd Annual General Meeting

25 JUL 2014

Announcement of FY2014/15 first-quarter financial results

7 AUG 2014

Payment of FY2013/14 final dividend

4 NOV 2014

Announcement of FY2014/15 second-quarter financial results

5 NOV 2014

Analyst briefing on FY2014/15 second-quarter financial results

2015



3 FEB 2015

Announcement of FY2014/15 third-quarter financial results

12 MAY 2015

Announcement of FY2014/15 full-year financial results

13 MAY 2015

Analyst briefing on FY2014/15 full-year financial results

29 JUN 2015

Despatch of Annual Report to shareholders

24 JUL 2015

33rd Annual General Meeting

27 JUL 2015

Announcement of FY2015/16 first-quarter financial results

13 AUG 2015

Payment of FY2014/15 final dividend

2 NOV 2015

Announcement of FY2015/16 second-quarter financial results

3 NOV 2015

Analyst briefing on FY2015/16 second-quarter financial results

STATISTICAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2014-15	2013-14	% Change		
FINANCIAL STATISTICS R1					
Financial Results (\$ million)					
Revenue	1,120.6	1,178.2	_	4.9	
Expenditure	1,036.6	1,062.6	_	2.4	
Operating profit	84.0	115.6	_	27.3	
Profit before taxation	205.4	294.0	_	30.1	
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	183.3	265.7	-	31.0	
Financial Position (\$ million)					
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	1,324.9	1,360.9	-	2.6	
Total assets	1,656.6	1,707.1	-	3.0	
Return on equity holders' funds (%) R2	13.6	20.0	-	6.4 pts	
Value added (\$ million)	725.2	839.6	-	13.6	
Per Share Data (cents)					
Earnings after tax – basic R3	16.4	23.9	-	31.5	
– diluted ^{R4}	16.3	23.7	-	31.2	
Net asset value R5	118.1	122.0	-	3.2	
Dividends (cents per share)					
Interim dividend	6.0	7.0	-	14.3	
Final dividend – ordinary	8.5 #	13.0	-	34.6	
– special	-	5.0		nm	
PRODUCTIVITY AND EMPLOYEE DATA					
Average number of employees	6,315	6,405	-	1.4	
Revenue per employee (\$)	177,449	183,952	-	3.5	
Value added per employee (\$)	114,841	131,085	-	12.4	

[#] proposed

R1 SIA Engineering Company's financial year is from 1 April to 31 March. Throughout this report, all financial figures are in Singapore Dollars, unless stated otherwise.

R2 Return on equity holders' funds is the profit attributable to owners of the parent expressed as a percentage of the average equity attributable to owners of the parent.

R3 Earnings after tax per share (basic) is computed by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue

R4 Earnings after tax per share (diluted) is computed by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue after adjusting for the dilutive effect on the exercise of all outstanding share options, performance shares and restricted shares granted to employees.

R5 Net asset value per share is computed by dividing the equity attributable to owners of the parent by the number of ordinary shares in issue at 31 March.

SIA Engineering Company Limited (the "Company") views good corporate governance to be the hallmark of a well-managed organisation. The focus of the governance framework, formulated on the Company's vision and mission, is to promote accountability and transparency. These are manifested in the composition of the Board and Board Committees, division of powers and duties between the Board and Management, adoption of checks and balances, relevant measures on internal controls, and sound corporate ethics across the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group").

The Board and Management are committed to sustaining value creation for all stakeholders by adhering to a set of well-defined corporate governance principles and maintaining effective structures and processes within the Group for compliance with these principles.

The Company adheres to the Code of Corporate Governance 2012 issued by the Monetary Authority of Singapore (the "Code"). The Company has complied in all material aspects with the principles and guidelines set out in the Code principles and has taken into account, where relevant, the guidance provided by the Disclosure Guide on corporate governance issued by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") on 29 January 2015. Where there are departures from the Code, these are explained under the relevant sections of this Report.

THE ROLE OF THE BOARD AND CONDUCT OF ITS AFFAIRS (Principle 1)

The Board oversees the business of the Company and provides stewardship to Management, conferring regularly with them. There is an objective decision-making process, which allows each Director to exercise independent judgment. The Board and Board Committees have written guidelines on matters requiring their approval, which include all matters of strategic importance, corporate governance practices, legal and regulatory compliances, the adequacy of internal controls, risk management, workplace safety, financial reporting, financial performance and annual budgets, key operational initiatives, investment proposals and major transactions. In line with best practices in corporate governance, the Board also oversees long-term succession planning of Key Executives.

The Company has established financial authorisation and approval limits for operating and capital expenditure, the procurement of goods and services, and the acquisition and disposal of investments.

In the discharge of its duties, the Board is supported by five Board Committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Board Safety & Risk Committee, the Compensation & HR Committee, the Nominating Committee and the Board Committee, each constituted with written terms of reference, defining the duties delegated to it by the Board and other procedural matters. Each Board Committee is responsible for ensuring compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements in relation to matters under its purview, including requirements under the rules of the listing manual ("Listing Manual") of the SGX-ST. The Audit Committee, the Board Safety & Risk Committee, the Compensation & HR Committee and the Nominating Committee work within the Company's risk management framework which sets out the risk management policies and the tolerance levels of risks. Each Committee comprises Directors with appropriate qualifications and skills and there is an equitable distribution of responsibilities among Board members. The Board is informed of the key matters discussed at each Board Committee meeting. At all times, the Board and the Board Committees have independent access to external advisers. There is a clear demarcation of responsibilities between the Board and Management.

The Board meets quarterly to review and approve, inter alia, the financial results of the Group. The Chairman meets the Independent Directors twice yearly in the absence of Management and the Non-Independent Directors. In FY14/15, there were nine Non-Executive Directors, all of whom worked with Management to develop constructive proposals on strategy and reviewed the achievement of agreed goals. Board meeting dates for each financial year are fixed in advance and notified to the Directors before the start of the year to facilitate full attendance. Additional meetings are convened as and when circumstances warrant. Records of meetings, including key deliberations and decisions taken, are maintained by the Company Secretary and the minutes of meetings are circulated to Directors for review and approval. Participation by telephone conferencing and approval by circulation also facilitate Board and Board Committee decision-making.

In addition to the scheduled Board meetings, Directors attend an annual strategy meeting to discuss and prioritise the Company's strategic initiatives over the near and long term. Strategy meetings are held in Singapore or at an overseas location to familiarise Directors with the Group's off-shore operations. Proposals considered at the strategy meeting are further developed by Management and discussed at subsequent Board meetings when the Board reviews the progress to achieve the agreed goals and objectives of the strategy proposals.

Orientation and Training of Directors

The Company issues a letter of appointment to incoming Directors, which sets out their key duties and responsibilities. New appointees undergo an orientation programme, with comprehensive presentations by Management on the Group's core businesses, operations, strategic plans and network of joint ventures, and undertake a tour of the Company's operations and key joint venture facilities in Singapore.

The Company's internally-developed "Director's Handbook" provides new and existing Directors with an easy reference on, inter alia, their duties and obligations under prevailing rules and regulations in Singapore, and the Company's key policies, processes and best practices in corporate governance.

The Nominating Committee identifies relevant training programmes for the consideration of the Directors and the Company sponsors courses requested by Directors, as part of their ongoing training. These include programmes organised by the Singapore Institute of Directors ("SID"), the Temasek Management Services ("TMS") Academy and others. In FY14/15, some Directors attended the SID programme on "Nominating Committee and Remuneration Committee Essentials" and the TMS Academy's Directors-in-Dialogue forum on "Board Leadership in the 21st Century: How Directors Can Make a Real Difference" and "Boards and Technology: The Competitive Risk and Promise of Exponential Technologies". As part of the training and professional development of the Board, the Company arranges for Directors to be briefed from time to time on changes to regulations, guidelines and accounting standards, as well as other relevant issues.

BOARD COMPOSITION, BALANCE AND MEMBERSHIP (Principles 2 & 4)

The composition of the current Board and Board Committees, and attendance at meetings held in FY14/15 are as shown below:

	Main B	oard		Audi [*] Commit		Nominat Commit		Compensat HR Comm		Board Saf Risk Comr		Board Committee (ii)
Name	Status	Position	Att. (i)	Position	Att. (i)	Position	Att. (i)	Position	Att. (i)	Position	Att. (i)	Position
Stephen Lee Ching Yen (last re-appointed on 19 Jul 2013, first appointed on 1 Dec 2005)	Non-executive / Non-Independent	Chairman	7/7					Chairman	5/5			
Goh Choon Phong (last re-appointed on 19 Jul 2013, first appointed on 1 Jan 2011)	Non-executive / Non-Independent	Member	7/7					Member	5/5			Member
Ron Foo Siang Guan (last re-appointed on 21 Jul 2014, first appointed on 1 Aug 2007)	Non-executive / Independent	Member	7/7	Chairman	4/4							Member
Oo Soon Hee (last re-appointed on 21 Jul 2014, first appointed on 1 Aug 2007)	Non-executive / Independent	Member	7/7			Chairman	5/5			Chairman	5/5	
Ng Chin Hwee (last re-appointed on 19 Jul 2013, first appointed on 18 Jul 2008)	Non-executive / Non-Independent	Member	7/7			Member	5/5			Member	5/5	
Manohar Khiatani (last re-appointed on 21 Jul 2014, first appointed on 1 Apr 2013)	Non-executive / Independent	Member	7/7	Member	4/4					Member	5/5	
Chew Teck Soon (last re-appointed on 21 Jul 2014, first appointed on 1 May 2013)	Non-executive / Independent	Member	7/7	Member	4/4	Member	5/5			Member	5/5	
Christina Hon Kwee Fong (Christina Ong) (last re-appointed on 21 Jul 2014, first appointed on 1 Jan 2014)	Non-executive / Independent	Member	7/7	Member	4/4			Member	5/5			
Tong Chong Heong (last re-appointed on 21 Jul 2014, first appointed on 1 Jun 2014)	Non-executive / Independent	Member	6/6			Member (wef 1 Oct 2014)	3/3	Member (wef 1 Oct 2014)	2/2			
William Tan Seng Koon (iii)	Executive / Non-Independent	Member	7/7									
Total Number of Meetings Held In FY14/15			7		4		5		5		5	

Notes: i) "Att." refers to the number of Board and Board Committee meetings attended by the respective Directors for the period served in FY14/15.

ii) The Board Committee does not hold physical meetings.

iii) Mr William Tan Seng Koon was the President & Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company. He retired with effect from 1 April 2015 and relinquished his Board Directorship on the same day.

The current Board comprises nine Directors, six (or two thirds) of whom are Independent Directors. The Company has thus satisfied the requirement under the Code guidelines that Independent Directors comprise at least half the Board where the Chairman is not an Independent Director. The high representation of Independent Directors serves the Company well. The Board has, at all times, exercised independent judgment in decision-making, using its collective expertise and experience to act in the best interests of the Company. A Director who has an interest in a matter under discussion will declare his interest and abstain from the decision-making process. There are no alternate Directors.

The Board considers the present Board size and the number of Board Committees to be sufficient, taking into account the scope and nature of the Company's operations, the requirements of the business and existing rules and regulations. The Board has the requisite balance of expertise, skills and attributes to oversee the Company's growing businesses. Collectively, the Board has competencies in areas such as airline and MRO operations, accounting, finance, law, engineering, information technology, logistics management, business space solutions, human resource development, and experience in relevant business segments and key markets. In relation to gender diversity, the Company is of the view that gender is but one aspect of diversity and the Company's Directors will continue to be selected on the basis of their experience, skills, knowledge and insight. From time to time, the Company has had suitably qualified female Directors on the Board, including the current Director, Mrs Christina Ong. The Chairman and the two Singapore Airlines ("SIA") appointed Directors also bring to the Company a wealth of airline industry experience. Directors' profiles appear on pages 39 to 48.

Directors are subject to retirement and re-election at least once every three years. One-third of the longest serving Directors will retire by rotation at every Annual General Meeting ("AGM"). For information on Directors who are proposed for re-appointment or re-election at the AGM, please refer to page 31.

The Board, taking into account the views of the Nominating Committee, determines the independence of Directors upon appointment, annually, and on a continuing basis as and when circumstances require, according to the criteria stipulated in the Code, based on each Director's declaration. None of the Independent Directors has served for a continuous period of more than nine years.

The Board has examined the different relationships identified by the Code that might impair the Directors' independence and objectivity, and is satisfied that none of them apply in relation to the Independent Directors.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (Principle 3)

The Chairman is a Non-Executive Director and his position is separate from the office of the CEO. There is a clear demarcation of the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman and the CEO.

The Chairman leads the Board and is responsible for ensuring the effectiveness of the Board. At meetings, the Chairman encourages constructive engagement within the Board and between Directors and Management and ensures effective decision-making. The Chairman sets the agenda and dedicates sufficient time for discussions, especially on material developments and strategic matters. The Chairman also ensures that Management provides complete, adequate and timely information to Directors, and that there is effective communication with shareholders.

The CEO manages the business of the Company. He chairs the weekly Management Committee ("MC") meetings, attended by Management. The CEO and MC deliberate on, inter alia, policy and operational issues, and implement Board decisions. The Senior Management Committee ("SMC"), which decides on matters delegated to it by the Board and the Board Committees, is chaired by the CEO, and members include the Senior Vice Presidents.

By virtue of his position as the Chairman of SIA, the Chairman is considered to be Non-Independent. However, the Chairman and the CEO are separate persons, are not related to each other and the Chairman is not involved in the day-to-day running of the Company's business and operations. The Chairman is therefore considered to be independent of Management. Moreover, a majority of the members of the Board and the Board Committees, including the Chairman of each of the Board Committees, are Independent Directors or deemed to be independent (as in the case of the Compensation & HR Committee Chairman, where the Chairman is deemed to be able to exercise independent judgement and take an objective view from Management in deciding on remuneration matters, notwithstanding that he is not considered independent under the Code). Accordingly, the Nominating Committee and the Board are of the view that the appointment of a Lead Independent Director is not necessary for the time being. The Board will review the need for the appointment of a Lead Independent Director as part of its continuous assessment of best corporate governance practices, and will appoint a Lead Independent Director if and when it determines that such an appointment is warranted.

BOARD PERFORMANCE (Principle 5)

The Board has a formal process, which is overseen by the Nominating Committee, for assessing the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and the Board Committees, as well as the contributions of the Chairman and individual Directors. For impartiality, the process is managed by an external firm of human resource consultants, who have no other connection with the Company or any of its Directors. The process, comprising an assessment of both qualitative and quantitative criteria, enables the Nominating Committee and the Board to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and its Board Committees. This is the Company's thirteenth year of evaluating Board performance. For FY14/15, the external consultants concluded that, overall, the Board had met its performance objectives.

The qualitative assessment includes a questionnaire designed to measure the overall performance of the Board and the Board Committees, and incorporates a peer assessment of individual performance, including each Director's engagement in decision-making, devotion of time to the affairs of the Company and his/her contributions to the Board and relevant Board Committees. The quantitative assessment measures the Board's performance against key financial indicators. The overall performance is also benchmarked against the best practices of the Code and the Best Managed Board Award winners. The Nominating Committee, in consultation with the Chairman, takes appropriate actions to address the consultant's findings of the performance assessment.

ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Principles 6 and 10)

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards, as prescribed by the Accounting Standards Council. Management provides Board members with management accounts on a monthly basis together with such explanation and information, and as the Board may require from time to time, to enable the Board to make a balanced and accurate assessment of the Company's performance, financial position and prospects. Material developments or issues are also brought to the attention of the Board. The Board has independent access to Management and is provided with any additional information required to make informed decisions, and Management provides such information in a timely manner.

Directors are provided with papers and related materials, including background or explanatory information relating to matters brought before the Board, well in advance of the meetings of the Board and the Board Committees, or deadlines for decisions, to enable them to make well-considered decisions in a timely manner. In line with the Company's commitment to limit paper wastage and reduce its carbon footprint, Directors are provided with tablet devices to enable them to access and read Board and Board Committee papers prior to and at meetings. This initiative also enhances information security as the papers are downloaded to tablet devices through an encrypted channel. Among other disclosure documents, budgets and forecasts are also provided to the Directors, and in respect of budgets, any material variance between the projections and actual results are explained and monitored. The Board has a process for Directors, either individually or collectively, to seek independent advice at the Company's expense in furtherance of their duties.

Directors have separate and independent access to the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary, whose appointment and cessation are subject to Board approval, attends Board meetings and records meetings. The duties of the Company Secretary include:

- (a) supervising, monitoring and advising on Board procedures and compliance by the Company with its Memorandum and Articles of Association, laws and regulations applicable in Singapore, the Listing Manual and the Code;
- (b) ensuring timely flow of information to the Board and the Board Committees and between Management and Directors, and keeping an open and regular line of communication between the Company and the SGX-ST, and the Accounting & Corporate Regulatory Authority;
- (c) updating and informing the Board on the principles and best practices of corporate governance; and
- (d) facilitating orientation for new Board appointees and identifying suitable training and development for Directors.

The Company has established written procedures to ensure compliance with the legislative and regulatory requirements, including the Listing Manual.

RISK MANAGEMENT (Principle 11)

The Board is responsible for the governance of risks. It determines the levels of risk tolerance and risk policies, including the nature and extent of significant risks to achieve the Company's strategic objectives. Annually, the Board reviews the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems, including financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks.

Risk Management Framework

The Risk Management Committee was formed in 2001 to drive risk management activities. In 2011, the risk management structure was further enhanced with the formation of two additional committees, namely the Group Risk Management Committee and the Joint Ventures Risk Management Committee. The Risk Management Committee oversees the management of key risks at the Company level, while the Joint Ventures Risk Management Committee oversees the management of key risks of subsidiary, joint venture and associated companies. Both Committees report to the Group Risk Management Committee (chaired by the CEO), which oversees risks at the Group level.

The Board Safety & Risk Committee was formed in 2013 to assist the Board in governing and overseeing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's safety and risk management framework and policies.

Board Safety & Risk Committee

The Board Safety & Risk Committee assists the Board in overseeing Management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the Company's risk management systems. The Committee ensures that Management maintains a sound system of risk management to safeguard shareholders' interests and the Group's assets.

The Committee comprises four Non-Executive Directors, three of whom, including the Chairman, are independent. The members of the Board Safety & Risk Committee during FY14/15 were:

Chairman Oo Soon Hee Members Na Chin Hwee

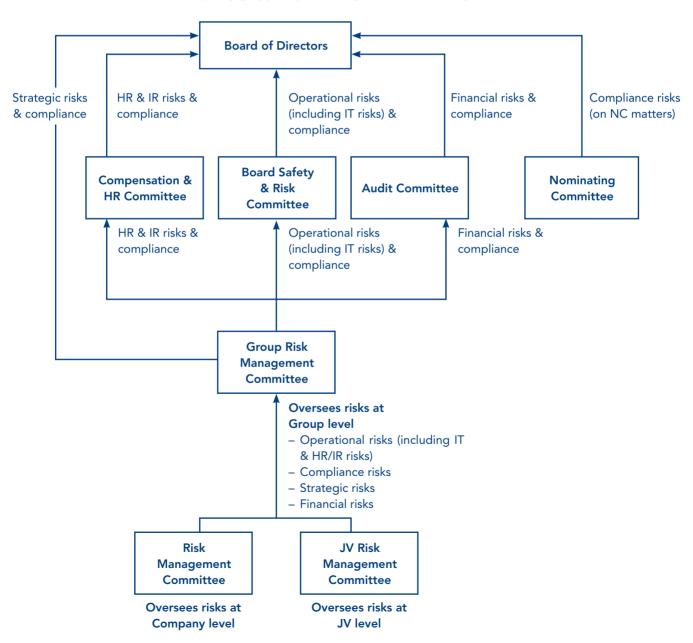
> Chew Teck Soon Manohar Khiatani

The Company's risk management framework sets out the policies, processes and procedures for identifying, evaluating and managing risks. The risks identified are wide-ranging, covering strategic, financial, operational, information technology, compliance and human resources/industrial relations risks.

Strategic risks pertaining to the Group's business are overseen directly by the Board. The Board Safety & Risk Committee maintains oversight of the operational and information technology (IT) risks. The Audit Committee reviews financial risks, while the Compensation & HR Committee oversees the human resources/industrial relations risks. The Board and the respective Board Committees are also responsible for the compliance risks related to matters under their purview.

Management is responsible for the effective implementation of risk management strategy, policies and processes to facilitate the achievement of the Company's business and strategic objectives. Key risks are identified, addressed and reviewed on an on-going basis. Major incidents, if any, are reported to the Board Safety & Risk Committee/Board to facilitate their review of the effectiveness of crisis management and the adequacy of mitigating measures taken by Management to address the underlying risks.

SIAEC GROUP RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK



Highlights of FY14/15 Risk Management Activities

Review of Risks and Risk Controls

The Company carried out its half-yearly review of risks in August 2014 and January 2015. Divisions evaluated the risks under their purview, which were subsequently consolidated and prioritised for review by the Risk Management Committee. In addition to reviewing the top risks, the Risk Management Committee maintained oversight of second-tier risks to ensure overall adequacy and effectiveness of risk mitigation plans and controls. Separately, the Joint Ventures Risk Management Committee assessed the top risks of the subsidiary, joint venture and associated companies. The updated risk registers and top risks were reported to the Group Risk Management Committee and Board Safety & Risk Committee, for their review on the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management system.

• Crisis and Business Continuity Management

The annual crisis management exercise was conducted in December 2014, as part of the Company's continuing efforts to enhance the robustness of its crisis management processes and procedures. Incidents that took place in the industry were also reviewed and learning points applied to strengthen the Company's crisis management processes.

Divisions reviewed and tested the Business Continuity Plans to ensure their preparedness and responses to failures of critical functions. Apart from the tests/simulations of risk responses relating to operations and IT systems, the Company also tested contingency plans and conducted decontamination drills for operational disruptions arising from pandemic outbreaks.

The Business Continuity Plans were reviewed by the Risk Management Committee at its monthly meetings to ensure relevance and effectiveness in the changing operating environment.

Safety Training and Campaign

The Company continued with initiatives to address operational risks and safety, including a safety training programme for operational staff, the launch of a safety campaign and the engagement of safety & human factors consultants.

Risk Control and Audit

To ensure that risk controls are adequate and effective and are complied with, an annual audit of the Company's risk management processes was conducted.

Board of Directors' Comments on the Practice of Risk Management in SIAEC

Based on the review of the Group's risk management framework, policies and practices, and reviews performed by the Board, Board Committees and Management, the Board is of the view that the Group's risk management system in respect of the risks (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks) which the Group considers relevant and material to its operations, was adequate and effective as at 31 March 2015. The Board has found no significant evidence to suggest that these risks are not being satisfactorily managed.

AUDIT COMMITTEE (Principle 12)

The Audit Committee comprises four Non-Executive Directors, all of whom are Independent Directors. The members of the Audit Committee during FY14/15 were:

Chairman Ron Foo Siang Guan Members Manohar Khiatani

Chew Teck Soon Christina Ong

Neither the Chairman of the Audit Committee nor any of its members is a former partner or director of the Company's existing auditing firm. At least two members of the Audit Committee (including the Chairman) have recent and relevant accounting or related financial management expertise or experience.

The Audit Committee met four times during the year with Management and the internal and external auditors of the Company. The attendance of individual Directors at these meetings is shown on page 13 of the Annual Report. In the course of the financial year, the Audit Committee performed the following key duties in accordance with the terms of reference under its Charter as delegated by the Board.

(a) Financial Reporting

The Audit Committee reviewed the quarterly and annual financial statements and financial announcements required by the Listing Manual, for recommendation to the Board for approval. The review focused on changes in accounting policies and practices, major judgmental and risk areas, significant adjustments resulting from the audit, the going concern assumption, compliance with accounting standards, compliance with the Listing Manual and other legal requirements. The Audit Committee keeps itself apprised of changes in accounting standards and issues which have a direct impact on the financial statements of the Group through regular updates by the external auditor.

(b) External Audit

The Audit Committee discussed with the external auditor the audit plan, and the report on the audit of the year-end financial statements; reviewed the auditor's management letter and Management's responses thereto; and reviewed the auditor's objectivity and independence from Management and the Company. In assessing independence, the Audit Committee reviewed the fees paid to the auditor, including fees paid for non-audit services during the year. Fees of \$453,749 were paid to the auditor of the Group during the year for audit and non-audit services. Of this, fees for non-audit services amounted to \$139,773. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that the amount of the fees paid for non-audit services has not compromised the auditor's independence.

The Audit Committee considered and recommended to the Board the audit fee for the year ended 31 March 2015.

The Company has complied with Rules 712 and 715 of the Listing Manual in relation to its engagement of auditors for the year ended 31 March 2015.

The same external auditing firm has been engaged since the Company's incorporation and the Audit Committee has expressed satisfaction with the standard of audit, independence and objectivity of the incumbent auditor. As part of ongoing good corporate governance initiatives, competitive proposals were sought during the year from various audit firms to undertake the audit of the Group with effect from the financial year ending 31 March 2016. After due evaluation by the Audit Committee, the Board accepted the Audit Committee's recommendation for a change of external auditor with effect from the financial year ending 31 March 2016, subject to approval by shareholders at the 33rd AGM.

(c) Internal Audit

The Audit Committee reviewed the scope of internal audit work and its audit programmes; reviewed the major findings during the year and Management's responses thereto; and ensured the adequacy and effectiveness, independence and resource sufficiency of the internal audit function, and that it has appropriate standing within the Company. The Audit Committee also reviewed the results of the Quality Assurance Review of the internal audit function performed by an external auditing firm during the year. In relation to audit activities conducted during the financial year, the internal auditors had unfettered access to the Group's documents, records, properties and personnel, as well as the Audit Committee.

(d) Internal Controls and Risk Management

The Audit Committee reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's material internal controls, including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls.

In line with its responsibilities under the Company's Group Risk Management structure, the Audit Committee provided oversight to the work of the Group Risk Management Committee in respect of financial and the related compliance risks, and internal controls. The Audit Committee has found no significant evidence to suggest that the financial risks and the related compliance risks, which the Group considers relevant and material to its operations, are not being satisfactorily managed.

(e) Interested Person Transactions

The Audit Committee reviewed interested person transactions in compliance with the Listing Manual and the Shareholders' Mandate obtained at the last Annual General Meeting. The Audit Committee was assisted by the internal audit department in its review of interested person transactions and the Shareholders' Mandate.

(f) Whistle-Blowing

The Audit Committee reviewed and was satisfied with the adequacy of the whistle-blowing programme instituted by the Company through which staff and others may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting or other matters. All whistle-blower reports were reviewed by the Audit Committee at its quarterly meetings to ensure independent investigation and adequate resolution.

(g) Others

The Audit Committee has explicit authority to investigate any matter within its terms of reference, and has full access to and co-operation of Management. The Audit Committee also has full discretion to invite any Director or executive officer to attend its meetings, and has been given adequate resources to discharge its functions. The Audit Committee meets with the internal and external auditors without the presence of Management every quarter.

INTERNAL AUDIT (Principle 13)

The Company has an internal audit function. The Audit Committee approves the hiring, removal, evaluation and compensation of the internal audit function. The internal audit function is designed to provide reasonable assurance about the adequacy, effectiveness and efficiency of operation controls, reliability of financial information processes, and compliance with policies and procedures of the Company, its subsidiary and joint venture and associated companies, and applicable laws and regulations.

The Company's internal audit function is undertaken by the Internal Audit Department of SIA, the Company's parent ("SIA Internal Audit"), pursuant to an agreement between the Company and SIA. The internal auditors report directly to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. Annually, the Audit Committee evaluates the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal audit function, the continuation of the engagement of SIA Internal Audit for performance of the internal audit function as well as the fee payable to them. In situations where the audit work to be carried out by SIA Internal Audit could give rise to potential conflicts of interest, such as audit work relating to transactions between the Company and SIA, the Audit Committee may authorise such audit work to be carried out by an independent third party as it deems appropriate.

SIA Internal Audit is a member of the Singapore chapter of the Institute of Internal Auditors ("IIA") and is staffed by persons with the relevant qualifications and experience. Information technology audits are managed by internal auditors who are Certified Information System Auditors. In FY14/15, the internal audit function went through a Quality Assessment Review by an external auditing firm and was found to be in compliance with all the standards of the IIA.

INTERNAL CONTROLS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Principle 11)

The Company has in place a risk management framework (outlined in pages 16 to 18) to oversee the management of the Group's risks, which include strategic, operational, safety, compliance, financial and information technology risks. As can be seen from the outline on page 17, the Board and the Board Committees have responsibility for the management of key risks under their respective purview.

The Board is supported by the Audit Committee in the review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of internal controls. The Company's internal control structure consists of policies and procedures established to provide reasonable assurance that transactions undertaken are aligned with the achievement of the Company's objectives. This includes approval limits for every banking and finance transaction, having regard to the nature of the transaction. The Company has an established whistle-blowing programme for the reporting and investigation of any wrongdoing.

A control self assessment ("CSA") programme, established since FY03/04, provides a tangible control framework that establishes control ownership among functional managers and staff in their areas of responsibilities. The self assessments made by functional managers provide the assurance that key controls to address the financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks identified to be relevant and material to the Company's operations are working. Internal audits complement the CSA programme by providing an independent and objective assessment of the processes and controls which may have a material financial impact on the Company. Internal Audit and CSA results are reviewed by the Audit Committee.

Additionally, as the Group operates in a regulated industry, the Company is also subject to regular audits by airworthiness authorities and customers. The Company holds certifications from 29 airworthiness authorities worldwide, including the Civil Aviation Authority of Singapore, the Federal Aviation Administration and the European Aviation Safety Agency. These authorities, as well as the Company's customers, conduct regular audits of the operations of the Company to ensure adherence to operational and safety procedures. In FY14/15, the Company underwent 48 audits by the authorities and 95 audits by customers. All of the certifications and approvals under the audits have been renewed.

The Board has received assurance from the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") that the Group's framework of internal controls (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls) and risk management systems were adequate and effective as at 31 March 2015 to address financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks, which the Group considers relevant and material to its operations, and that the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances.

Based on the framework of internal controls established and maintained by the Company, work performed by the internal and external auditors and the airworthiness authorities, and the reviews performed by Management and the relevant Board Committees, the Board, with the concurrence of the Audit Committee, is of the opinion that the Group's internal controls, addressing financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks, which the Group considers relevant and material to its operations, were adequate and effective as at 31 March 2015.

The Board notes that the system of internal controls and risk management provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the Group will not be affected by any event that could be reasonably foreseen as it strives to achieve its business objectives. In this regard, the Board also notes that no system can provide absolute assurance against the occurrence of material errors, poor judgment in decision-making, human error, fraud or other irregularities.

COMPENSATION & HR COMMITTEE (Principle 7)

The Compensation & HR Committee comprises four Non-Executive Directors. Although Mr Stephen Lee Ching Yen, the Chairman of the Compensation & HR Committee, is not considered independent under the Code by virtue of his position as the Chairman of SIA, the Board and the Nominating Committee are of the view that Mr Lee, being a Non-Executive Chairman, is able to exercise independent judgement and take an objective view from Management in deciding on remuneration matters under the purview of the Compensation & HR Committee. Two other members of the Compensation & HR Committee are Independent Directors. The members of the Compensation & HR Committee during FY14/15 were:

Chairman Stephen Lee Ching Yen Members Goh Choon Phong

Christina Ong

Tong Chong Heong (appointed on 1 Oct 2014)

The Compensation & HR Committee, guided by the principles of the Code, and in accordance with the terms of reference under its Charter as delegated by the Board, reviews and recommends the general framework of remuneration and the specific remuneration of the Non-Executive Directors, the CEO and the relevant Key Executives who hold the rank of SVP and above, for the endorsement of the Board. The Compensation & HR Committee covers all aspects of remuneration, including but not limited to Directors' fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses, share-based incentives and awards, and benefits in kind. The Compensation & HR Committee also reviews and recommends to the Board the key terms and conditions of appointment of the CEO and Key Executives, scope of duties, and compensation, and decides on the compensation packages to recruit, retain and motivate senior management staff who hold the rank of Vice President, which are fair and performance related, with reference to market data provided by recognised surveys of comparative groups in the aerospace and general sectors. An independent consultant is engaged to provide advice to the Compensation & HR Committee on market practices and benchmark data and recommendations on senior executive remuneration, including incentive and share plans. For FY14/15, Carrots Consulting Pte Ltd was engaged to provide such services, the principal adviser being Johan Grundlingh. Carrots Consulting Pte Ltd only provides remuneration consulting services to the Company, and has no other relationship with the Company which could affect its independence and objectivity.

The Compensation & HR Committee is responsible for reviewing the eligibility, guidelines, allotment, awards and payouts under the Company's Restricted Share Plan ("RSP"), Performance Share Plan ("PSP") and EVA-Based Incentive Plan ("EBIP").

During FY14/15 the Compensation & HR Committee held five meetings and performed, inter alia, the following main functions:

- (a) conducted a review of the FY12/13 and FY13/14 RSP performance to-date;
- (b) conducted a review of the FY11/12, FY12/13 and FY13/14 PSP performance to-date;
- (c) determined the allotment for the 9th RSP and PSP grants for FY14/15;
- (d) reviewed the payouts under the EVA-Based Incentive Plan;
- (e) reviewed and recommended the total compensation framework for Key Executives for the Board's approval;
- (f) conducted the annual performance and compensation review for Key Executives;
- (g) reviewed the fees payable to Directors for FY14/15;
- (h) reviewed the updates to the Compensation & HR Committee's Terms of Reference;
- (i) reviewed and endorsed the 2015 Succession Development Plan for the Company, including the CEO/SVP Succession Plan;
- (j) reviewed the HR Strategy for 2015;
- (k) reviewed the proposal on a new Profit Sharing Bonus Formula for FY14/15 FY16/17;
- (I) reviewed the CHRC mandate for share buy back (SBB);
- (m) reviewed and approved the appointment of an independent stockbroker to manage SBB transactions;
- (n) reviewed the Company's compliance with guidelines under the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance on Remuneration Matters;
- (o) reviewed the CEO Service Agreement;
- (p) reviewed the Company's obligations in the event of termination of any Executive Directors' or Key Executives' contracts of service to ensure fair and reasonable terms are accorded; and
- (q) reviewed all HR Risk Management activities and the measures that are put in place to mitigate the human resource and industrial relations risks.

REMUNERATION REPORT (Principles 8 & 9)

The fee for Non-Executive Directors reflects the scope and extent of a Director's increasing responsibilities and obligations. It is measured against relevant benchmarks and is competitive. The Board believes that it is imperative to remunerate Directors equitably to attract and retain individuals with the necessary talents and capabilities.

Directors' Fees For FY14/15

The remuneration in respect of each Director for FY14/15 is as shown:

	Fee		Bonuses (iv)	Benefits	Shares (v)	Total
	(\$)	Salary (\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Stephen Lee Ching Yen	154,000	_	_	_	_	154,000
Goh Choon Phong (1)	94,000	_	_	_	_	94,000
Ron Foo Siang Guan	114,000	_	_	_	_	114,000
Oo Soon Hee	114,000	_	_	_	_	114,000
Ng Chin Hwee (i)	94,000	_	_	_	_	94,000
Manohar Khiatani	104,000	_	_	_	_	104,000
Chew Teck Soon	114,000	_	_	_	_	114,000
Christina Ong	104,000	_	_	_	_	104,000
Tong Chong Heong (ii)	72,109	_	_	_	_	72,109
William Tan Seng Koon (iii)	_	628,425	64,750	63,667	491,340	1,248,182

- (i) Directors' fees in respect of Mr Goh Choon Phong and Mr Ng Chin Hwee were paid to and retained by SIA.
- (ii) Mr Tong Chong Heong was appointed Director with effect from 1 Jun 2014.
- (iii) As CEO, Mr William Tan Seng Koon did not receive any Director's fees.
- (iv) Comprises Economic Value Added ("EVA")-Based Incentive Plan ("EBIP") amount declared for the FY and Profit-Sharing Bonus ("PSB") declared for the FY. For FY14/15, due to a reduction in EVA, there was nil EVA-Based Incentive declared for FY14/15.
- (v) Comprises shares awarded under the RSP and PSP during FY14/15; the value of awards is based on the fair value of the shares awarded under the RSP (\$4.442) and PSP (\$3.597). Shares awarded under the RSP and PSP are subject to performance targets and other terms and conditions being met under the respective share plans.

Other than the foregoing, no other remuneration is paid to Non-Executive Directors of the Company, nor do they receive any share options or share awards which are granted only to the employees of the Company.

There were no employees who were immediate family members of a Director or the CEO, and whose remuneration exceeded \$50,000 for the financial year ended 31 March 2015.

Key Executives' Remuneration

The Company's Key Executives' remuneration structure is designed to include short-term and long-term incentives, which motivate and reward Key Executives, and allows the Company to align executive compensation with market practice. The Key Executives' remuneration structure includes the components of an Economic Value Added ("EVA") -Based Incentive Plan ("EBIP") and Profit-Sharing Bonus ("PSB"), and share awards under the RSP and the PSP, in addition to a fixed basic salary and fixed allowances. The payment of EBIP, PSB and grants of share awards are dependent on the achievement of the Key Executives' individual performance measures and prescribed Group and Company performance measures.

The Company has clawback policies for the unvested and/or unreleased components of the incentive schemes in the event of misstatement, or misconduct/fraud resulting in material losses to the Company.

The remuneration of the Company's Key Executives for FY14/15 is shown in the table on page 23 (for the CEO) and in the table below (for other Key Executives):

Remuneration Bands & Key Executives	Salary (%)	Bonuses ¹ (%)	Benefits (%)	Shares ² (%)	Total (%)
4					
\$500,001 – \$750,000					
Png Kim Chiang	63	7	5	25	100
EVP (Operations)					
Ivan Neo Seok Kok	60	7	3	30	100
SVP (Aircraft & Component Services)					
\$250,001 - \$500,000					
Zarina Piperdi	64	7	4	25	100
SVP (Human Resources & Fleet Management)					
Anne Ang Lian Choo	66	7	3	24	100
SVP (Finance)/CFO					
Chow Kok Wah	65	7	3	25	100
SVP (Line Maintenance & Information Technology)					
Jack Koh Swee Lim ³	87	9	4	_	100
SVP (Special Projects)					

¹ Comprises Economic Value Added (EVA)-Based Incentive Plan (EBIP) amount declared for the FY and profit-sharing bonus (PSB) declared for the FY. For FY14/15, due to a reduction in EVA, there was nil EVA-Based Incentive declared for FY14/15.

² Comprises shares awarded under the RSP and PSP during FY14/15; the value of awards is based on the fair value of the shares awarded under the RSP (\$4.442) and PSP (\$3.597). Shares awarded under the RSP and PSP are subject to performance targets and other terms and conditions being met under the respective share plans.

³ Mr Jack Koh Swee Lim retired on 5 January 2015. Pursuant to the rules of the share plans, the PSP and RSP granted to Mr Koh will be released during the relevant vesting periods.

For FY14/15, other than the in-service and post-retirement travel benefits for Key Executives, there were no termination, retirement and post-employment benefits granted to Directors, the CEO¹ and the Key Executives.

1 Under his service agreement, the CEO does not receive any in-service or post-retirement travel benefits.

For FY14/15, the aggregate total remuneration for the six Key Executives listed above (who are not Directors or the CEO) amounted to \$2,747,910.

Economic Value Added ("EVA")-based Incentive Plan ("EBIP")

One of the incentive plans included in the remuneration of Key Executives of the Company is the EBIP, which forms the main portion of the annual performance-related bonus for these executives.

The EBIP rewards for sustainable shareholder value creation achieved over the medium term by growing profits, deploying capital efficiently and managing the risk profile and risk time horizon of the business.

For FY14/15, the actual performance of the Group had partially met the pre-determined targets, and the resulting annual EVA declared under the EBIP has been adjusted accordingly to reflect the performance level achieved. This is largely due to the challenging operating environment which led to revenue and profit decline for the Group.

Under the EBIP, one-third of the accumulated EBIP bonus, comprising the EBIP bonus declared for the financial year, and the balance of the EBIP bonus brought forward from preceding years, is paid out in cash each year. The remaining two-thirds are carried forward in each individual executive's EBIP account for payment in future years. Amounts in the EBIP account are at risk because a significant reduction in EVA in any year will result in retraction of the EBIP bonus earned in preceding years. The EBIP encourages Key Executives to work for sustained EVA generation, and to take actions that are aligned with the long-term interests of shareholders.

The rules of the EBIP are subject to review and amendment by the Compensation & HR Committee, which has the discretion, under authority of the Board, to amend the rules where appropriate and relevant to the business environment in which the Company operates.

Profit-Sharing Bonus ("PSB")

Short-term incentives take the form of an annual Profit-Sharing Bonus ("PSB"). Payment of the PSB in respect of each Key Executive is based on the achievement of financial and operating objectives of the Group and the Company and taking into account individual performance.

The PSB is based on Group and Company performance and is capped at two times of monthly base salary for the Key Executive. After the assessment of the Individual Performance Scorecards, an Individual Performance Rating is determined and is subsequently used to modify the PSB payout within the range of 0% - 125%.

Share Incentive Plans

The RSP and PSP are share-based incentive plans approved by the shareholders of the Company. The details of the two plans are described below:

	Restricted Share Plan	Performance Share Plan				
Plan Description	Award of fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, dependent on position level and individual performance targets set at the start of a two-year performance period based on medium-term Group and Company objectives with some degree of stretch.	Award of fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, conditional on performance targets set at the start of a three-year performance period based on stretched long-term corporate objectives for senior management.				
Performance Conditions	 Group and Company EBITDA# Margin Group and Company Value Added per \$ Employment Cost 	 Absolute Total Shareholder Return (TSR) outperform Cost of Equity (COE) Return on Equity (ROE) 				
	The above performance conditions are selected as they are the key operational drivers of shareholder value and are aligned to the Group and Company's business objectives.	The above performance measures are selected as key measurement of value-creation for shareholders.				
Vesting Condition	Based on meeting stated performance conditions over a two-year performance period, 50% of award will vest. Balance will vest equally over the subsequent two years with fulfilment of service requirements.	Vesting based on meeting stated performance conditions over the three-year performance period.				
Payout	0% – 150% depending on the achievement of pre-set performance targets over the performance period.	0% – 200% depending on the achievement of pre-set performance targets over the performance period.				

[#] EBITDA denotes Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortisation

The achievement factor for the RSP awards which vested in FY14/15 reflects the extent to which the pre-determined target performance level was partially met for the performance period from FY13/14 to FY14/15.

The achievement factor for the PSP awards which vested in FY14/15 reflects the extent to which the pre-determined target performance level was partially met for the performance period from FY12/13 to FY14/15.

The inability to fully meet the RSP and PSP targets was largely due to the challenging operating environment which led to revenue and profit decline for the Group.

The RSP and PSP were originally adopted by shareholders on 25 July 2005, and were due to expire on 24 July 2015. At the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 21 July 2014, shareholders approved the adoption of the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 to replace the previous RSP and PSP, which were terminated following the adoption of the new plans. The termination of the previous RSP and PSP was without prejudice to the rights of holders of awards outstanding under the respective plans as at the date of such termination. The new share plans have substantially the same terms as the previous plans, except that the total number of shares which may be delivered under the new share plans (whether in the form of shares or cash in lieu of shares) will be subject to a reduced maximum limit of 5%. In addition, the total number of shares under awards to be granted annually under the new share plans shall not exceed 0.5% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) from time to time (the "Annual Grant Sub-Limit"). However, if the Annual Grant Sub-Limit is not fully utilised in any given year, the balance of the unutilised Annual Grant Sub-Limit may be used by the Company to make grants of awards in subsequent years.

Details of the RSP and PSP (previous and current), and the awards granted thereunder, can be found on page 60 and page 148 in this Annual Report.

Pay for Performance Alignment

In performing the duties as required under its Charter, the Compensation & HR Committee ensures that remuneration paid to the CEO and Key Executives is clearly linked to the achievement of business and individual performance targets. The performance targets as determined by the Committee are set at realistic, yet stretched levels, each year to motivate a high degree of business performance, with emphasis on both short and long-term quantifiable objectives.

Individual performance objectives aligned to the overall strategic, financial and operational goals of the Group and the Company are set at the beginning of each financial year and are cascaded down to executives using Individual Performance Scorecards, creating alignment between the performance of the Group and the Company, and the individual. While these performance objectives are different for each executive, they are assessed on the same principles across the following four broad categories of targets:

- Financial and Business
- Customer, Operations and Partners
- People and Organisational Development
- Special Projects

For FY14/15, the Compensation & HR Committee engaged a remuneration consultant, Carrots Consulting Pte Ltd, to conduct a Pay-for Performance Alignment study. The Committee concluded that there was adequate linkage of the executive remuneration to the performance of the Group and the Company for FY14/15.

Compensation Risk Assessment

Under the Code, the compensation framework should take into account the risk policies of the Group, be symmetric with risk outcomes and be sensitive to the time horizon of the risks. The Compensation & HR Committee has conducted a Compensation Risk Assessment to review the various compensation risks that may arise, and has ensured that mitigating policies are in place to manage the risk exposures identified. The Compensation & HR Committee will undertake periodic reviews of the compensation-related risks.

PROFILE OF SENIOR EXECUTIVES

Mr William Tan Seng Koon President & Chief Executive Officer (until 31 March 2015)

Mr William Tan was a Director and the President & Chief Executive Officer of SIA Engineering Company (SIAEC) until his retirement on 1 April 2015. The SIAEC Group of companies, with its main operations in Singapore and 26 joint ventures in nine countries, caters to a global customer base of more than 100 international airlines.

Prior to his appointment as President & Chief Executive Officer of SIAEC in May 2001, Mr Tan served in various senior management positions in Singapore Airlines Ltd from 1978.

Mr Tan was the Chairman of SIA Engineering (Philippines) Corporation (until 14 May 2015), Deputy Chairman of Eagle Services Asia Pte Ltd (until 14 May 2015) and Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte Ltd (until 21 June 2015), and a Director of JAMCO Singapore Pte Ltd (until 30 April 2015) and SIAEC Global Pte Ltd (until 14 May 2015).

Mr Tan graduated from the University of Singapore with a Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical) degree and holds a Diploma in Business Administration from the National University of Singapore. He is a Fellow of the Institution of Engineers Singapore and Singapore Academy of Engineering.

Mr Png Kim Chiang President & Chief Executive Officer (from 1 April 2015)

Mr Png was appointed President & Chief Executive Officer of SIA Engineering Company (SIAEC) on 1 April 2015. He joined Singapore Airlines Ltd (SIA) in 1975. He served in various departments of the Engineering Division of SIA and was appointed Vice President Engineering Supplies in 1998. In April 2001, Mr Png was transferred to SIAEC as its Senior Vice President (Services). He was appointed Senior Vice President (Commercial) in September 2005, Senior Vice President (Aircraft and Component Services) in April 2009 and Executive Vice President (Operations) in April 2010.

Mr Png was the Chairman of Aviation Partnership (Philippines) Corporation, NexGen Network (1) Holding Pte Ltd and NexGen Network (2) Holding Pte Ltd, until 14 May 2015. He is also a Director of Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte Ltd (Deputy Chairman from 22 June 2015), SIA Engineering (Philippines) Corporation, Hong Kong Aero Engine Services Ltd and JAMCO Singapore Pte Ltd (from 1 May 2015).

Mr Png holds a Bachelor of Science (Honours) degree in Computation from the University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology, as well as a Master of Business Administration degree from the National University of Singapore.

Ms Zarina Piperdi

Senior Vice President (Human Resources & Fleet Management)

Ms Zarina Piperdi is the Senior Vice President (Human Resources & Fleet Management) of SIA Engineering Company.

She joined Singapore Airlines (SIA) in 1983 and has held various senior positions in Finance. In 1991, she was posted to Los Angeles as SIA's Regional Finance & Admin Manager America. She joined SIA Cargo in 1997 to spearhead the formation of the cargo airline and was appointed as Vice President Finance & Human Resources, SIA Cargo Pte Ltd in 2001. In March 2006, she joined SIA Engineering Company and was appointed Senior Vice President (Human Resources) in November 2006. In December 2014, she was appointed Senior Vice President (Human Resources & Fleet Management). She is currently responsible for the Human Resources, Engineering, Fleet Management, Productivity & Industrial Relations and Training Academy Divisions.

Ms Piperdi is the Chairperson of Fuel Accessory Service Technologies Pte Ltd and a Director of Component Aerospace Singapore Pte Ltd, International Engine Component Overhaul Pte Ltd, International Aerospace Tubes-Asia Pte Ltd, NexGen Network (1) Holding Pte Ltd (until 14 May 2015), NexGen Network (2) Holding Pte Ltd (until 14 May 2015) and SIAEC Global Pte Ltd (until 14 May 2015).

Ms Piperdi holds a Bachelor of Accountancy (Honours) degree from the National University of Singapore and attended a Senior Executive Programme at the London Business School. She is also a Fellow of the Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr Ivan Neo Seok Kok

Senior Vice President (Aircraft & Component Services)

Mr Neo joined Singapore Airlines Ltd (SIA) in 1975. He served in various capacities in the Engineering Division of SIA before his transfer to SIA Engineering Company in 1992.

In SIA Engineering Company, Mr Neo was appointed Vice President in charge of Quality & Safety in 2001, and Base Maintenance and China Projects in 2004. In October 2007, he was appointed Senior Vice President (Aircraft & Component Services). He was subsequently appointed Senior Vice President (Line Maintenance and Business Development) in April 2009, Senior Vice President (Line Maintenance Singapore and International) in April 2010 and Senior Vice President (Partnership Management & Business Development) in February 2012. On 1 April 2014, he was appointed Senior Vice President (Aircraft & Component Services) and is currently responsible for Heavy Maintenance, Marketing and Heavy Maintenance (Sales), Workshops and Facilities Development Divisions.

Mr Neo is the Chairman of Pan Asia Pacific Aviation Services Ltd (Hong Kong) and Aerospace Component Engineering Services Pte Ltd, Deputy Chairman of Goodrich Aerostructures Service Center – Asia Pte Ltd, and a Director of Goodrich Aerostructures Service (China) Co. Ltd and Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte Ltd (from 22 June 2015).

In addition to possessing an Aircraft Maintenance Engineer's Licence, Mr Neo holds a Bachelor of Science (Honours) degree from the University of London and a Master of Business and Technology degree from the University of New South Wales.

Ms Anne Ang Lian Choo Senior Vice President (Finance) / Chief Financial Officer

Ms Ang was appointed as SIA Engineering Company's Chief Financial Officer on 16 May 2008. She joined the Company from Singapore Airlines Ltd (SIA), where she has worked since 1989. She has served in various capacities in SIA's Finance and Internal Audit divisions, including her last appointment as Vice President Revenue Accounting. Prior to joining SIA, Ms Ang was Manager of Singapore Aviation and General Insurance Co. Pte Ltd (SAGI), a wholly owned subsidiary of SIA.

Ms Ang is a Director of Eagle Services Asia Pte Ltd (Deputy Chairperson from 15 May 2015), Aviation Partnership (Philippines) Corporation and Pan Asia Pacific Aviation Services Ltd.

Ms Ang has a Bachelor of Accountancy (Honours) degree and a Master of Business Administration degree from the National University of Singapore.

Mr Chow Kok Wah Senior Vice President (Special Projects)

Mr Chow Kok Wah joined Singapore Airlines Ltd (SIA) in 1971. He was appointed Vice President Technical Services in July 1999 and Divisional Vice President Engineering (Operations) in January 2001, and had served in various capacities in the Engineering Division of SIA. In March 2010, he was appointed as Divisional Vice President Cabin Crew Operations and in November 2010, as Acting Senior Vice President Cabin Crew, prior to his secondment to SIA Engineering Company.

Mr Chow was appointed Senior Vice President (Line Maintenance and Information Technology) in SIA Engineering Company in February 2012, and was responsible for Line Maintenance Division's operations in Singapore and overseas, and the Information Technology Division. He was appointed Senior Vice President (Special Projects) on 1 April 2015 and will retire from the Company on 4 July 2015.

Mr Chow was the Chairman of Aircraft Maintenance Services Australia Pty Ltd (until 14 June 2015) and a Director of Southern Airports Aircraft Maintenance Services Company Ltd (Vietnam) (until 28 May 2015).

Mr Chow holds a Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) degree in Electrical Engineering from Monash University (Australia).

Mr Jack Koh Swee Lim Senior Vice President (Special Projects) (until 4 January 2015)

Mr Jack Koh was Senior Vice President (Special Projects) since 1 April 2014 until his retirement on 4 January 2015.

Mr Koh joined Singapore Airlines Ltd (SIA) in 1971, served as Vice President Technical Projects in 1999 and was appointed Divisional Vice President Engineering in 2001 before joining SIA Engineering Company. Mr Koh was appointed Senior Vice President (Line Maintenance and Materials) in SIA Engineering Company in September 2005, Senior Vice President (Line Maintenance and Business Development) in October 2007, Senior Vice President (Commercial) in April 2009, Senior Vice President (Fleet Management / Marketing & Sales) in April 2010 and Senior Vice President Aircraft & Component Services in April 2013.

Mr Koh was Vice-President Commissioner of PT JAS Aero-Engineering Services (until 31 October 2014).

Mr Koh holds a Bachelor of Business degree from Curtin University (Australia) and a Master of Business Administration degree from Monash University, Australia.

NOMINATING COMMITTEE (Principle 4)

The Nominating Committee comprises four Non-Executive Directors, three of whom are independent, including the Chairman. The key responsibilities of the Nominating Committee, in accordance with the terms of its Charter, are set out in the subsequent paragraphs. The members of the Nominating Committee during FY14/15 were:

Chairman Oo Soon Hee Members Ng Chin Hwee

Chew Teck Soon

Tong Chong Heong (appointed on 1 Oct 2014)

The Nominating Committee, in accordance with the terms of reference under its Charter as delegated by the Board, reviews Board composition and makes recommendations for the appointment of new Directors. The Nominating Committee is focused on maintaining a strong independent element in the composition of the Board and the Board Committees. Relying on a set of stringent criteria approved by the Board, Directors are carefully selected to augment core competencies and experience of the Board to ensure overall effectiveness and informed decision-making. The Nominating Committee, together with the Board Chairman, meets with the shortlisted candidates to assess their eligibility and recommends their selection to the Board for approval. The Nominating Committee regularly reviews the Board's Skills' Matrix, which denotes the experience and expertise of Directors in relation to the business and strategic goals of the Company. The Skills' Matrix is used in identifying the competencies for new Board appointments.

Having reviewed the contributions of each Director and his/her attention to the affairs of the Company, taking into account his/her executive appointments, listed company board representations, other principal commitments, and the record of each Director's attendance at Board and Board Committee meetings for FY14/15, the Nominating Committee was of the view that each Director had carried out his/her duties adequately. Accordingly, the Board sees no reason to set a maximum limit on a Director's other listed board representations.

Pursuant to Article 83 of the Company's Articles of Association, one third of Directors for the time being shall retire at each AGM. Retiring Directors are those who have served longest since their last election. They are eligible to offer themselves for re-election under Article 84, subject to the endorsement of the Nominating Committee and approval of the Board. Directors appointed after the last AGM will also retire and are eligible for re-election at the AGM following their appointment in accordance with Article 90. Currently, a serving Director who attains the age of 70 will also retire and is eligible for re-appointment at the AGM.

At the 33rd AGM to be held on 24 July 2015, Mr Oo Soon Hee will retire pursuant to Section 153(6) of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore, and Mr Stephen Lee Ching Yen, Mr Goh Choon Pong and Mr Ng Chin Hwee will retire under Article 83.

After assessing their respective contributions, including their attendance, preparedness, participation and candour at Board and Board Committee meetings, the Nominating Committee recommends the re-election of Directors who are willing to serve.

During the year under review, the Nominating Committee also undertook, inter alia, the following:

- (a) reviewed the composition of the Board and Board Committees, Board size and the Skills Matrix, which was updated to reflect the skills and expertise of new appointees;
- (b) recommended the appointment of Mr Tong Chong Heong as member of the Compensation & HR Committee and the Nominating Committee with effect from 1 October 2014;
- (c) reviewed and affirmed the independence/non-independence of each Director based on his/her declaration;
- (d) considered and agreed that, given the prevailing circumstances (as explained in page 15), the appointment of a Lead Independent Director was not necessary for the time being.
- (e) considered and recommended Directors to retire by rotation and seek re-election at the AGM;
- (f) considered ongoing training of Directors;
- (g) assessed if a Director was able to and had carried out his/her duties as Director of the Company considering his/her other Board appointments;
- (h) invited bids and heard proposals from three shortlisted external consultants to undertake Board Performance Evaluation ("BPE"); and, thereafter, recommended the appointment of one of them to undertake the annual BPE; and
- (i) reviewed the compliance of the Nominating Committee with the relevant requirements of the Code.

BOARD COMMITTEE

The Board Committee deputises for the Board on routine matters to facilitate day-to-day administration and to expedite decisions thereon, including the opening of bank accounts, affixing the Company's seal on documents requiring the Company's seal, authorising specific officers to sign pertinent documents on behalf of the Company and approving nominations to the boards of key Group companies and appointments of the Company's corporate representatives. The Board Committee also approves capital expenditures from \$1.5 million to \$5 million. Approvals of values below the base level of \$1.5 million are referred to the Senior Management Committee. The members of the Board Committee during FY14/15 were:

Members Goh Choon Phong Ron Foo Siang Guan

There is no Chairman for the Board Committee as the members do not meet in person. Papers seeking the Board Committee's approval are circulated and resolutions approved by the Board Committee are reported to the Board at the following Board meeting.

The Board Committee has relieved the Board of routine day-to-day matters that require Board approval. The swiftness of the Board Committee's deliberation and decision-making enables the Company to deal with these matters expeditiously in its daily operations.

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEES

Management oversees specific areas of the Group's operations and businesses through various committees, holding meetings with varying frequencies, from daily, weekly, bi-weekly to monthly. These include the Senior Management Committee, the Management Committee, the Investments Committee, the Partnership Review Committee, the Group Risk Management Committee, the Risk Management Committee and the Joint Ventures Risk Management Committee.

SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS, COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND CONDUCT OF SHAREHOLDER MEETINGS (Principles 14, 15 and 16)

The Company is committed to the disclosure of material or price-sensitive information in a clear, detailed and timely manner. The Company holds analyst briefings for its mid-year and full-year results. Following the release of the mid-year and full-year results, the CFO and key management representatives also meet with investors to explain the results. At other times, meetings with analysts and investors are held to facilitate their understanding of the Company's business. The Company's quarterly, mid-year and full-year results are published through SGXNET and press releases, and on the Company's website at www.siaec.com.sg. The Company's Annual Reports and other information of interest to investors are posted on its website.

The Company does not have a formal dividend policy. The Board considers, inter alia, the Company's capital structure, cash requirements and expansion plans in declaring dividends for each year. Barring any unforeseen circumstances, the Company will endeavour to declare dividends at sustainable rates.

Shareholders have the opportunity to participate effectively in and vote at general meetings of shareholders and currently may, under the Articles of Association, appoint up to two proxies to attend and vote on their behalf. Shareholders, who hold shares in the Company through corporations which provide nominee/custodial services and who provide satisfactory evidence of their share ownership are allowed to attend and observe the general meetings.

At shareholders' meetings, every proposal requiring approval is tabled as a separate resolution. For details on resolutions proposed for the 2015 AGM, please refer to the 'Notice of AGM' in this Annual Report, which is also found on the Company's website. With effect from the 2012 AGM, the Company adopted electronic poll voting by shareholders for greater transparency in the voting process. The number of votes cast for or against each resolution is displayed immediately after the voting of each resolution. After the meeting, the results are posted on the SGXNET website. Currently, shareholders can vote by proxy but not in absentia. The Company will consider amending its Articles of Association if the Board is of the view that there is justifiable demand for absentia voting, and after the Company has evaluated and put in place the necessary measures to facilitate such voting.

The AGM and/or extraordinary general meetings are principal forums for dialogue with shareholders. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in such meetings by raising relevant questions or seeking clarification on the motions tabled at these meetings. The Chairman, Directors, Management and external auditor will be in attendance at these meetings to address questions from shareholders. Minutes of shareholders' meetings are made available to shareholders on request.

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

As prescribed in the Listing Manual, the Company has adopted a Policy and Guidelines for dealings in the Company's securities, which are posted on the Company's Intranet for easy access by employees. The heads of divisions and departments are responsible for ensuring that the information on the Policy is brought to the attention of employees who do not have ready Intranet access.

The Policy and Guidelines restrict Directors and employees from trading in the Company's securities during the period two weeks prior to the announcement of the Group's results for the first three quarters of the financial year, and one month prior to the announcement of full-year results.

The Policy and Guidelines also remind employees and Directors to avoid trading in the Company's securities for short-term considerations and to be mindful of the insider trading prohibitions under the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore when trading in the Company's or any other related corporation's securities.

THE COMPANY'S COMPLIANCE AND DISCLOSURE SCORE-CARD ON THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2012 ISSUED BY THE MONETARY AUTHORITY OF SINGAPORE ("CODE")

The following table summarises the Company's compliance with the Code principles (and takes into account, where relevant, the guidance provided by the Disclosure Guide on corporate governance issued by the SGX on 29 January 2015). The table also sets out specific disclosures stated in the Annual Report, including key departures from the Code.

Code Principles & Guidelines with Specific Disclosure Requirements	Compliance	Page Reference
Principle 1: The Board's Conduct of Affairs		
Every Company should be headed by an effective Board to lead and control the Company.		
The Board is collectively responsible for the long-term success of the Company. The		
Board works with Management to achieve this objective and Management remains		
accountable to the Board.	✓	11
Guideline 1.3		
Delegation of authority, by the Board to any Board Committee, to make decisions on certain		
Board matters	✓	11
Guideline 1.4		
The number of meetings of the Board and Board Committees held in the year, as well as		
the attendance of every Board member at these meetings	✓	13
Guideline 1.5		
Disclosure in the Annual Report of the types of material transactions that require Board		
approval	✓	11
Guideline 1.6		
Information on induction, orientation and training provided to new and existing Directors	✓	12
Principle 2: Board Composition and Guidance		
There should be a strong and independent element on the Board, which is able to exercise		
objective judgement on corporate affairs independently, in particular, from Management		
and the Company's substantial shareholders (those who own 10% or more of the Company's		
shares). No individual or small group of individuals should be allowed to dominate the		
Board's decision making.	✓	14
Guideline 2.1		
There should be a strong and independent element on the Board, with independent directors		
making up at least one-third of the Board.	✓	14
Guideline 2.3		
Each Director considered to be independent by the Board		
A Director considered to be Independent in spite of the existence of a relationship		
as stated in the Code that would otherwise deem a Director not to be independent,		
the nature of the Director's relationship and the reasons for considering him as		
independent to be disclosed	\checkmark	14
Guideline 2.4		
If an Independent Director, who has served on the Board for more than 9 years from the		
date of his first appointment, is considered to be independent, the reasons for considering		
him as independent should be disclosed	✓	14
Guideline 2.6		
The Board and its board committees should comprise directors who as a group provide		
an appropriate balance and diversity of skills, experience, gender and knowledge of the		
company. They should also provide core competencies such as accounting or finance,		
business or management experience, industry knowledge, strategic planning experience		
and customer-based experience or knowledge.	✓	14

Compliance	Page Reference
✓	14
✓	15
_	
	15
✓	31
✓	31
_	31
✓	31
✓	13, 39-48
✓	15
✓	15
✓	15
	10
	1

Code Principles & Guidelines with Specific Disclosure Requirements	Compliance	Page Reference
Principle 7: Procedures for Developing Remuneration Policies	Compilation	r age itererence
There should be a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on executive		
remuneration and for fixing the remuneration packages of individual Directors. No		
Director should be involved in deciding his own remuneration.	✓	22
Guideline 7.1		
Names of the members of the Remuneration Committee ("RC") and the key terms of reference		
of the RC, explaining its role and the authority delegated to it by the Board	✓	22
Guideline 7.3		
Names and firms of the remuneration consultants (if any), including a statement on whether		
the remuneration consultants have any relationships with the Company	✓	22
Principle 8: Level and Mix of Remuneration	•	
The level and structure of remuneration should be aligned with the long-term interest and		
risk policies of the company, and should be appropriate to attract, retain and motivate		
(a) the Directors to provide good stewardship of the company, and (b) key management		
personnel to successfully manage the company. Companies should avoid paying more		
than is necessary for this purpose.	✓	23, 24, 25
Principle 9: Disclosure of Remuneration	<u>*</u>	25, 24, 25
Every Company should provide clear disclosure of its remuneration policies, level and		
mix of remuneration, and the procedure for setting remuneration, in the Company's		
Annual Report. It should provide disclosure in relation to its remuneration policies to		
enable investors to understand the link between remuneration paid to directors and	✓	23
key management personnel, and performance. Guideline 9.1	•	23
Remuneration of Directors, the CEO and at least the top 5 key management personnel		
of the Company.		
The aggregate amount of any termination, retirement and post-employment benefits		00 04 05
that may be granted to Directors, the CEO and the top 5 key management personnel	✓	23, 24, 25
Guideline 9.2		
Fully disclose the remuneration of each individual Director and the CEO on a named		
basis with a breakdown (in percentage or dollar terms) of each Director's and the CEO's		
remuneration earned through base/fixed salary, variable or performance-related income/		
bonuses, benefits-in-kind, stock options granted, share-based incentives and awards, and		
other long-term incentives	√	23
Guideline 9.3		
Name and disclose the remuneration of at least the top 5 key management personnel		
in bands of S\$250,000 with a breakdown (in percentage or dollar terms) of each key		
management personnel's remuneration earned through base/fixed salary, variable		
or performance-related income/bonuses, benefits-in-kind, stock options granted,		
share-based incentives and awards, and other long-term incentives.		
• In addition, the Company should disclose in aggregate the total remuneration paid		
to the top 5 key management personnel	✓	24, 25
Guideline 9.4		
Details of the remuneration of named employees who are immediate family members of a		
Director or the CEO, and whose remuneration exceeds \$\$50,000 during the year with clear		
indication of the employee's relationship with the relevant Director or the CEO. Disclosure		
of remuneration should be in incremental bands of \$\$50,000	✓	24
Guideline 9.5		
Details and important terms of employee share schemes	✓	26

Code Principles & Guidelines with Specific Disclosure Requirements	Compliance	Page Reference
Guideline 9.6		
More information on the link between remuneration paid to the Executive Directors and key		
management personnel, and performance. The annual remuneration report should set out		
a description of performance conditions to which entitlement to short-term and long-term		
incentive schemes are subject, an explanation on why such performance conditions were		
chosen, and a statement of whether such performance conditions are met	✓	27
Principle 10: Accountability		
The Board should present a balanced and understandable assessment of the company's		
performance, position and prospects.	✓	15
Principle 11: Risk Management And Internal Controls		
The Board is responsible for the governance of risk. The Board should ensure that		
Management maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls to		
safeguard shareholders' interests and the Company's assets, and should determine the		
nature and extent of the significant risks which the Board is willing to take in achieving		
its strategic objectives.	✓	16, 21
Guideline 11.3		15, 21
The Board should comment on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal controls,		
including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls, and		
risk management systems.	✓	18, 22
The Board should also comment on whether it has received assurance from the CEO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10, 22
and the CFO: (a) that the financial records have been properly maintained and the		
financial statements give true and fair view of the Company's operations and finances;		
and (b) regarding the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal		
control systems	1	22
Principle 12: Audit Committee ("AC")	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22
The Board should establish an AC with written terms of reference which clearly set out		
its authority and duties.	1	19
Guideline 12.1	•	17
Names of the members of the AC and the key terms of reference of the AC, explaining its		
role and the authority delegated to it by the Board	✓	19
Guideline 12.6	•	17
Aggregate amount of fees paid to the external auditor for that financial year, and breakdown		
of fees paid in total for audit and non-audit services respectively, or an appropriate negative		
statement	✓	19
Guideline 12.7	•	17
The existence of a whistle-blowing policy	1	20, 21
Guideline 12.8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20, 21
Summary of the AC's activities and measures taken to keep abreast of changes to accounting		
standards and issues which have a direct impact on financial statements	✓	19
Principle 13: Internal Audit	•	17
The Company should establish an effective internal audit function that is adequately		
resourced and independent of the activities it audits.	✓	20, 21
Principle 14: Shareholder Rights	•	20, 21
Companies should treat all shareholders fairly and equitably, and should recognise,		
protect and facilitate the exercise of shareholders' rights, and continually review and	✓	22
update such governance arrangements. Guideline 14.3	V	33
		22
Allow corporations which provide nominee or custodial services to appoint more than 2 proxies	_	33

Code Principles & Guidelines with Specific Disclosure Requirements	Compliance	Page Reference
Principle 15: Communication with Shareholders		
Companies should actively engage their shareholders and put in place an investor		
relations policy to promote regular, effective and fair communication with shareholders.	✓	33
Guideline 15.4		
Steps taken to solicit and understand shareholders' views, eg through analyst briefings,		
investor road shows or Investors' Day briefings	✓	33
Guideline 15.5		
• Companies are encouraged to have a policy on payment of dividends and should		
communicate it to shareholders.	_	33
Where dividends are not paid, the Company must disclose its reasons	✓	33
Principle 16: Conduct Of Shareholder Meetings		
Companies should encourage greater shareholder participation at general meetings of		
shareholders, and allow shareholders the opportunity to communicate their views on		
various matters affecting the company.	✓	33
Guideline 16.1		
Companies should allow for absentia voting at general meetings of shareholders	_	33

FURTHER INFORMATION ON BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MR STEPHEN LEE CHING YEN
CHAIRMAN, BOARD OF DIRECTORS
CHAIRMAN, COMPENSATION & HR COMMITTEE

Mr Lee was appointed Director on 1 December 2005 and Chairman on 1 January 2006. He is the Chairman of Singapore Airlines Ltd and NTUC Income Insurance Co-operative Ltd. He is also a Director of CapitaLand Ltd and the Managing Director of Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank Ltd (Taiwan) and Great Malaysia Textile Investments Pte Ltd.

Amongst several other appointments, Mr Lee is a Senior International Advisor with Temasek International Advisors Pte Ltd and an Alternate Member of the Council of Presidential Advisers. He was President of the Singapore National Employers Federation from 1988 to 2014 and Chairman of both the Singapore Business Federation from 2002 to 2008 and International Enterprise Singapore from 1995 to 2002. Mr Lee was a Nominated Member of Parliament from 1994 to 1997. In 2006, Mr Lee was awarded the Distinguished Service Order for his contributions to both the public and private sectors. For his sterling contributions to the labour movement, Mr Lee was awarded the Distinguished Comrade of Labour this year.

Age: 68

Academic and Professional Qualifications:

Master of Business Administration, Northwestern University, Illinois

Current Directorships In Other Listed Companies

	Company	Title
1.	Singapore Airlines Ltd	Chairman
2.	CapitaLand Ltd	Director

Other Major Appointments

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank Ltd, Taiwan	Managing Director
2.	Great Malaysia Textile Investments Pte Ltd	Managing Director

Others

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	NTUC Income Insurance Co-operative Ltd	Chairman
2.	Temasek International Advisors Pte Ltd	Senior International Advisor
3.	China National Petroleum Corporation, Beijing	Director
4.	G2000 Apparel (S) Pte Ltd	Director
5.	Kidney Dialysis Foundation	Director
6.	Singapore Labour Foundation	Director
7.	Shanghai Commercial Bank Ltd, Hong Kong	Director
8.	NTUC Enterprise Co-operative Ltd	Director
9.	SLF Strategic Advisers Pte Ltd	Director
10.	Dr Goh Keng Swee Scholarship Fund	Board Member
11.	National Wages Council	Council Member
12.	Council of Presidential Advisers, Singapore	Alternate Member

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	COFCO Corporation, China	Director
2.	Singapore National Employers Federation	President

MR RON FOO SIANG GUAN CHAIRMAN, AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr Foo was appointed Director on 1 August 2007. He has more than 35 years of extensive auditing, accounting and financial experience in Singapore and overseas. He had been a partner in PricewaterhouseCoopers, Singapore for 22 years before retiring in December 2005.

Mr Foo is presently a Director of SembCorp Marine Ltd. He was previously a council member in the Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Singapore (ICPAS) and was awarded the ICPAS Gold Medal 2004 for his distinguished service to the accounting profession and the community.

Age: 67

Academic and Professional Qualifications:

- Bachelor of Arts (Economics), University of Manitoba, Canada
- Fellow, Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Singapore
- Member, Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants

Current Directorships In Other Listed Companies

Company Title

1. SembCorp Marine Ltd Director

Other Major Appointments

Organisation/Company Title

1. Alliance Consultancy Corporation Director

Directorships/Appointments in the past 3 years

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MR OO SOON HEE CHAIRMAN, NOMINATING COMMITTEE **CHAIRMAN, BOARD SAFETY & RISK COMMITTEE**

Mr Oo was appointed Director on 1 August 2007. He was previously the President of NatSteel Asia Pte Ltd and was appointed as Director, South East Asia of Tata Steel Ltd on 1 January 2008. Upon his retirement on 31 May 2009, he was appointed as Adviser to the Managing Director of Tata Steel on 1 June 2009. Mr Oo has more than 30 years of extensive experience in businesses operating locally and in Asia.

Mr Oo is presently an Executive Director of NSL Ltd and a Director on the Boards of ComfortDelGro Corporation Ltd, Bangkok Cogeneration Company Ltd, Eastern Pretech Pte Ltd, NatSteel Holdings Pte Ltd and York Transport Equipment (Asia) Pte Ltd.

Age: 71

Academic and Professional Qualifications:

- Bachelor of Science (Honours) in Applied Chemistry, University of Singapore
- Diploma in Business Administration, University of Singapore

Current Directorships In Other Listed Companies

	Company	Title
1.	ComfortDelGro Corporation Ltd	Director

Other Major Appointments

Organisation/Company	Title
NSL Ltd	Executive Director

1. NSL Ltd

Others

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	Bangkok Cogeneration Company Ltd	Director
2.	Eastern Pretech Pte Ltd	Director
3.	NatSteel Holdings Pte Ltd	Director
4.	York Transport Equipment (Asia) Pte Ltd	Director

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	Bangkok Synthetics Co., Ltd	Director
2.	BST Elastomers Co., Ltd	Director
3.	BST Specialty Co., Ltd	Director
4.	NatSteel Asia Pte Ltd	Director
5.	NSL Chemicals Ltd	Director

MR GOH CHOON PHONG DIRECTOR

Mr Goh was appointed Director on 1 January 2011. He is a Director and the Chief Executive Officer of Singapore Airlines Ltd. He joined Singapore Airlines in 1990 and has held senior management positions in various divisions in Singapore and overseas, ranging from Marketing to Information Technology to Finance and Cargo. Prior to his appointment as Chief Executive Officer, Mr Goh was Executive Vice President for Marketing and the Regions and also served as President of Singapore Airlines Cargo Pte Ltd (2006 to 2010), Senior Vice President Finance (2004 to 2006) and Senior Vice President Information Technology (2003 to 2004).

Mr Goh is a Director of Virgin Australia Holdings Ltd and Mount Alvernia Hospital. He is also a Member of the Board of Trustees of the National University of Singapore and a Member of the Board of Governors of the International Air Transport Association, of which he is a Member of the Strategy and Policy Committee.

Age: 51

Academic and Professional Qualifications:

- Master of Science in Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
- Bachelor of Science in Computer Science & Engineering
- Bachelor of Science in Management Science
- Bachelor of Science in Cognitive Science Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Current Directorships In Other Listed Companies Company

Singapore Airlines Ltd

2. Virgin Australia Holdings Ltd

Other Major Appointments

Organisation/Company

- 1. Mount Alvernia Hospital
- 2. International Air Transport Association
- 3. National Council of Social Service
- 4. National University of Singapore

Directorships/Appointments in the past 3 years

Ni

Title

Director and CEO Director

Title

Director

Member, Board of Governors Member, Care & Share @ SG50 Steering Committee Member, Board of Trustees

MR NG CHIN HWEE DIRECTOR

Mr Ng was appointed Director on 18 July 2008. He is the Executive Vice President for Human Resources and Operations in Singapore Airlines (SIA). He joined SIA in 1985 and has been appointed to various senior positions in Singapore and overseas. Among the overseas stints, Mr Ng served as Manager Myanmar for SIA's regional carrier Tradewinds (later renamed as SilkAir), SIA's Manager Victoria and Tasmania in Australia, and General Manager Germany.

Upon his return to Singapore in 1998, he served as Vice President Ground Services. He was then promoted to Divisional Vice President in 1999 and Senior Vice President Americas in 2001. In 2004, he returned to Singapore to take up the position of President & Chief Executive Officer of Singapore Airport Terminal Services Ltd (SATS). He left SATS to rejoin SIA and was promoted to Executive Vice President for Human Resources and Planning on 1 January 2008. He was appointed Executive Vice-President Human Resources and Operations on 1 February 2011 and took charge of the divisions of Cabin Crew, Engineering, Flight Operations and Human Resources.

Mr Ng is presently the Chairman of Singapore Airlines Cargo Pte Ltd and Scoot Pte Ltd, and a Director of Tiger Airways Holdings Ltd and NokScoot Airlines Co., Ltd.

Title

Age: 54

Company

Academic and Professional Qualifications:

- Master of Science in Management, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA
- Bachelor of Engineering (1st Class Honours), National University of Singapore

Current Directorships In Other Listed Companies

1.	Tiger Airways Holdings Ltd	Director
Othe	r Major Appointments	
	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	Singapore Airlines Cargo Pte Ltd	Chairman
2.	Scoot Pte Ltd	Chairman
3.	NokScoot Airlines Co., Ltd	Director

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	SIA Properties (Pte) Ltd	Chairman
2.	Virgin Atlantic Ltd	Director
3.	Virgin Atlantic Airways Ltd	Director
4.	Virgin Travel Group Ltd	Director
5.	VAL Trademark Two Ltd	Director
6.	VAL Trademark Three Ltd	Director
7.	VAL Trademark Four Ltd	Director
8.	VAL Trademark Five Ltd	Director

MR WILLIAM TAN SENG KOON DIRECTOR & CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (UNTIL 31 MARCH 2015)

Mr Tan was appointed Director on 1 March 2010 and relinquished his Directorship on 1 April 2015, following his retirement as President & Chief Executive Officer of SIA Engineering Company (SIAEC) on the same day. During Mr Tan's term as President & CEO of SIAEC from 2001 to 2015, he was responsible for the global operations of the SIAEC Group of companies, which has its main operations in Singapore, complemented by 26 joint ventures spread across nine countries. With certifications from 29 national airworthiness authorities worldwide, SIAEC provides a full spectrum of maintenance, repair and overhaul and aircraft fleet management services, serving a global client base of more than 100 airlines. Prior to his appointment as President & Chief Executive Officer of SIAEC in May 2001, Mr Tan served in various senior management positions in Singapore Airlines Ltd from 1978.

Mr Tan was the Chairman of SIA Engineering (Philippines) Corporation (until 14 May 2015), Deputy Chairman of Eagle Services Asia Pte Ltd (until 14 May 2015) and Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte Ltd (until 21 June 2015), and a Director of JAMCO Singapore Pte Ltd (until 30 April 2015) and SIAEC Global Pte Ltd (until 14 May 2015).

Age: 62

Academic and Professional Qualifications:

- Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical), University of Singapore
- Diploma in Business Administration, National University of Singapore
- Fellow, Institution of Engineers Singapore
- Fellow, Singapore Academy of Engineering

	an occordings, topolitations in the past o years			
	Organisation/Company	Title		
1.	Singapore JAMCO Pte Ltd	Chairman		
2.	SIA Engineering (Philippines) Corporation	Chairman		
3.	Eagle Services Asia Pte Ltd	Deputy Chairman		
4.	Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte Ltd	Deputy Chairman		
5.	JAMCO Singapore Pte Ltd	Director		
6.	SIAEC Global Pte Ltd	Director		

MR MANOHAR KHIATANI DIRECTOR

Mr Manohar Khiatani was appointed Director on 1 April 2013. Mr Khiatani is a Director and the President & Group CEO of Ascendas Pte Ltd, a leading provider of business space solutions in Asia with Assets under Management exceeding US\$12 billion. He was previously the Chief Executive Officer of JTC Corporation (JTC), where he spearheaded the development of infrastructure solutions for various industrial sectors. Prior to JTC, Mr Khiatani was the Deputy Managing Director of the Singapore Economic Development Board (EDB). During his tenure in EDB, he played an instrumental role in the development and transformation of important sectors including aerospace, electronics, offshore and marine, logistics, infocomms and media, and clean technology. He was also in charge of the EDB's operations in the Americas and Europe. Mr Khiatani also worked in the private sector for 5 years, where he spent several years as the Managing Director of Preussag SEA, a diversified German conglomerate.

Age: 55

Academic and Professional Qualifications:

- Master of Science (Naval Architecture), University of Hamburg, Germany
- Advanced Management Program, Harvard Business School

Other Major Appointments

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	Ascendas Pte Ltd	Director
2.	Ascendas Investment Pte Ltd	Director
3.	Ascendas Land International Pte Ltd	Director
4.	Ascendas Land (Singapore) Pte Ltd	Director
5.	Ascendas Development Pte Ltd	Director
6.	Ascendas Frasers Pte Ltd	Director
7.	Ascendas (China) Pte Ltd	Director
8.	Ascendas Holdings (Manila) Pte Ltd	Director
9.	Ascendas Philippines Properties Pte Ltd	Director
10.	Ascendas Vietnam Investments Pte Ltd	Director
11.	Ascendas (Korea) Pte Ltd	Director
12.	Ascendas Japan Pte Ltd	Director
13.	Ascendas Media Hub Pte Ltd	Director
14.	Ascendas-Citramas Pte Ltd	Director
15.	Ascendas Property Fund Trustee Pte Ltd	Director
16.	Ascendas Funds Management (S) Ltd	Director
17.	Ascendas Hospitality Fund Management Pte Ltd	Director
18.	Ascendas Hospitality Trust Management Pte Ltd	Director
19.	Carmelray-JTCI Corporation	Director
20.	Nusajaya Tech Park Sdn Bhd	Director

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	JTC Corporation	Director
2.	JURONG International Holdings	Director
3.	Jurong Port Pte Ltd	Director
4.	Ascendas Property Fund (India) Pte Ltd	Director
5.	Ascendas Nanjing-Jiangning Investment Holding Pte Ltd	Director
6.	Ascendas (Malaysia) Pte Ltd	Director

MR CHEW TECK SOON DIRECTOR

Mr Chew Teck Soon was appointed Director on 1 May 2013. Mr Chew was an audit partner with PricewaterhouseCoopers for 25 years before his retirement in December 2009. He has 38 years of international experience in auditing, accounting, business and finance with the Firm, working with clients from a wide range of industries in Singapore, UK, USA and Asia, advising on business risks and strategies, finance management and accounting, and corporate governance. Mr Chew also has deep knowledge in computer auditing and information system security review. He was a regular speaker on information system security risk management at international professional conferences and in-house seminars.

Age: 63

Academic and Professional Qualifications:

- Chartered Certified Accountant (ACCA), Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, UK
- Certified Information Systems Auditor, EDP Auditors Association Inc, USA
- Graduate Certificate in International Arbitration, Law Faculty, National University of Singapore
- Fellow, Chartered Association of Certified Accountants, UK
- Certified Public Accountant, Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Singapore
- Fellow, Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Singapore
- Executive MBA Programme of Stanford-NUS
- Executive MBA Programme of INSEAD-Coopers & Lybrand

Other Major Appointments

Organisation/Company

- 1. IL&FS Wind Power Management Ptd Ltd
- 2. Leap Philanthropy Ltd
- 3. Stroke Support Station Ltd

Others

Organisation/Company

- 1. Nee Soon Town Council
- 2. JW Marriott Phuket Beach Club

Directorships/Appointments in the past 3 years

Nil

Title

Director and Chairman, Audit Committee Director and Chairman, Audit Committee Director and

Chairman, Audit Committee

Title

Town Councillor and Chairman, Audit Committee Chairman, Advisory Committee

MRS CHRISTINA ONG DIRECTOR

Mrs Ong was appointed Director on 1 January 2014. She is a Partner of Allen & Gledhill LLP, where she is the Head of the Financial Services Department. Her areas of practice include banking, securities offerings, securities regulations, investment funds, capital markets and corporate finance. She has been involved in a broad range of debt and equity issues. She provides corporate and corporate regulatory and compliance advice, particularly to listed companies.

Mrs Ong is currently a Director of Singapore Telecommunications Ltd, Eastern Development Pte Ltd, Eastern Development Holdings Pte Ltd, Trailblazer Foundation Ltd and the Singapore Tourism Board.

Age: 63

Academic and Professional Qualifications:

- Bachelor of Laws, LLB (Honours)(Second Upper), National University of Singapore
- Member, Law Society of Singapore
- Member, International Bar Association

Current Directorships In Other Listed Companies

	Company	Litle
1.	Singapore Telecommunications Ltd	Director

Other Major Appointments

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	Allen & Gledhill LLP	Partner
2.	Eastern Development Pte Ltd	Director
3.	Eastern Development Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Director
4.	Trailblazer Foundation Ltd	Director

Others

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	Singapore Tourism Board	Board Member

Directorships/Appointments in the past 3 years

Nii

MR TONG CHONG HEONG DIRECTOR

Mr Tong was appointed Director on 1 June 2014. He was Chief Executive Officer of Keppel Offshore & Marine Ltd from 1 January 2009 to 1 February 2014 and was responsible for the overall management and operations of Keppel Offshore & Marine. He was also an Executive Director of Keppel Corporation Ltd since 2009 and Senior Executive Director from 2011 to 2014. Upon his retirement on 1 February 2014, he was appointed Senior Advisor of Keppel Offshore & Marine Ltd.

Mr Tong was appointed Commander of the Volunteer Special Constabulary (VSC) from 1995-2001 and was honoured with the Singapore Public Service Medal at the 1999 National Day Award. He was awarded the Medal of Commendation (Gold) Award at NTUC May Day 2010.

Mr Tong is a Director of Keppel Integrated Engineering Ltd and a member of the Board of Governors of the Institute of Technical Education (ITE), the Board of Trustees of NTUC-U Care Fund, the American Bureau of Shipping and the Singapore Maritime Institute Governing Council.

Age: 68

Academic and Professional Qualifications:

- Graduate, Management Development Programme, Harvard Business School
- Graduate, Stanford-NUS Executive Programme
- Diploma in Management Studies, The University of Chicago Graduate Business School
- Fellow, Singapore Institute of Directors
- Fellow, The Royal Institute of Naval Architects (RINA) UK
- Fellow, Institute of Marine Engineering, Science & Technology
- Fellow, Society of Project Managers
- Member, Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers (USA)
- Member, American Bureau of Shipping
- Member, Nippon Kaiji Kyokai (Class NK)

Other Major Appointments

	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	Keppel Integrated Engineering Ltd	Director

Others

-		
	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	Institute of Technical Education (ITE)	Member, Board of Governors
2.	NTUC-U Care Fund	Member, Board of Trustees
3.	Singapore Maritime Institute	Member, Governing Council
4.	Singapore Institute Of International Affairs	Advisor
Dire	ectorships/Appointments in the past 3 years	
	Organisation/Company	Title
1.	Keppel Corporation Ltd	Senior Executive Director
2.	Keppel Offshore & Marine Ltd	Chief Executive Officer / Director
3.	Keppel FELS Ltd	Chief Executive Officer / Director
4.	Keppel Shipyard Ltd	Chief Executive Officer / Director
5.	Keppel Seghers Holdings	Director

Director

6.

Keppel Infrastructure Holdings Pte Ltd

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GROUP CORPORATE STRUCTURE

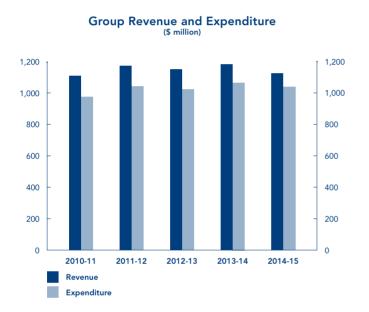


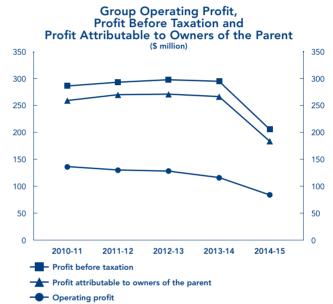
EARNINGS

Profit attributable to owners of the parent was \$183.3 million, \$82.4 million (-31.0%) lower than that in 2013-14. This was mainly due to a decrease of \$56.3 million (-34.6%) in share of profits from associated and joint venture companies to \$106.3 million, as well as a lower operating profit.

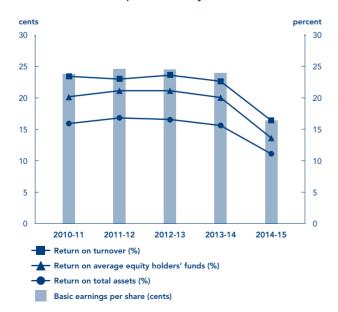
Group revenue decreased by \$57.6 million (-4.9%) to \$1,120.6 million while expenditure decreased by \$26.0 million (-2.4%) to \$1,036.6 million. The resulting operating profit of \$84.0 million was a decrease of \$31.6 million (-27.3%).

Basic earnings per share for the Group was 16.4 cents, a decrease of 7.5 cents (-31.5%).





Group Profitability Ratios



Profitability ratios of the Group are as follows:

	2014-15	2013-14	Change
	%	%	% points
Return on turnover Return on average equity	16.4	22.6	- 6.2
holders' funds	13.6	20.0	- 6.4
Return on total assets	11.1	15.6	- 4.5

The Group's revenue composition is as follows:

	2014-15	2013-14	Change	
	\$ million	\$ million	\$ million	%
Airframe maintenance and component overhaul services	490.3	579.1	- 88.8	- 15.3
Fleet management programme	188.1	164.5	+ 23.6	+ 14.3
Repair and overhaul	678.4	743.6	- 65.2	- 8.8
Line maintenance	442.2	434.6	+ 7.6	+ 1.7
Total	1,120.6	1,178.2	- 57.6	- 4.9

Revenue from the repair and overhaul segment decreased \$65.2 million (-8.8%) to \$678.4 million. This was mainly attributable to a reduction in revenue from airframe maintenance and component overhaul services due to a decline in heavy checks, partially mitigated by higher fleet management revenue. Line maintenance revenue remained steady.

EXPENDITURE

The decrease in the Group's expenditure came from:

	2014-15	2013-14	Change		
	\$ million	\$ million	\$ million	%	
Staff costs	476.7	508.4	- 31.7	- 6.2	
Material costs	176.7	223.1	- 46.4	- 20.8	
Overheads	383.2	331.1	+ 52.1	+ 15.7	
Total	1,036.6	1,062.6	- 26.0	- 2.4	

Staff costs declined \$31.7 million (-6.2%) to \$476.7 million. In line with the reduction in the number of heavy checks, material costs decreased \$46.4 million (-20.8%) to \$176.7 million. Overheads were higher by \$52.1 million (+15.7%), largely due to an increase in subcontract costs. The subcontract cost increases were mainly for the fleet management contracts, which typically require some of the obligations to be outsourced.

SHARE OF PROFITS OF ASSOCIATED AND JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES

Share of profits of associated and joint venture companies, net of tax, decreased \$56.3 million (-34.6%) to \$106.3 million. The decline was largely due to the engine repair and overhaul centres, whose contributions at \$67.6 million were \$57.4 million (-45.9%) lower than the same period last year.

TAXATION

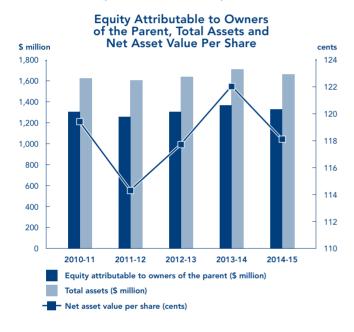
The Group's tax provision was \$20.0 million for the financial year 2014-15, a decrease of \$3.0 million (-13.0%) compared to the previous year.

FINANCIAL POSITION

Equity attributable to owners of the parent stood at \$1,324.9 million as at 31 March 2015, a decrease of \$36.0 million (-2.6%) from \$1,360.9 million a year ago. The decrease was mainly attributable to payment of the final dividend in respect of 2013-14 and interim dividend for 2014-15, partially offset by profits for the financial year.

Total Group assets amounted to \$1,656.6 million as at 31 March 2015, \$50.5 million or 3.0% lower than a year ago. The cash balance of the Group as at 31 March 2015 was \$463.7 million.

Net asset value per share of the Group at 118.1 cents was 3.9 cents (-3.2%) lower compared to 31 March 2014.



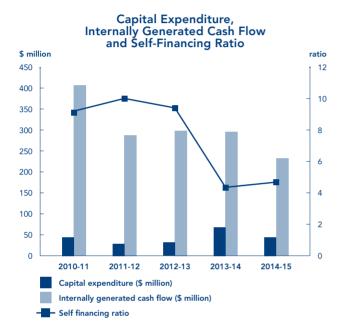
DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of 6.0 cents per share, amounting to \$67.3 million, was paid on 25 November 2014. The Board recommends a final dividend of 8.5 cents for 2014-15. The final dividend (amounting to approximately \$95.3 million), if approved by shareholders during the Annual General Meeting to be held on 24 July 2015, will be paid on 13 August 2015.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND CASH FLOW

Capital expenditure by the Group fell by \$18.4 million (-27.1%) to \$49.5 million in 2014-15. Approximately 59% of the expenditure was spent on plant, equipment and engine overhaul tooling and building projects, while 37% was on aircraft rotable spares.

Internally generated cash flow decreased \$62.8 million (-21.3%) to \$232.0 million. As capital expenditure was lower, the self-financing ratio of cash flow to capital expenditure improved to 4.7 times, compared to 4.3 times in the year before.



STAFF STRENGTH AND INDICES

The Group's average staff strength decreased from 6,405 in 2013-14 to 6,315 in 2014-15.

	2014-15	2013-14	% change
Revenue per employee (\$)	177,449	183,952	- 3.5
Value added per employee (\$)	114,841	131,085	- 12.4
Staff costs per employee (\$)	75,482	79,379	- 4.9
Average number of employees	6,315	6,405	- 1.4

STATEMENT OF VALUE ADDED AND ITS DISTRIBUTION (in \$ million)

	2014–15	2013–14
Revenue	1,120.6	1,178.2
Less: Purchase of goods and services	(517.1)	(517.2)
Value added on operations	603.5	661.0
Add:		
Dividend income from long-term investment	8.1	13.8
Interest income	1.4	1.5
Surplus on sale of a subsidiary company	5.8	_
Surplus on sale of property, plant and equipment	0.1	0.7
Share of profits of associated and joint venture companies	106.3	162.6
Total value added available for distribution	725.2	839.6
Applied as follows: To employees		
 Salaries and other staff costs 	476.7	508.4
To government		
 Corporate taxes 	20.0	23.0
To suppliers of capital		
- Interest charges	0.3	0.2
- Interim and proposed dividends	162.6	278.8
- Non-controlling interests	2.1	5.3
Retained for future capital requirements/ (applied from the business)		
- Depreciation	41.4	35.7
- Amortisation of intangibles	1.4	1.3
- Retained profit	20.7	(13.1)
Total value added	725.2	839.6
Value added per \$ revenue (\$)	0.65	0.71
Value added per \$ revenue (\$) Value added per \$ employment cost (\$)	1.52	1.65
Value added per \$ employment cost (\$) Value added per \$ investment in property, plant and equipment (\$)	0.92	1.03
value added per a investment in property, plant and equipment (4)	J.72	1.11

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2015.

1. DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

The names of the directors in office at the date of this report are:

Stephen Lee Ching Yen Chairman Goh Choon Phong (Non-independent) Ron Foo Siang Guan (Independent) Oo Soon Hee (Independent) Ng Chin Hwee (Non-independent) Manohar Khiatani (Independent) Chew Teck Soon (Independent) Christina Hon Kwee Fong (Christina Ong) (Independent)

Tong Chong Heong (Independent, appointed on 1 June 2014)

2. ARRANGEMENTS TO ENABLE DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that financial year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company is a party, whereby non-executive directors of the Company might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or share options in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate. Mr William Tan Seng Koon, who retired as an executive director with effect from 1 April 2015, acquired shares and received share awards pursuant to the SIAEC Employee Share Option Plan, the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan, the SIAEC Performance Share Plan, the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014, as disclosed in this report. Directors of the Company who are employees of the Company's immediate holding company, Singapore Airlines Limited ("SIA"), or its subsidiaries, also participate in the SIA Employees' Share Option Plan, SIA Restricted Share Plan, SIA Performance Share Plan 2014 implemented by SIA, as disclosed in this report.

3. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ORDINARY SHARES, SHARE OPTIONS AND DEBENTURES

The following directors who held office at the end of the financial year had, according to the register of directors' shareholdings required to be kept under Section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act"), interests in the following ordinary shares and share options of the Company, and of related companies:

	Direct in	Deemed interest			
	1.4.2014/		1.4.2014/		
	date of		date of		
Name of Director	appointment	31.3.2015	appointment	31.3.2015	
Interest in Singapore Airlines Limited					
Ordinary shares					
Stephen Lee Ching Yen	9,400	9,400	_	_	
Goh Choon Phong	306,158	559,667	_	_	
Ron Foo Siang Guan	_	_	22,200	22,200	
Ng Chin Hwee	148,736	194,660	_	_	
William Tan Seng Koon	3,800	3,800	_	_	
Manohar Khiatani	4,000	4,000	_	-	
Options to subscribe for ordinary shares					
Goh Choon Phong	189,600	-	_	_	

3. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ORDINARY SHARES, SHARE OPTIONS AND DEBENTURES (continued)

	Direct interest 1.4.2014/		Deemed interest 1.4.2014/	
Name of Director	date of appointment	31.3.2015	date of	31.3.2015
Name of Birector	арропшнени	31.3.2013	арропшнен	31.3.2013
Interest in Singapore Airlines Limited (continued)				
Conditional award of Restricted Share Plan (RSP) shares (Note 1)				
Goh Choon Phong				
– Base Awards	102,000	122,976	_	_
- Final Awards (Pending Release)	6,912	18,950	_	_
Ng Chin Hwee				
- Base Awards	51,000	61,488	_	_
- Final Awards (Pending Release)	5,642	9,475	_	_
Conditional award of Performance Share Plan (PSP) shares (Note 2)				
Goh Choon Phong				
– Base Awards	206,754	236,728	_	_
Ng Chin Hwee				
- Base Awards	82,701	94,690	_	_
Award of time-based restricted shares				
Goh Choon Phong				
- Base Awards	52,958	27,135	_	_
Ng Chin Hwee				
- Base Awards	52,958	27,135	-	_
Conditional award of deferred shares (Note 3)				
Goh Choon Phong				
- Base Awards	41,020	61,607	_	_
Ng Chin Hwee				
- Base Awards	16,470	28,148	_	-
Interest in SIA Engineering Company Limited				
Ordinary shares				
Ron Foo Siang Guan	15,000	15,000	25,000	25,000
Oo Soon Hee	_	_	2,000	2,000
Ng Chin Hwee	10,000	10,000	_	_
William Tan Seng Koon	405,780	471,994	_	_
Options to subscribe for ordinary shares				
William Tan Seng Koon	408,200	262,200	_	_

Notes:

- 1. The actual number of RSP Final Awards of fully paid ordinary shares will range from 0% to 150% of the Base Awards and is contingent on the achievements against targets over the two-year performance period relating to the relevant awards.
- 2. The actual number of PSP Final Awards of fully paid ordinary shares will range from 0% to 200% of the Base Awards and is contingent on the achievements against targets over the three-year performance period relating to the relevant awards.
- 3. The Deferred Share Award of fully-paid ordinary shares will vest at the end of three years from the date of the grant of the award. At the end of the vesting period, an additional final award will be vested equal to the Base Award multiplied by the accumulated dividend yield (based on the sum of SIA share dividend yields declared with ex-dividend dates occurring during the vesting period).

3. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ORDINARY SHARES, SHARE OPTIONS AND DEBENTURES (continued)

	Direct interest		Deemed interest	
	1.4.2014/ date of		1.4.2014/	
Name of Director	appointment	31.3.2015	date of appointment	31.3.2015
Interest in SIA Engineering Company Limited (continued)				
Conditional award of Restricted Share Plan (RSP) shares (Note 4)				
William Tan Seng Koon				
- Base Awards	118,800	135,928	_	_
Final Awards (Pending Release)	29,057	17,065	_	_
Conditional award of Performance Share Plan (PSP) shares (Note 5)				
William Tan Seng Koon				
- Base Awards	120,756	134,210	_	_
base / Wards	120,730	104,210		
Interest in Singapore Telecommunications Limited				
Ordinary shares				
Stephen Lee Ching Yen	190	190	190	190
Goh Choon Phong	1,610	1,610	_	_
Ron Foo Siang Guan	20,000	20,000	_	_
Oo Soon Hee	9,010	9,010	5,480	5,480
Ng Chin Hwee	2,840	2,840	1,360	1,360
William Tan Seng Koon	3,431	3,431	2,420	2,420
Chew Teck Soon	190	190	_	_
Intercept in Circumstant Technologies Footbaselies I in its d				
Interest in Singapore Technologies Engineering Limited				
Ordinary shares				
Goh Choon Phong	6,000	6,000	_	_
Ron Foo Siang Guan	45,000	45,000		- -
Oo Soon Hee	_	_	5,000	5,000
Christina Ong	1	1	_	_
Interest in Neptune Orient Lines Limited				
Ordinary shares				
Stephen Lee Ching Yen	30,000	30,000	_	_
Manohar Khiatani	14,000	14,000	_	_
Tong Chong Heong	40,000	40,000	_	_
Tong Chong Hoong	10,000	10/000		
Interest in Mapletree Logistics Trust				
<u>Units</u>				
Oo Soon Hee	23,000	23,405	83,486	84,963
Ng Chin Hwee	2,000	2,000	_	-
Interest in Mapletree Commercial Trust				
Units				
Manohar Khiatani	50,000			
Ivianonai Killatain	30,000	_	_	_

Notes:

^{4.} The actual number of RSP Final Awards of fully paid ordinary shares will range from 0% to 150% of the Base Awards and is contingent on the achievements against targets over the two-year performance period relating to the relevant awards.

^{5.} The actual number of PSP Final Awards of fully paid ordinary shares will range from 0% to 200% of the Base Awards and is contingent on the achievements against targets over the three-year performance period relating to the relevant awards.

3. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ORDINARY SHARES, SHARE OPTIONS AND DEBENTURES (continued)

		interest	Deemed interest	
	1.4.2014/ date of		1.4.2014/ date of	
Name of Director	appointment	31.3.2015		31.3.2015
Interest in Olam International Limited (Note 6) Ordinary shares				
Ron Foo Siang Guan	_	100,000	_	_
Ng Chin Hwee	_	2,000	_	_
Warrants issued at an exercise price of US\$1.25 for each new share Ron Foo Siang Guan \$250 million 6% Bonds due 2018 Ron Foo Siang Guan	- -	59,895 \$250,000	-	-
Ng Chin Hwee		\$1,000,000	_	
Interest in StarHub Limited \$220 million 3.08% Fixed Rate Note due 2022 Ron Foo Siang Guan	_	\$250,000	-	-
Interest in Tiger Airways Holdings Limited (Note 7) Ordinary shares Ng Chin Hwee	_	100,000	_	_

Notes:

- 6. Olam International Limited became a related corporation during the financial year.
- 7. Tiger Airways Holdings Limited became a related corporation during the financial year.

Except as disclosed in this report, no other director who held office at the end of the financial year had interests in ordinary shares, share options or debentures of the Company, or of related companies, either at the beginning of the financial year, or date of appointment if later, or at the end of the financial year.

Between the end of the financial year and 21 April 2015, (i) Mr Goh Choon Phong's direct interest in Singapore Airlines Limited increased to 586,802 shares due to the release of 27,135 shares to him on 1 April 2015, following the final vesting of 25% of time-based restricted shares awarded in May 2010, and (ii) Mr Ng Chin Hwee's direct interest in Singapore Airlines Limited increased to 221,795 shares due to the release of 27,135 shares to him on 1 April 2015, following the final vesting of 25% of time-based restricted shares awarded in May 2010.

Except as disclosed above, there were no changes in any of the above-mentioned interests between the end of the financial year and 21 April 2015.

4. DIRECTORS' CONTRACTUAL BENEFITS

Except as disclosed in the financial statements, since the end of the previous financial year, no director of the Company has received or become entitled to receive a benefit by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related company with the director, or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest.

5. EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS OF THE COMPANY

The Company has in place, the SIA Engineering Company Limited Employee Share Option Plan ("ESOP"), Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and Performance Share Plan ("PSP").

At the date of this report, the Compensation & HR Committee administering the ESOP, RSP and PSP comprises the following directors:

Stephen Lee Ching Yen – Chairman

Goh Choon Phong Christina Ong

Tong Chong Heong (appointed on 1 October 2014)

(i) Employee Share Option Plan ("ESOP")

Details of the ESOP are disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

At the end of the financial year, options to take up 18,982,713 unissued shares in the Company were outstanding:

	Number of option					
	Balance at			Balance at	Exercise	
Date of grant	1.4.2014	Cancelled	Exercised	31.3.2015	price*	Exercisable period
01.07.2004	846,400	_	(846,400)	_	\$1.59	01.07.2005 - 30.06.2014
01.07.2005	2,438,075	(4,400)	(1,048,350)	1,385,325	\$2.10	01.07.2006 - 30.06.2015
03.07.2006	4,997,497	(21,200)	(1,011,849)	3,964,448	\$3.29	03.07.2007 - 02.07.2016
02.07.2007	10,364,444	(152,700)	(1,403,600)	8,808,144	\$4.52	02.07.2008 - 01.07.2017
01.07.2008	5,909,896	(36,400)	(1,048,700)	4,824,796	\$3.59	01.07.2010 - 30.06.2018
	24 556 312	(214 700)	(5.358.899)	18.982.713		

^{*} At the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 26 July 2004, the Company's shareholders approved an amendment to the Plan to allow for adjustment to the exercise prices of the existing options by the Committee administering the Plan, in the event of the declaration of a special dividend. Following approval by the Company's shareholders of the declaration of a special dividend of \$0.20 on 26 July 2004 and 21 July 2006, \$0.10 on 22 July 2011 and \$0.05 on 21 July 2014, the said Committee approved a reduction of \$0.20 in the exercise prices of all share options outstanding on 28 July 2004 and on 25 July 2006 respectively, \$0.10 on the outstanding share options on 29 July 2011 and a further \$0.05 on the outstanding share options on 7 August 2014. The exercise prices reflected here are the exercise prices after such adjustments.

5. EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS OF THE COMPANY (continued)

(i) Employee Share Option Plan ("ESOP") (continued)

Details of options granted to and exercised by directors of the Company are as follows:

	Aggregate options granted since	Aggregate options exercised since	
Name of participant	commencement of scheme to end of financial year under review	commencement of scheme to end of financial year under review	Aggregate options outstanding at end of financial year under review
William Tan Seng Koon	1.511.200	1,249,000	262.200

No options have been granted to controlling shareholders or their associates, or parent group directors or employees. No options have been granted at a discount.

The options granted by the Company do not entitle the holders of the options, by virtue of such holding, to any rights to participate in any share issue of any other company.

The last grant of the share options under the ESOP was made in July 2008.

(ii) Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and Performance Share Plan ("PSP")

Details of the RSP and PSP are disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

The RSP and PSP were originally adopted by shareholders on 25 July 2005 and were due to expire on 24 July 2015. At the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 21 July 2014, shareholders approved the adoption of the SIAEC RSP 2014 and SIAEC PSP 2014 to replace the previous RSP and PSP, which were terminated following the adoption of the new plans. The termination of the previous RSP and PSP was without prejudice to the rights of holders of awards outstanding under the respective plans as at the date of such termination.

Under the RSP and PSP, a base number of conditional share awards ("Base Award") is granted to eligible participants annually. Depending on the achievement of pre-determined targets over a two-year performance period for the RSP and a three-year performance period for the PSP, the Compensation & HR Committee will determine an achievement factor which will then be applied to the Base Award to determine the final number of RSP shares and PSP shares to be awarded at the end of the respective performance periods ("Final Award"). The achievement factor could range from 0% to 150% for the RSP and from 0% to 200% for the PSP.

Half of the RSP Final Awards of fully paid ordinary shares will be released to the participants upon vesting. The balance will be released equally over the subsequent two years with fulfilment of service requirements and performance conditions. All the PSP Final Awards of fully paid ordinary shares will be released to the participants at the end of the three-year performance period.

No awards have been granted to controlling shareholders or their associates, or parent group directors or employees under the RSP and PSP.

No employee has received 5% or more of the total number of options and share awards available under the ESOP, RSP and PSP.

5. EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS OF THE COMPANY (continued)

(ii) Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and Performance Share Plan ("PSP") (continued)

RSP Base Awards

Details of awards granted under the RSP and PSP to directors of the Company are as follows:

		Base Awards granted	Base Awards vested			Aggregate Base Awards granted since
	Balance as at	during the financial	during the financial	Modification #	Balance as at 31 March 2015	commencement of RSP to end of
Name of participant	1 April 2014 (a)	year (b)	year (c)	(d)	= (a)+(b)-(c)+(d)	financial year under review
William Tan Seng Koon	118.800	67.459	51.000	669	135.928	424.066

RSP Final Awards (Pending Release) (Note 1)

						Aggregate
		Final	Final			ordinary shares
		Awards	Awards			released to
		granted	released			participant since
		during the	during the			commencement
	Balance as at	financial	financial		Balance as at	of RSP to end
	1 April 2014	year *	year	Modification #	31 March 2015	of financial year
Name of participant	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	= (a)+(b)-(c)+(d)	under review
William Tan Seng Koon	29.057	21.013	33,069	64	17.065	226,700

PSP Base Awards (Note 2)

		Base Awards granted	Base Awards vested			Aggregate Base Awards granted since	Aggregate ordinary shares released to participant since
Name of participant	Balance as at 1 April 2014 (a)	during the financial year (b)	during the financial year (c)	Modification #	Balance as at 31 March 2015 = (a)+(b)-(c)+(d)	commencement of PSP to end of financial year under review	commencement of PSP to end of financial year under review
William Tan Seng Koon		54,633	41,956	777	134,210	329,187	203,294

Notes:

- 1. The actual number of RSP Final Awards of fully paid ordinary shares will range from 0% to 150% of the Base Awards and is contingent on the achievements against targets over the two-year performance period relating to the relevant awards.
- 2. The actual number of PSP Final Awards of fully paid ordinary shares will range from 0% to 200% of the Base Awards and is contingent on the achievements against targets over the three-year performance period relating to the relevant awards.
- * Final Awards granted during the financial year is determined by applying the achievement factor to the Base Awards that have vested during the financial year.
- # Arising from the approval of shareholders on the payment of a special dividend of \$0.05 per share, the Committee had also approved an increase in all outstanding RSP and PSP awards on 7 August 2014.

6. AUDIT COMMITTEE

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at the date of this report.	the Audit (ammitt	a comprises the to	Mowing tour indi	anandant nan-a	VACUITIVA diractore
it the date of this report,	, the Addit Committe	te comprises the ro	mowing rour ind	ependent non-e	ACCULIVE GILECTOLS

Ron Foo Siang Guan – Chairman Manohar Khiatani Chew Teck Soon Christina Ong

The Audit Committee performed its functions in accordance with Section 201B(5) of the Singapore Companies Act, Cap. 50 which include *inter alia* the review of the following:

- (i) quarterly and annual financial statements;
- (ii) audit plans and reports of the external and internal auditors;
- (iii) effectiveness of material controls, including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls;
- (iv) interested person transactions;
- (v) whistle-blowing programme instituted by the Company; and
- (vi) any material loss of funds.

The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board of Directors the appointment of KPMG LLP as external auditor of the Company in place of the retiring auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, at the forthcoming 2015 Annual General Meeting.

7. AUDITOR

The retiring auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, will not be seeking re-appointment. KPMG LLP has expressed its willingness to accept appointment as auditor.

On behalf of the Board,

STEPHEN LEE CHING YEN

Chairman

GOH CHOON PHONG

Director

Dated this 12th day of May 2015

STATEMENT BY THE DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Section 201(15) of the Singapore Companies Act, Cap. 50

We, Stephen Lee Ching Yen and Goh Choon Phong, being two of the directors of SIA Engineering Company Limited, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the accompanying balance sheets, consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity, and consolidated cash flow statement together with notes thereto, are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2015 and the results of the business, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and the changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) at the date of this statement there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

On behalf of the Board,

STEPHEN LEE CHING YEN

Chairman

GOH CHOON PHONG

Director

Dated this 12th day of May 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of SIA Engineering Company Limited

REPORT ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of SIA Engineering Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiary companies (collectively, the "Group") set out on pages 65 to 149, which comprise the balance sheets of the Group and the Company as at 31 March 2015, the statements of changes in equity of the Group and the Company, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income and consolidated cash flow statement of the Group for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair profit and loss accounts and balance sheets and to maintain accountability of assets.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements of the Group, and the balance sheet and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2015 and the results, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and the changes in equity of the Company for the year ended on that date.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary companies incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Ernst & Young LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore

Dated this 12th day of May 2015



CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2015 (in thousands of \$)

		The	Group	
	Notes	2014-15	2013-14	
REVENUE	3	1,120,591	1,178,215	
EXPENDITURE				
Staff costs	4	476,670	508,422	
Material costs		176,651	223,139	
Depreciation	13	41,416	35,718	
Amortisation of intangibles	14	1,451	1,340	
Company accommodation		53,043	50,479	
Subcontract costs		178,491	145,691	
Other operating expenses		108,906	97,861	
		1,036,628	1,062,650	
OPERATING PROFIT	5	83,963	115,565	
Interest income	6	1,425	1,511	
Interest on external borrowings		(274)	(174)	
Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment		145	649	
Surplus on disposal of a subsidiary company	15	5,771	_	
Dividend from long-term investment		8,130	13,820	
Share of profits of associated companies, net of tax		45,501	68,624	
Share of profits of joint venture companies, net of tax		60,751	93,952	
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		205,412	293,947	
Taxation expense	7	(20,044)	(22,972)	
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		185,368	270,975	
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO:				
OWNERS OF THE PARENT		183,276	265,676	
Non-controlling interests		2,092	5,299	
Tron consisting interests		185,368	270,975	
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE (CENTS)	8	16.4	23.9	
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE (CENTS)	8	16.3	23.7	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the financial year ended 31 March 2015 (in thousands of \$)

	The C	Group
	2014-15	2013-14
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	185,368	270,975
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Actuarial (loss)/ gain on remeasurement of defined benefit plan	(55)	139
	(55)	139
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Foreign currency translation	48,059	6,654
Net fair value adjustment on cash flow hedges	(5,610)	860
Share of other comprehensive income of associated/ joint venture companies	(7,985)	(856)
	34,464	6,658
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	34,409	6,797
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	219,777	277,772
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:		
OWNERS OF THE PARENT	215,649	272,535
Non-controlling interests	4,128	5,237
	219,777	277,772

BALANCE SHEETS

As at 31 March 2015 (in thousands of \$)

	The Group			The Co	
	Notes	2015	2014	2015	2014
FOUNTY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OVA/ALERS OF THE BAREAU					
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT	10	410,721	387,358	410,721	387,358
Share capital Share-based compensation reserve	11	20,294	23,936	20,294	23,936
Foreign currency translation reserve	11	(81,727)	(127,716)	20,274	23,730
Fair value reserve	11	(14,213)	(625)	(5,360)	250
Equity transaction reserve	11	(2,377)	(023)	(3,300)	230
General reserve	11	992,185	1,077,926	674,700	747,991
General reserve	11	1,324,883	1,360,879	1,100,355	1,159,535
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS		24,717	29,583		
TOTAL EQUITY		1,349,600	1,390,462	1,100,355	1,159,535
TOTAL EQUIT		1,347,000	1,370,402	1,100,333	1,137,333
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Deferred taxation	12	26,617	26,849	24,309	24,444
Long-term bank loan	27	23,928	13,614	,007	,
	_,	50,545	40,463	24,309	24,444
		1,400,145	1,430,925	1,124,664	1,183,979
Represented by:		171007110	1,100,720	171217001	1,100,777
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	13	344,083	337,200	289,042	286,040
INTANGIBLES	14	61,542	54,282	4,226	3,916
SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES	15	-	01,202	104,206	95,441
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES	16	327,656	309,355	180,978	179,804
JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES	17	136,176	126,477	56,599	56,599
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS	18	14,606	14,606	14,606	14,606
CURRENT ASSETS					
Trade debtors	19	82,833	97,404	64,251	67,072
Prepayments and other debtors	20	12,741	19,136	5,306	13,277
Immediate holding company	21	44,010	57,173	43,150	55,026
Amounts owing by related parties	22	44,664	48,842	44,372	50,919
Inventories	23	37,514	44,354	28,793	32,539
Work-in-progress		87,051	62,571	86,662	60,595
Short-term deposits	24	403,148	484,900	396,250	481,680
Cash and bank balances	25	60,592	50,765	44,062	35,471
		772,553	865,145	712,846	796,579
Less:					-
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade and other creditors	26	227,434	241,929	204,750	208,925
Amounts owing to related parties	22	2,389	4,103	18,350	20,808
Bank loans	27	9,288	8,236	_	_
Tax payable		17,360	21,872	14,739	19,273
		256,471	276,140	237,839	249,006
NET CURRENT ASSETS		516,082	589,005	475,007	547,573
		1,400,145	1,430,925	1,124,664	1,183,979
		17.007140	1,100,720	.,,,	1,100,777

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 March 2015 (in thousands of \$)

			A	Attributable t	o Owners	of the Parent	t			
	Notes		Share-based compensation reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Fair value reserve	Equity transaction reserve	General reserve	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
The Group										
Balance at 1 April 2014		387,358	23,936	(127,716)	(625)	_	1,077,926			1,390,462
Profit for the year			_		_		183,276	183,276	2,092	185,368
Actuarial loss on remeasurement of defined benefit plan		_	_	_	_	_	(28)	(28)	(27)	(55)
Foreign currency translation		_	_	45,996	_	_	_	45,996	2,063	48,059
Net fair value adjustment on cash flow hedges		_	_	_	(5,610)	_	_	(5,610)	_	(5,610)
Share of other comprehensive income of associated/ joint venture companies		_	_	(7)	(7,978)	_	_	(7,985)	_	(7,985)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		_	_	45,989	(13,588)	_	(28)		2,036	34,409
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		_	_	45,989	(13,588)	_	183,248	215,649	4,128	219,777
Share-based compensation expense	10,11	_	2,547	_	_	_	_	2,547	_	2,547
Share awards released	10,11	1,908	(1,908)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Share options exercised	10,11	21,455	(4,277)	_	_	_	_	17,178	_	17,178
Share options lapsed		_	(4)	_	_	_	4	_	_	_
Dividends	9			_	_	_	(268,993)	(268,993)	(4,156)	(273,149)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners		23,363	(3,642)	_	_		(268,989)	(249,268)	(4,156)	(253,424)
Disposal of a subsidiary company	15	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,832)	(3,832)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests without a change in control	15	_	_	_	_	(2,377)		(2,377)	(1,006)	(3,383)
Total changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		_	_	_		(2,377)		(2,377)	(4,838)	(7,215)
Balance at 31 March 2015		410,721	20,294	(81,727)	(14,213)	(2,377)	992,185	1,324,883	24,717	1,349,600

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 March 2015 (in thousands of \$)

		Attributable to Owners of the Parent							
	Notes	Share capital	Share-based compensation reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Fair value reserve	General reserve	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
The Group									
Balance at 1 April 2013		348,138	31,941	(134,517)	(617)	1,056,982	1,301,927	27,262	1,329,189
Profit for the year		-	-	_	_	265,676	265,676	5,299	270,975
Actuarial gain on remeasurement of defined benefit plan		_	_	_	_	66	66	73	139
Foreign currency translation		_	_	6,789	_	_	6,789	(135)	6,654
Net fair value adjustment on cash flow hedges		_	_	_	860	_	860	_	860
Share of other comprehensive income of associated/ joint venture companies		_	_	12	(868)	_	(856)	_	(856)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		_	_	6,801	(8)	66	6,859	(62)	6,797
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		_	-	6,801	(8)	265,742	272,535	5,237	277,772
Share-based compensation expense	10,11	_	998	_	_	_	998	_	998
Share awards released	10,11	1,830	(1,830)	_	_	-	_	_	-
Share options exercised	10,11	37,390	(7,109)	-	-	-	30,281	_	30,281
Share options lapsed		_	(64)	-	-	64	-	-	-
Dividends	9	_	_	_	_	(244,862)	(244,862)	(2,916)	(247,778)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners		39,220	(8,005)	_		(244,798)	(213,583)	(2,916)	(216,499)
Balance at 31 March 2014		387,358	23,936	(127,716)	(625)	1,077,926	1,360,879	29,583	1,390,462

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 March 2015 (in thousands of \$)

	Notes	Share capital	Share-based compensation reserve	Fair value reserve	General reserve	Total
The Company						
Balance at 1 April 2014		387,358	23,936	250	747,991	1,159,535
Profit for the year		_	-	_	195,698	195,698
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax:						
Net fair value adjustment on cash flow hedges	_			(5,610)		(5,610)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		_	_	(5,610)	195,698	190,088
Share-based compensation expense	10,11		2,547			2,547
Share awards released	10,11	1,908	(1,908)	_	_	-
Share options exercised	10,11	21,455	(4,277)	_	_	17,178
Share options lapsed		_	(4)	_	4	-
Dividends	9		_		(268,993)	(268,993)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners		23,363	(3,642)		(268,989)	(249,268)
Balance at 31 March 2015	-	410,721	20,294	(5,360)	674,700	1,100,355

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 March 2015 (in thousands of \$)

	Notes	Share capital	Share-based compensation reserve	Fair value reserve	General reserve	Total
The Company						
Balance at 1 April 2013		348,138	31,941	(610)	735,724	1,115,193
Profit for the year	Г	_			257,083	257,083
Actuarial loss on remeasurement of defined benefit plan		_	_	_	(18)	(18)
Net fair value adjustment on cash flow hedges		_	_	860	_	860
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		_	_	860	(18)	842
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		_	-	860	257,065	257,925
Share-based compensation expense	10,11	_	998	_	_	998
Share awards released	10,11	1,830	(1,830)	_	_	-
Share options exercised	10,11	37,390	(7,109)	_	_	30,281
Share options lapsed		_	(64)	_	64	-
Dividends	9	_			(244,862)	(244,862)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners		39,220	(8,005)	_	(244,798)	(213,583)
Balance at 31 March 2014	_	387,358	23,936	250	747,991	1,159,535

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2015 (in thousands of \$)

	Notes	The Group	
		2014-15	2013-14
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	28	96,063	112,899
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure		(49,499)	(67,895)
Purchase of intangible assets		(4,052)	(5,929)
Proceeds from capital reduction of an associated company		_	1,849
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		329	956
Proceeds from disposal of a subsidiary company, net of cash disposed		8,922	_
Dividend received from a long-term investment		8,130	13,820
Dividends received from associated companies		58,082	67,858
Dividends received from joint venture companies		54,197	89,475
Interest received from deposits		1,649	1,295
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	77,758	101,429
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid		(268,993)	(244,862)
Dividends paid by subsidiary companies to non-controlling interests		(4,156)	(2,916)
Proceeds from exercise of share options		17,178	30,281
Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary company		(3,383)	· _
Interest paid		(274)	(174)
Proceeds from borrowings		8,773	16,920
Repayment of borrowings		· _	(879)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	(250,855)	(201,630)
NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/ INFLOW		(77,034)	12,698
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF FINANCIAL YEAR		535,665	522,930
Effect of exchange rate changes		5,109	37
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF FINANCIAL YEAR		463,740	535,665
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Short-term deposits	24	403,148	484,900
Cash and bank balances	25	60,592	50,765
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF FINANCIAL YEAR		463,740	535,665
	-	1007, 10	000,000

31 March 2015

1. GENERAL

SIA Engineering Company Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Republic of Singapore which is also the place of domicile. The Company is listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"). The Company is a subsidiary company of Singapore Airlines Limited and its ultimate holding company is Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited, both incorporated in the Republic of Singapore.

The registered office of the Company is at 31 Airline Road, Singapore 819831.

The principal activities of the Company are the provision of airframe maintenance and component overhaul services, the provision of line maintenance and technical ground handling services, fleet management programme and investment holdings. The principal activities of the subsidiary companies are disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

The financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2015 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 12 May 2015.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies applied by the Group and the Company are consistent with those used in the previous financial year.

(a) Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the balance sheet and statement of changes in equity of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS").

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollars (\$) and all values in the tables are rounded to the nearest thousand (\$'000) as indicated.

(b) Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except in the current financial year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised standards which are effective for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 April 2014. The adoption of these standards did not have any material effect on the financial performance or position of the Group and the Company.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Standards issued but not yet effective

The Group has not adopted the following standards and interpretations that have been issued but not yet effective:

	Effective for
	annual periods
Description	beginning on or after
Amendments to FRS 19 Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions	1 July 2014
Improvements to FRS (January 2014)	1 July 2014
Improvements to FRS (February 2014)	1 July 2014
FRS 114 Regulatory Deferral Accounts	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 1 Disclosure Initiative	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 110, FRS 112 and FRS 28: Investment entities: Applying the	
Consolidation Exception	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and FRS 41 Agriculture: Bearer Plants	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 16 and FRS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation	
and Amortisation	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 111 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interest in Joint Operations	1 January 2016
Amendments to FRS 110 and FRS 28: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor	
and its Associate or Joint Venture	1 January 2016
Improvements to FRS (November 2014)	1 January 2016
FRS 115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2017
FRS 109 Financial Instruments	1 January 2018

Except for FRS 115 and FRS 109, the management expects that the adoption of the other standards and interpretations above will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application. The nature of the impending changes in accounting policy on adoption of FRS 115 and FRS 109 are described below:

FRS 115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

FRS 115 was issued in November 2014 and establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under FRS 115, revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in FRS 115 provide a more structured approach to measuring and recognising revenue. The new revenue standard is applicable to all entities and will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under FRS. Either a full or modified retrospective application is required for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 with early adoption permitted. The Group is currently assessing the impact of FRS 115.

FRS 109 Financial Instruments

In December 2014, the Accounting Standards Council issued the final version of FRS 109 Financial Instruments which reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces FRS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. FRS 109 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early application permitted. Retrospective application is required, but comparative information is not compulsory in the year of adoption. The Group is currently assessing the impact of FRS 109.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Significant accounting estimates

Estimates and assumptions concerning the future are made in the preparation of the financial statements. They affect the application of the Group's accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. They are assessed on an on-going basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Depreciation of plant, equipment and engine overhaul tooling, and aircraft rotable spares

The cost of plant, equipment and engine overhaul tooling, and aircraft rotable spares are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of these assets to be within 3 to 15 years. The carrying amount of the Group's and Company's plant, equipment and tooling and aircraft rotable spares as at 31 March 2015 was approximately \$159,847,000 (2014: \$147,542,000) and \$143,895,000 (2014: \$135,282,000) respectively. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets. Therefore future depreciation charges could be revised.

Income taxes

The Group has exposure to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is involved in determining the Group-wide provision for income taxes. There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for expected tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

The carrying amounts of the Group's current tax payable and deferred tax liabilities as at 31 March 2015 were approximately \$17,360,000 (2014: \$21,872,000) and \$26,617,000 (2014: \$26,849,000) respectively.

The carrying amounts of the Company's current tax payable and deferred tax liabilities as at 31 March 2015 were approximately \$14,739,000 (2014: \$19,273,000) and \$24,309,000 (2014: \$24,444,000) respectively.

Work-in-progress

Work-in-progress is stated at cost plus estimated profit earned, based on the estimated percentage of completion and total estimated budgeted costs. Management made reference to labour hours incurred and the physical stage of maintenance, repair and overhaul in estimating the percentage of completion and budgeted cost. The carrying amount of the Group's and Company's work-in-progress as at 31 March 2015 was approximately \$87,051,000 (2014: \$62,571,000) and \$86,662,000 (2014: \$60,595,000) respectively.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Significant accounting estimates (continued)

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Impairment is recognised when events and circumstances indicate that the property, plant and equipment may be impaired and the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The fair value less cost to sell calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions in arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing the asset. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow model, using cash flow projections which generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year.

The recoverable amount is most sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash inflows and the long-term growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

Impairment of deferred engine development costs

Management performs impairment testing annually for intangible assets, relating to deferred engine development costs, which is not yet available for use.

Management estimated the recoverable amount using value in use calculation which is based on a discounted cash flow model. The cash flows are derived from the budget approved by the management. The recoverable amount is most sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash inflows. Further details of the key assumptions applied in the impairment assessment of deferred engine development costs, are given in Note 14 to the financial statements.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Basis of consolidation and business combinations

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the separate financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary companies as at the end of the reporting period. The financial statements of the subsidiary companies used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied to like transactions and events in similar circumstances. A list of the Group's subsidiary companies is shown in Note 15 to the financial statements.

All intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intragroup transactions and dividends are eliminated in full.

Subsidiary companies are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Losses and other comprehensive income are attributed to the non-controlling interest even if that results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- De-recognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost;
- De-recognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest;
- De-recognises the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity;
- Recognises the fair value of the consideration received;
- Recognises the fair value of any investment retained;
- Recognises any surplus or deficit in profit or loss;
- Re-classifies the Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Basis of consolidation and business combinations (continued)

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration, which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognised in accordance with FRS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it is not remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

In business combinations achieved in stages, previously held equity interests in the acquiree are remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets in the event of liquidation, the Group elects on each individual business combination whether to measure them at fair value, or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, at the acquisition date. Other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by another FRS.

Any excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combination, the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any), and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The accounting policy for goodwill is set out in Note 2(g). In instances where the latter amount exceeds the former, the excess is recognised as gain on bargain purchase in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

Transactions with non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interest represents the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to owners of the parent, and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated balance sheet, separately from equity attributable to owners of the parent.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the parent.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Subsidiary, associated companies and joint arrangements

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiary, associated and joint venture companies are accounted for at cost less impairment losses.

Subsidiary companies

A subsidiary company is an investee that is controlled by the Group. The Group controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Thus, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has all of the following:

- Power over the investee
- Exposure, or rights or variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Associated and joint venture companies

An associate is an entity over which the Group has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but does not have control or joint control of those policies.

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The joint venture provides the Group with rights to the joint venture companies' net assets.

The Group reassesses whether the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved has changed when facts and circumstances change.

The Group accounts for its investments in associated and joint venture companies using the equity method from the date on which it becomes an associate or joint venture. A list of the Group's associated and joint venture companies is presented in Note 16 and Note 17 to the financial statements.

On acquisition of the investment, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets and liabilities is accounted as goodwill and is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment is included as income in the determination of the entity's share of the associated or joint venture company's profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Subsidiary, associated companies and joint arrangements (continued)

Associated and joint venture companies (continued)

Under the equity method, the investment in associated or joint venture companies are carried in the balance sheets at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associated or joint venture companies. The profit or loss reflects the share of results of operations of the associated or joint venture companies. Distributions received from associated or joint venture companies reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Where there has been a change recognised in other comprehensive income by the associated or joint venture companies, the Group recognises its share of such changes in other comprehensive income. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associated or joint venture companies are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associated or joint venture companies.

When the Group's share of losses in an associated or joint venture company equals or exceeds its interest in the associated or joint venture company, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associated or joint venture company.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an additional impairment loss on the Group's investment in associated or joint venture companies. The Group determines at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associated or joint venture companies is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associated or joint venture companies and its carrying value and recognises the amount in profit or loss.

The most recently available audited financial statements of the associated and joint venture companies are used by the Group in applying the equity method. Where the dates of the audited financial statements used are not co-terminous with those of the Group, the share of results is arrived at from the last audited financial statements available and unaudited management financial statements to the end of the accounting period. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

Upon loss of significant influence or joint control over the associate or joint venture, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value. Any difference between the fair value of the aggregate of the retained interest and proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the investment at the date the equity method was discontinued is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associated or joint venture company on the same basis as would have been required if that associated or joint venture company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When an investment in an associated company becomes an investment in a joint venture company or an investment in joint venture company becomes an investment in an associated company, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

If the Group's ownership interest in an associated or joint venture company is reduced, but the Group continues to apply the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be required to be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at cost being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units ("CGU") that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units or groups of units.

The CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the CGU may be impaired. Goodwill impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of each CGU to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill forms part of a CGU and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative fair values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the CGU retained.

Other intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured initially at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial acquisition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised over the estimated useful lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method are reviewed annually.

Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in the accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in profit or loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible assets.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Intangible assets (continued)

Other intangible assets (continued)

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives or not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually or more frequently if the events and circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is reviewed annually to determine whether the useful life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Computer software

Computer software acquired separately is measured initially at cost. Following initial acquisition, computer software is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. These costs are amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the computer software may be impaired. The amortisation period and method are reviewed annually.

Deferred engine development costs

This relates to the Group's share of engine development payments made in connection with its participation in aircraft engine development projects with other companies. Amortisation of such intangibles begins only when the aircraft engines are available for sale. These deferred engine development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of expected sales of the aircraft engines, which is estimated to be over a period of 20 years. The amortisation period and amortisation method would be reviewed annually in light of experience and changing circumstances, and adjusted prospectively, as appropriate at the end of each reporting period.

Others

This includes costs relating to license acquired in business combinations. This intangible is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 years.

(h) Functional and foreign currencies

The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the respective functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries and are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currencies at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Functional and foreign currencies (continued)

Transactions and balances (continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the end of the reporting period are recognised in profit or loss.

Consolidated financial statements

For the purposes of the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the foreign operations are translated into Singapore dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period and their profit or loss are translated into Singapore dollars at the prevailing exchange rates. The resulting gains or losses on exchange are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and accumulated under foreign currency translation reserve.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from the acquisition of foreign operations on or after 1 April 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and are recorded in the functional currency of the foreign operations, and translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments which arose on acquisitions of foreign operations before 1 April 2005 are deemed to be assets and liabilities of the parent company and are recorded in Singapore dollars at the rates prevailing at the dates of acquisition.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

In the case of a partial disposal without loss of control of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interest and are not recognised in profit or loss. For partial disposals of associated or joint venture companies that are foreign operations, the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

(i) Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment other than freehold land and buildings are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use. Expenditure for additions, improvements and renewal is capitalised and expenditure for maintenance and repair costs is recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying property, plant and equipment are also capitalised. The accounting policy for borrowing costs is set out in Note 2 (ab).

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

When assets are sold or retired, their costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the financial statements and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in profit or loss.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

(j) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at rates which are calculated to write down their costs to their estimated residual values at the end of their operational lives. Operational lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed annually in the light of experience and changing circumstances, and adjusted prospectively, as appropriate at the end of each reporting period.

Advance and progress payments are not depreciated as they are not yet available for use.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use. No depreciation is charged after assets are depreciated to their residual values.

Leasehold land and buildings

Leasehold land and buildings are amortised over the lease period or 30 years, whichever is the shorter.

Plant, equipment and engine overhaul tooling

These are depreciated over 3 to 15 years.

Aircraft rotable spares

These are depreciated over 3 to 15 years.

Other fixed assets

This covers office furniture and computer equipment, and motor vehicles. These are depreciated over 1 to 7 years.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Leased assets - as lessee

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date: whether fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

Finance lease

Finance leases, which effectively transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased asset, are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Any initial direct costs are also added to the amount capitalised. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged to profit or loss. Contingent rents, if any, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Capitalised leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Operating lease

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased assets are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

(I) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Where necessary, allowance is provided for damaged, obsolete and slow moving items to adjust the carrying value of inventories to the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(m) Work-in-progress

Work-in-progress is stated at cost plus a proportion of estimated profit earned to-date, based on the percentage of completion of projects. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and other direct overheads. Anticipated losses, if any, are provided for in full as and when they are determined.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, for which transaction costs are expensed off immediately.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or re-purchasing in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by FRS 39. Derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

The Group has not designated any financial assets upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from change in fair value of the financial instruments are recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or net losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include exchange differences.

Assets in this category are classified as current assets if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realised within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

Loans and receivables

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets include equity and debt securities. Equity investments classified as available-for-sale are those, which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at fair value through profit or loss. Debt securities in this category are those which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in the market conditions.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets (continued)

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial asset are recognised in other comprehensive income, except that impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously reported in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the financial asset is derecognised.

Investments in equity investments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are stated at cost less impairment losses.

(o) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, for which transactions costs are expensed immediately.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the financial liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

The Group has not designated any financial liabilities upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, financial liabilities that are not carried at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised directly in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

Financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

(q) Long-term investments

Long-term investments held by the Group are classified as available-for-sale financial assets. As there are no active markets for the trading of these investments and fair value cannot be reliably measured, these investments are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The accounting policy for this category of financial assets is stated in Note 2(n).

(r) Trade debtors and other debtors

Trade debtors and other debtors are classified and accounted for as loans and receivables under FRS 39. The accounting policy for this category of financial assets is stated in Note 2(n).

Further details on the accounting policy for impairment of financial assets are stated in Note 2(ad).

(s) Cash and bank balances

Cash and bank balances comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments readily convertible to cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and bank balances consist of cash on hand and deposits with immediate holding company and banks. The accounting policy for this category of financial assets is stated in Note 2(n).

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Taxation

Current tax

Tax recoverable and tax liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except:

- Where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiary, associated and joint venture companies, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except:

- Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition
 of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction,
 affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiary, associated and joint venture companies, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax except:

- Where the sales tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the applicable expense; and
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

(u) Loans and borrowings

Loans and other borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

(v) Employee benefits

Equity compensation plans

Employees of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share options and share awards as consideration for services rendered.

The Company has in place the SIA Engineering Company Limited Employee Share Option Plan for granting of share options to senior executives and all other employees. The exercise price approximates the market value of the shares at the date of grant.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(v) Employee benefits (continued)

Equity compensation plans (continued)

The Company has also implemented the Restricted Share Plan and Performance Share Plan for the award of fully paid ordinary shares to key senior management and senior executives, after pre-determined performance or service conditions are accomplished.

Details of the plans are disclosed in Note 10.

Equity-settled transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date on which the share options or awards are granted. In valuing the share options or awards, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares of the Company.

This cost is recognised in profit or loss as share-based compensation expense, with a corresponding increase in the share-based compensation reserve, over the vesting period in which the service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ("the vesting date"). Non-market vesting conditions are included in the estimation of the number of shares under options that are expected to become exercisable on the vesting date. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of shares under options that are expected to become exercisable on the vesting date and recognises the impact of the revision of the estimates in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based compensation reserve over the remaining vesting period.

No expense is recognised for options or awards that do not ultimately vest, except for options or awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition, which are treated as vested irrespective of whether the market condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

The share-based compensation reserve is transferred to general reserve upon cancellation or expiry of the vested options or awards. When the options are exercised or awards are released, the share-based compensation reserve is transferred to share capital when new shares are issued.

Defined contribution plans

As required by law, companies in Singapore make contributions to the Central Provident Fund scheme ("CPF") in Singapore, a defined contribution scheme. Certain of the Group's subsidiary companies outside Singapore make contributions to their respective country's pension schemes. Such contributions are recognised as expenses in the period in which the related services are performed.

Defined benefit plans

The Group contributes to several defined benefit pension and post employment benefit plans for some of the regular employees. The cost of providing benefits includes the Group's contribution for the year plus any unfunded liabilities under the plans, which is determined separately for each plan. Contributions to the plans over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees participating in the plans are expensed on accrual basis.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(w) Trade creditors

Trade creditors are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

(x) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the profit or loss net of any reimbursement.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Provision for warranty claims is made for airframe maintenance and component overhaul services based on past experience of the level of repairs.

(y) Share capital

Proceeds from issuance of ordinary shares are recognised as share capital in equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of ordinary shares are deducted against share capital.

(z) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from airframe maintenance and component overhaul is recognised based on the percentage of completion of the projects. The percentage of completion of the projects is determined based on the number of man-hours incurred to-date against the estimated man-hours needed to complete the projects.

Revenue from line maintenance and technical ground handling is recognised upon rendering of services.

Revenue from fleet management programme is recognised on a time proportion basis and in accordance with the period in which services have been rendered.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(aa) Income from investments

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's right to receive the payment is established.

Interest income from investments and fixed deposits is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

(ab) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

(ac) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount.

For assets excluding goodwill and those with indefinite lives, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(ad) Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

When the asset becomes uncollectible, the carrying amount of impaired financial asset is reduced directly or if an amount was charged to the allowance account, the amounts charged to the allowance account are written off against the carrying value of the financial asset.

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group considers factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence (such as significant adverse changes in the business environment where the issuer operates, probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the issuer) that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses are not reversed in subsequent periods.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(ad) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale financial assets

In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, objective evidence of impairment include (i) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor; (ii) information about significant changes with an adverse effect that have taken place in the technological, market, economic or legal environment in which the issuer operates, and indicates that the cost of the investment in equity instruments may not be recovered; and (iii) a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its costs. 'Significant', is to be evaluated against the original cost of the investment and 'prolonged' against the period in which the fair value had been below its original cost.

If an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit or loss, is transferred from other comprehensive income to profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses in respect of equity instruments are not recognised in profit or loss; increases in their fair values after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

(ae) Derivative financial instruments and hedging

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts to hedge its risk associated with foreign currency fluctuations.

Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into, and are subsequently re-measured at fair value.

Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value on derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are taken directly to profit or loss.

The fair value of forward currency contracts is determined by reference to current forward prices for contracts with similar maturity profiles.

The Group applies hedge accounting for hedging relationships which qualify for hedge accounting. At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The documentation includes identification of the hedged item or transaction, the hedging instrument, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the Group will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in cash flows or fair value, and are assessed on an ongoing basis to determine that they have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they are designated.

Derivatives are classified as fair value through profit or loss unless they qualify for hedge accounting. Hedges which meet the criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as cash flow hedges.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(ae) Derivative financial instruments and hedging (continued)

For cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised directly in the fair value reserve (Note 11), while the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Amounts taken to the fair value reserve are transferred to profit or loss when the hedged transaction affects profit or loss

(af) Segmental reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on the nature of the services provided which are independently managed by the respective segment managers responsible for the performance of the respective segments under their charge. The segment managers report directly to the management of the Company that regularly reviews the segments' results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segments' performance.

The Company and its subsidiaries operate in Singapore, Philippines, Australia and United States of America. The significant operating segments of the Group are repair and overhaul, and line maintenance. Additional disclosures on each of these segments are shown in Note 32 including the factors used to identify the reportable segments and the measurement basis of segment information.

(ag) Related parties

A related party is defined as follows:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group and Company if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Company;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Company; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group and the Company if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the other).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

31 March 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(ag) Related parties (continued)

- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of either the Company or an entity related to the Company. If the Company is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Company.
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly-controlled by a person identified in (a).
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

(ah) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheets, when there is a currently enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3. REVENUE (in thousands of \$)

	The	The Group	
	2014-15	2013-14	
Airframe maintenance and component overhaul services	490,283	579,078	
Line maintenance and technical ground handling	442,216	434,622	
Fleet management programme	188,092	164,515	
	1,120,591	1,178,215	

4. STAFF COSTS (in thousands of \$)

	The Group	
	2014-15	2013-14
Salary, bonuses and other costs	433,912	466,710
CPF and other defined contributions	40,211	40,714
Share-based compensation expense	2,547	998
	476,670	508,422

The Group contributes to unfunded, non-contributory, defined benefit plans for some of the regular employees. Defined benefit expenses for the Group were approximately \$398,000 (2013-14: \$409,000). As these amounts are not material to the total staff costs of the Group for 2014-15 and 2013-14, additional disclosures of the defined benefit plan are not presented. Disclosures relating to share-based compensation expense are in Note 10.

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5. OPERATING PROFIT (in thousands of \$)

Operating profit for the financial year is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

	The C	The Group	
	2014-15	2013-14	
Net exchange (gain)/ loss *	(4,849)	3,609	
Operating lease expenses	6,921	7,181	
Provision for obsolete stocks, net	6,222	4,839	
Professional fee paid to a firm in which a director is a member	446	469	
Audit fees			
 Auditors of the Company 	212	253	
– Other auditors	102	58	
Non-audit fees			
 Auditors of the Company 	116	118	
 Other auditors 	24	81	

^{*} Amount includes a net fair value loss on forward currency contracts used for hedging purposes of approximately \$2,711,000 (2013-14: net fair value loss of \$2,388,000), which was realised in the current financial year.

6. INTEREST INCOME (in thousands of \$)

	The Group	
	2014-15	2013-14
Deposits placed with immediate holding company	1,358	1,453
Deposits placed with banks	67	58
	1,425	1,511

31 March 2015

7. TAXATION EXPENSE (in thousands of \$)

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	The Group	
	2014-15	2013-14
Current tax		
Provision for the financial year	(19,291)	(22,478)
Over-provision in respect of prior years	487	894
	(18,804)	(21,584)
<u>Deferred tax</u>		
Movement in temporary differences	(972)	(913)
Under-provision in respect of prior years	(268)	(475)
	(1,240)	(1,388)
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	(20,044)	(22,972)
Deferred tax related to other comprehensive income: Net change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments designated		
as cash flow hedges	1,098	(51)

On 1 June 2005, the Company was granted a 10-year Development and Expansion Incentive ("DEI"), subject to the Company's compliance with the conditions imposed by the relevant authorities. Based on this DEI, a concessionary tax rate of 5% shall be imposed on qualifying income in excess of a certain 'base' level of taxable income. The base, as well as any income from non-qualifying activities, shall be taxed at the prevailing corporate tax rate.

A reconciliation between taxation expense and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the applicable tax rate for the financial years ended 31 March are as follows:

	The Group	
	2014-15	2013-14
Profit before taxation	205,412	293,947
<u>Less:</u> share of results of associated and joint venture companies	(106,252)	(162,576)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	99,160	131,371
Taxation at statutory tax rate of 17.0% (2014: 17.0%)	(16,857)	(22,333)
Adjustments Income not subject to tax	1,999	3,430
Income subject to concessionary tax rate	262	1,049
Deferred tax assets not recognised	(2,123)	(973)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(1,535)	(2,481)
Effects of difference in tax rates of other countries	(934)	(1,116)
Over-provision in relation to prior years	219	419
Provision of withholding tax expense	(1,458)	(1,448)
Others	383	481
Taxation	(20,044)	(22,972)

31 March 2015

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	The Group	
	2014-15	2013-14
Profit attributable to owners of the parent (in thousands of \$)	183,276	265,676
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue used for computing basic earnings per share	1,120,111,750	1,112,757,616
Adjustment for dilutive potential ordinary shares	5,393,801	8,945,482
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue used for computing diluted earnings per share	1,125,505,551	1,121,703,098
Basic earnings per share (cents)	16.4	23.9
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	16.3	23.7

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

For purposes of calculating diluted earnings per share, the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue is adjusted to take into account the effects of dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company has three categories of dilutive potential ordinary shares: share options, performance shares and restricted shares.

There are no share options that are anti-dilutive for the current and previous year.

9. DIVIDENDS PAID AND PROPOSED (in thousands of \$)

	The Group and Company	
	2014-15	2013-14
Dividends Paid:		
Final dividend of 18.0 cents per share, comprising an ordinary dividend of 13.0 cents per share and a special dividend of 5.0 cents per share in respect of 2013-14 (2013-14: 15.0 cents per share in respect of 2012-13)	201,731	166,866
Interim dividend of 6.0 cents per share in respect of 2014-15		
(2013-14: 7.0 cents per share in respect of 2013-14)	67,262	77,996
	268,993	244,862

The directors propose a final tax exempt (one-tier) dividend of 8.5 cents per share (2013-14: 18.0 cents per share, comprising an ordinary dividend of 13.0 cents per share and a special dividend of 5.0 cents per share), amounting to approximately \$95,322,000 (2013-14: \$201,731,000) to be paid for the financial year ended 31 March 2015.

31 March 2015

10. SHARE CAPITAL (in thousands of \$)

	The Group and Company	
	31	March
	2015	2014
Issued and fully paid		
Balance at 1 April		
1,115,561,658 shares (2013: 1,106,186,574 shares)	387,358	348,138
5,358,899 share options exercised during the year (2013-14: 8,629,334)	21,455	37,390
520,227 share awards released during the year (2013-14: 745,750)	1,908	1,830
Balance at 31 March		
1,121,440,784 shares (2014: 1,115,561,658 shares)	410,721	387,358

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restriction. The ordinary shares have no par value.

During the financial year, the Company issued 5,358,899 shares (2013-14: 8,629,334) upon the exercise of options granted under the Employee Share Option Plan. In addition, the Company issued 520,227 shares (2013-14: 745,750) upon release of share awards granted under the restricted and performance share plans.

(a) Share Option Plan

The SIA Engineering Company Limited Employee Share Option Plan ("ESOP"), which comprises the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme and the Employee Share Option Scheme for senior executives and all other employees respectively, was approved by shareholders on 9 February 2000.

Under the Plan, options are granted for a term no longer than 10 years from the date of grant. The exercise price of the option will be the average of the closing prices of the Company's ordinary shares on the SGX-ST for the five market days immediately preceding the date of grant.

Under the Employee Share Option Scheme, options will vest two years after the date of grant. Under the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme, options will vest:

- (i) one year after the date of grant for 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options;
- (ii) two years after the date of grant for an additional 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options;
- (iii) three years after the date of grant for an additional 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options; and
- (iv) four years after the date of grant for the remaining 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options.

There are no cash settlement alternatives.

31 March 2015

10. SHARE CAPITAL (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(a) Share Option Plan (continued)

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average exercise prices of, and movements in, the ESOP during the financial year:

	2014-15		2013	3-14
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding at 1 April	24,556,312	\$3.75	33,389,446	\$3.69
Exercised	(5,358,899)	\$3.17	(8,629,334)	\$3.51
Cancelled	(214,700)	\$4.19	(203,800)	\$4.00
Outstanding at 31 March	18,982,713	\$3.85*	24,556,312	\$3.75
Exercisable at 31 March	18,982,713	\$3.85*	24,556,312	\$3.75

^{*} Weighted average exercise price of \$3.85 has been adjusted for special dividend of \$0.05 declared on 21 July 2014.

The range of exercise prices for options outstanding at the end of the year was \$2.10 - \$4.52 (2013-14: \$1.59 - \$4.57). The weighted average remaining contractual life for these options is 2.15 years (2013-14: 2.99 years).

The weighted average share price for options exercised during the year was \$4.54 (2013-14: \$4.92).

Following the expiry of the share option plans in March 2009, the Company ceased to grant options under ESOP.

Terms of share options outstanding as at 31 March 2015:

Exercisable period	Exercise price (\$)	Number outstanding	Number exercisable
01.07.2006 - 30.06.2015	2.10	69,750	69,750
01.07.2007 - 30.06.2015	2.10	1,132,700	1,132,700
01.07.2008 - 30.06.2015	2.10	80,250	80,250
01.07.2009 - 30.06.2015	2.10	102,625	102,625
03.07.2007 - 02.07.2016	3.29	160,175	160,175
03.07.2008 - 02.07.2016	3.29	3,432,973	3,432,973
03.07.2009 - 02.07.2016	3.29	174,250	174,250
03.07.2010 - 02.07.2016	3.29	197,050	197,050
02.07.2008 – 01.07.2017	4.52	172,250	172,250
02.07.2009 - 01.07.2017	4.52	8,247,494	8,247,494
02.07.2010 - 01.07.2017	4.52	194,200	194,200
02.07.2011 – 01.07.2017	4.52	194,200	194,200
01.07.2010 – 30.06.2018	3.59	4,824,796	4,824,796
Total number of options outstanding/exercise	sable	18,982,713 [@]	18,982,713

The total number of options outstanding includes 3,334,490 (2013-14: 3,573,542) share options not exercised by employees who have retired or ceased to be employed by the Company or any of the subsidiary companies by reason of (i) ill health, injury or disability or death; (ii) redundancy; or (iii) any other reason approved in writing by the Committee. The said options are exercisable up to the expiration of the applicable exercise period or the period of 5 years from the date of retirement or cessation of employment, whichever is earlier.

31 March 2015

10. SHARE CAPITAL (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(b) Share-based incentive plans

The RSP and PSP were originally adopted by shareholders on 25 July 2005 and were due to expire on 24 July 2015. At the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 21 July 2014, shareholders approved the adoption of the SIAEC RSP 2014 and SIAEC PSP 2014 to replace the previous RSP and PSP, which were terminated following the adoption of the new plans. The termination of the previous RSP and PSP was without prejudice to the rights of holders of awards outstanding under the respective plans as at the date of such termination.

The details of the two plans are described below:

	Restricted Share Plan	Performance Share Plan
Plan Description	Award of fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, dependent on position level and individual performance targets set at the start of a two-year performance period based on medium-term Group and Company objectives with some degree of stretch.	Award of fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, conditional on performance targets set at the start of a three-year performance period based on stretched long-term corporate objectives for senior management.
Performance Conditions	 Group and Company EBITDA# Margin Group and Company Value Added per \$ Employment Cost 	 Absolute Total Shareholder Return (TSR) outperform Cost of Equity (COE) Return on Equity (ROE)
	The above performance conditions are selected as they are the key operational drivers of shareholder value and are aligned to the Group and Company's business objectives.	The above performance measures are selected as key measurement of value-creation for shareholders.
Vesting Condition	Based on meeting stated performance conditions over a two-year performance period, 50% of award will vest. Balance will vest equally over the subsequent two years with fulfilment of service requirements.	Vesting based on meeting stated performance conditions over the three-year performance period.
Payout	0% - 150% depending on the achievement of pre-set performance targets over the performance period.	0% - 200% depending on the achievement of pre-set performance targets over the performance period.
# EBITDA denotes Earnings be	efore Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortisation	

31 March 2015

10. SHARE CAPITAL (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(b) Share-based incentive plans (continued)

The movement of the shares awarded during the financial year is as follows:

RSP

			Number of Res	stricted shares		
Date of grant	Balance at 1.4.2014/ date of grant	Adjustment *	Cancelled	Released	Modification #	Balance at 31.3.2015
01.07.2010	157,796	_	_	(157,796)	_	_
01.07.2011	153,528	_	(2,424)	(80,495)	723	71,332
02.07.2012	819,000	(480,732)	(19,240)	(171,992)	1,520	148,556
08.07.2013	802,300	_	(49,308)	_	7,812	760,804
07.07.2014	783,440	_	(40,717)	_	7,707	750,430
	2,716,064	(480,732)	(111,689)	(410,283)	17,762	1,731,122

^{*} Adjustment at the end of the two-year performance period upon meeting stated performance targets.

PSP

			Number of Perfo	ormance shares		
Date of grant	Balance at 1.4.2014/ date of grant	Adjustment *	Cancelled	Released	Modification #	Balance at 31.3.2015
01.07.2011	139,171	(29,227)		(109,944)		
02.07.2011	122,800	(27,227)	_	(107,744)	- 1,212	124,012
08.07.2013	136,300	_	_	_	1,345	137,645
07.07.2014	133,600	_	_	_	1,317	134,917
	531,871	(29,227)	_	(109,944)	3,874	396,574

^{*} Adjustment at the end of the three-year performance period upon meeting stated performance targets.

Fair value of RSP and PSP awards

The fair value of services received in return for shares awarded is measured by reference to the fair value of shares granted each year under the SIAEC RSP and PSP. The estimate of the fair value of the services received is measured based on a prospective Monte Carlo simulation model, which involves projection of future outcomes using statistical distributions of key random variables including share price and volatility of returns.

[#] Arising from the approval of shareholders on the payment of a special dividend of \$0.05 per share, the Committee had also approved an increase in all outstanding RSP awards on 7 August 2014.

[#] Arising from the approval of shareholders on the payment of a special dividend of \$0.05 per share, the Committee had also approved an increase in all outstanding PSP awards on 7 August 2014.

31 March 2015

10. SHARE CAPITAL (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(b) Share-based incentive plans (continued)

The following table lists the key inputs to the model used for the July 2014 and July 2013 award:

	July 2014 Award		July 20	13 Award
	RSP	PSP	RSP	PSP
Expected dividend yield (%)	Manager	ment's forecast	in line with dividend	l policy
Expected volatility (%)	16.83	16.83	18.52	18.52
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.36 - 0.83	0.52	0.24 - 0.89	0.51
Expected term (years)	2.00 - 4.00	3.00	2.00 - 4.00	3.00
Share price at date of grant (\$)	5.06	5.06	4.97	4.97

For non-market conditions, achievement factors have been estimated based on inputs from the Compensation & HR Committee for the purpose of accrual for the RSP and PSP until the achievement of the targets can be accurately ascertained.

Based on the Monte Carlo simulation model, the estimated fair value at date of grant for each share granted under the RSP ranges from \$4.19 to \$4.60 (2013-14: \$4.11 to \$4.52) and the estimated fair value at date of grant for each share granted under the PSP is \$4.01 (2013-14: \$4.24).

When estimating the fair value of the compensation cost, market-based performance conditions shall be taken into account. Therefore, for performance share grants with market-based performance conditions, the compensation cost shall be charged to profit or loss on a basis that fairly reflects the manner in which the benefits will accrue to the employee under the plan over the remaining service period from date of grant to which the performance period relates, irrespective of whether this performance condition is satisfied.

For performance share grants with non-market conditions, the Company revises its estimates of the number of share grants expected to vest and corresponding adjustments are made to profit or loss and share-based compensation reserve.

Under the RSP and PSP, eligible key executives are required to hold a portion of the shares released to them under a share ownership guideline which requires them to maintain a beneficial ownership stake in the Company, thus further aligning their interests with shareholders.

The number of contingent shares granted but not released as at 31 March 2015, were 1,731,122 (2014: 1,932,624) and 396,574 (2014: 398,271) for RSP and PSP respectively. Based on the achievement factor, the actual release of the awards could range from zero to a maximum of 2,486,739 (2014: 2,743,274) and 793,148 (2014: 796,542) fully-paid ordinary shares for RSP and PSP respectively.

For the current financial year, the Group has provided approximately \$2,547,000 (2013-14: \$998,000) in respect of the RSP and PSP based on the fair values determined on grant date and estimation of share grants that will ultimately vest.

The amounts recognised in profit or loss for share-based compensation transactions with employees are as follows:

	The Group a	The Group and Company	
·	2014-15	2013-14	
Share-based compensation expense			
- Restricted share plan	2,402	591	
Performance share plan	145	407	
	2,547	998	

31 March 2015

11. OTHER RESERVES (in thousands of \$)

(a) Share-based compensation reserve

Share-based compensation reserve represents the equity-settled share options and awards granted to employees. The reserve is made up of the cumulative value of services received from employees recorded over the vesting period commencing from the grant date of equity-settled share options and awards, and is reduced by the release of share awards and exercise/ lapse of share options.

(b) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve records exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency.

(c) Fair value reserve

Fair value reserve records the cumulative fair value of the portion of the fair value changes (net of tax) on derivative financial instruments designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges that is determined to be an effective hedge.

	The Group 31 March	
	2015	2014
Balance at 1 April	(625)	(617)
Net loss on fair value adjustment	(8,321)	(1,528)
Recognised in "other operating expenses" in profit or loss		
on occurrence of foreign currency contracts	2,711	2,388
Share of other comprehensive income of joint venture companies	(7,978)	(868)
Balance at 31 March	(14,213)	(625)
		ompany
	31 N	March

	311	viarch
	2015	2014
Balance at 1 April	250	(610)
Net loss on fair value adjustment	(8,321)	(1,528)
Recognised in "other operating expenses" in profit or loss		
on occurrence of foreign currency contracts	2,711	2,388
Balance at 31 March	(5,360)	250

(d) Equity transaction reserve

	The Group 31 March		
	2015	2014	
Balance at 1 April	- (2.277)	-	
Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary company Balance at 31 March	(2,377) (2,377)		

The reserve represents the effects of changes in ownership interest in subsidiaries when there is no change in control.

(e) General reserve

General reserve comprises mainly retained earnings of the Group and the Company. Movements in the Group's and the Company's reserves are set out in the Statement of Changes in Equity respectively.

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12. DEFERRED TAXATION (in thousands of \$)

Deferred tax relates to the following items:

		The Gro	oup		The Company			
	balan	olidated ce sheet March	sheet statement				e Balance she 31 March	
	2015	2014	2014-15	2013-14	2015	2014		
Deferred tax liability								
Differences in depreciation	27,364	26,530	1,227	1,346	27,180	26,137		
Revaluation of forward currency								
contracts to fair value	_	51	_	_	_	51		
Undistributed profits of a								
subsidiary company	565	467	98	199	_	_		
Undistributed profits of overseas								
associated companies	2,035	1,915	120	132	_	_		
Other items	54	_	54	_	_	_		
Deferred tax asset								
Revaluation of forward currency								
contracts to fair value	(1,098)	_	_	_	(1,098)	_		
Other items	(2,303)	(2,114)	(259)	(289)	(1,773)	(1,744)		
	26,617	26,849			24,309	24,444		
Deferred income tax expense		_	1,240	1,388				

The Group has tax losses of approximately \$7,070,000 (2013-14: \$3,267,000) that are available for offset against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose, for which no deferred tax assets are recognised due to uncertainty of its recoverability. The use of the tax losses is subject to the agreement of the tax authorities and compliance with certain provisions of the tax legislation of the respective countries in which the companies operate.

At the end of the reporting period, deferred tax liability of \$565,000 (2014: \$467,000) has been recognised for taxes that would be payable on the undistributed earnings of one of the Group's subsidiaries.

For the other subsidiaries of the Group, no deferred tax liability has been recognised as the Group has determined that undistributed earnings of these subsidiaries will not be distributed in the foreseeable future. Such temporary differences for which no deferred tax liability has been recognised aggregate to \$5,887,000 (2014: \$4,345,000). The deferred tax liability is estimated to be \$1,766,000 (2014: \$1,304,000).

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13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (in thousands of \$)

	Leasehold land and buildings	Plant, equipment & engine overhaul tooling	Aircraft rotable spares	Office and computer equipment	Motor vehicles	Advance and progress payments #	Total
The Group							
Cost							
At 1 April 2013	270,783	240,071	148,599	27,227	6,993	3,459	697,132
Additions	499	14,324	26,238	1,043	1,694	24,097	67,895
Transfers	3,602	(6)	(425)	5,155	. 68	(8,394)	· _
Disposals	· _	(5,272)	(912)	(885)	(795)		(7,864)
Exchange differences	272	(511)	71	(28)	(56)	165	(87)
At 31 March 2014	275,156	248,606	173,571	32,512	7,904	19,327	757,076
Additions	300	19,471	18,517	1,213	288	9,710	49,499
Transfers	76	1,710	249	4,890	_	(6,925)	· _
Disposals	_	(14,414)	(602)	(397)	(1,169)		(16,582)
Disposal of a subsidiary		. , ,	(3.2.)	\	() - /		(2/2 2 /
company	(8,727)	(1,923)	_	(663)	(29)	_	(11,342)
Exchange differences	2,104	2,213	483	135	76	1,503	6,514
At 31 March 2015	268,909	255,663	192,218	37,690	7,070	23,615	785,165
Accumulated depreciation							
At 1 April 2013	105,657	202,050	55,096	23,725	5,145	_	391,673
Depreciation	9,590	12,229	11,143	2,100	656	_	35,718
Impairment	_	_	(81)	_,:::	_	_	(81)
Transfers	_	(23)	(0.7	_	23	_	(0.1)
Disposals	_	(5,225)	(329)	(878)	(785)	_	(7,217)
Exchange differences	41	(267)	42	(10)	(23)	_	(217)
At 31 March 2014	115,288	208,764	65,871	24,937	5,016	_	419,876
Depreciation	9,290	13,519	14,219	3,655	733	_	41,416
Transfers	- 7-1-	49	_	(49)	_	_	_
Disposals	_	(14,102)	(204)	(394)	(1,154)	_	(15,854)
Disposal of a subsidiary		· / / - /	(- /	\	() - /		(
company	(4,203)	(1,681)	_	(597)	(29)	_	(6,510)
Exchange differences	414	1,258	341	101	40	_	2,154
At 31 March 2015	120,789	207,807	80,227	27,653	4,606	_	441,082
		,	,	,	,		,
Net book value							
At 31 March 2014	159,868	39,842	107,700	7,575	2,888	19,327	337,200
At 31 March 2015	148,120	47,856	111,991	10,037	2,464	23,615	344,083

[#] Advance and progress payments comprise mainly plant, equipment and tooling and building projects.

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13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (in thousands of \$) (continued)

							Group March
						2015	2014
Net book value of property,			d under fina	nce lease:		27	4.5
Plant, equipment and engiMotor vehicles	ne overnaui to	poling				37 16	45 22
- Motor verticles					-	10	
	Leasehold land and buildings	Plant, equipment & engine overhaul tooling	Aircraft rotable spares	Office and computer equipment	Motor vehicles	Advance and progress payments #	Total
The Company							
Cost							
At 1 April 2013	242,566	218,477	143,214	24,750	5,539	541	635,087
Additions	_	10,072	26,056	599	1,444	11,110	49,281
Transfers	790	_	_	5,151	_	(5,941)	_
Disposals		(5,163)	(892)	(807)	(699)		(7,561)
At 31 March 2014	243,356	223,386	168,378	29,693	6,284	5,710	676,807
Additions	_	13,552	18,475	848	276	6,672	39,823
Transfers	76	1,275	_	4,966	_	(6,317)	_
Disposals		(14,248)	(405)	(325)	(1,113)	_	(16,091)
At 31 March 2015	243,432	223,965	186,448	35,182	5,447	6,065	700,539
Accumulated depreciation							
At 1 April 2013	98,841	189,886	52,334	21,871	4,553	_	367,485
Depreciation	8,313	9,289	10,520	1,749	461	_	30,332
Impairment	_	_	(81)	_	_	_	(81)
Disposals	_	(5,151)	(315)	(804)	(699)	_	(6,969)
At 31 March 2014	107,154	194,024	62,458	22,816	4,315	_	390,767
Depreciation	8,303	10,537	13,687	3,293	529	_	36,349
Disposals	_	(14,056)	(132)	(322)	(1,109)	_	(15,619)
At 31 March 2015	115,457	190,505	76,013	25,787	3,735	_	411,497
Net book value							
At 31 March 2014	136,202	29,362	105,920	6,877	1,969	5,710	286,040
At 31 March 2015	127,975	33,460	110,435	9,395	1,712	6,065	289,042

[#] Advance and progress payments comprise mainly plant, equipment and tooling and building projects.

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14. INTANGIBLES (in thousands of \$)

		Deferred engine		Advance and	
	Computer software	development costs	Other intangibles	progress payments	Total
The Group					
Cost					
At 1 April 2013	42,570	45,753	4,213	618	93,154
Additions	972	3,551	· <u> </u>	1,406	5,929
Transfers	884	_	_	(884)	_
Disposals	(37)	_	_	_	(37)
Exchange differences	3	691	_	3	697
At 31 March 2014	44,392	49,995	4,213	1,143	99,743
Additions	683	1,998	_	1,371	4,052
Transfers	2,151	_	_	(2,151)	_
Disposal of a subsidiary company	(1,296)	_	_	_	(1,296)
Exchange differences	119	4,731	_	6	4,856
At 31 March 2015	46,049	56,724	4,213	369	107,355
Accumulated amortisation					
At 1 April 2013	39,949	_	4,213	_	44,162
Amortisation	1,340	_	· _	_	1,340
Disposals	(33)	_	_	_	(33)
Exchange differences	(8)	_	_	_	(8)
At 31 March 2014	41,248	_	4,213	_	45,461
Amortisation	1,451	_	_	_	1,451
Disposal of a subsidiary company	(1,196)	_	_	_	(1,196)
Exchange differences	97	_	_	_	97
At 31 March 2015	41,600	_	4,213	_	45,813
Net book value					
At 31 March 2014	3,144	49,995	_	1,143	54,282
At 31 March 2015	4,449	56,724	_	369	61,542

Impairment testing of deferred engine development costs

This relates to the Group's share of engine development payments made in connection with its participation in aircraft engine development projects with other companies. As the intangible asset is not yet available for use, an impairment test has been performed.

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (the aircraft engine development project) has been determined based on value in use calculations using cash flow projections from the business plan approved by management for the next 47 years (2014: 48 years). The pre-tax discount rate applied to cash flow projections is 7% (2014: 8%).

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14. INTANGIBLES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

Impairment testing of deferred engine development costs (continued)

The calculations of value in use are most sensitive to the following assumptions:

Pre-tax discount rates – Discount rates represent the current market assessment of the risks specific to the cash-generating unit, regarding the time value of money and individual risks of the underlying assets which have not been incorporated in the cash flow estimates.

Number and timing of engine sales – Number and timing of engine sales represent the projected number of aircraft engines expected to be sold each year upon completion of the engine development. Projected engine sales is based on current aircraft orders and expectation of market development.

The recoverable amount is still expected to exceed its carrying amount if the discount rate increases by 1.0% or if engine sales are delayed by 1 year.

	Computer software	Other intangibles	Advance and progress payments	Total
The Company				
Cost				
At 1 April 2013	40,207	2,871	521	43,599
Additions	886	_	1,406	2,292
Transfers	919	_	(919)	_
Disposals	(37)	_	_	(37)
At 31 March 2014	41,975	2,871	1,008	45,854
Additions	223	_	1,370	1,593
Transfers	2,010	_	(2,010)	_
At 31 March 2015	44,208	2,871	368	47,447
Accumulated amortisation				
At 1 April 2013	38,084	2,871	_	40,955
Amortisation	1,016	_	_	1,016
Disposals	(33)	_	_	(33)
At 31 March 2014	39,067	2,871	_	41,938
Amortisation	1,283	_	_	1,283
At 31 March 2015	40,350	2,871	_	43,221
Net book value				
At 31 March 2014	2,908		1,008	3,916
At 31 March 2015	3,858		368	4,226

31 March 2015

15. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (in thousands of \$)

				The Con		npany	
					31 M		
					2015	2014	
Unquoted shares, at cost					3,481 5,982	95,546 5,152	
,	party				-		
Impairment loss					5,257)	(5,257)	
				104	,206	95,441	
The subsidiary companie	es at 31 March are as follows:						
		Country of incorporation and place of	Co	ost	Percer equity by the	held	
Name of company	Principal activities	business	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Aircraft Maintenance Services Australia Pty Ltd ^	Provide aircraft maintenance services, including technical and non-technical handling at the airport	Australia	8,515	5,257	100.0	100.0	
NexGen Network (1) Holding Pte Ltd *	Investment holding	Singapore	11,196	11,070	100.0	100.0	
NexGen Network (2) Holding Pte Ltd *	Investment holding	Singapore	43,679	43,053	100.0	100.0	
SIA Engineering (USA), Inc. #	Provide aircraft maintenance services, including technical and non-technical handling at the airport	United States of America	1,358	1,358	100.0	100.0	
SIAEC Global Pte Ltd *	Investment holding	Singapore	@	@	100.0	100.0	
SIA Engineering (Philippines) Corporation ^	Provide airframe maintenance and component overhaul services	Philippines	17,296	17,296	65.0	65.0	
Singapore Jamco Pte Ltd **	Manufacturing aircraft cabin equipment and refurbishment of aircraft galleys	Singapore	+	3,816	+	65.0	
Aerospace Component Engineering Services Pte Limited *	Repair and overhaul of hydro- mechanical equipment for Boeing and Airbus aircraft	Singapore	10,934	10,934	51.0	51.0	

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15. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

		Country of incorporation and place of		st	Percentage equity held by the Group	
Name of company	Principal activities	business	2015	2014	2015	2014
Aviation Partnership (Philippines) Corporation ^	Provide aircraft maintenance services, including technical and non-technical handling at the airport	Philippines	2,762	2,762	51.0	51.0
Singapore Jamco Services Pte Ltd *	Maintenance, repair and overhaul of aircraft and cabin components/ systems	Singapore	7,741	-	80.0	-

- * Audited by Ernst & Young LLP, Singapore
- ^ Audited by member firms of EY Global in the respective countries
- ** Audited by Foo Kon Tan LLP
- @ Cost of investment and issued and paid-up share capital is \$2
- # Not required to be audited under the law in the country of incorporation
- + The Company entered into a share swap agreement with Jamco Corporation during the financial year as part of the restructuring of business of Singapore Jamco Pte Ltd (SJAMCO). Upon completion of the share swap agreement, the percentage of equity held in SJAMCO decreased from 65.0% in FY1314 to 20.0% in FY1415. SJAMCO was subsequently renamed as Jamco Singapore Pte Ltd.

During the financial year:

- 1. The Company invested approximately \$126,000 and \$626,000 in NexGen Network (1) Holding Pte Ltd ("NGN1") and NexGen Network (2) Holding Pte Ltd ("NGN2") respectively, in accordance with an agreement.
- 2. The loan extended to a subsidiary company bears an effective interest ranging from 4.77% to 4.94% (2014: 4.45% to 5.85%) per annum. This loan is non-trade related, unsecured and repayable in 2 tranches by 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2020 respectively.
- 3. The Company invested approximately \$3,258,000 in Aircraft Maintenance Services Australia Pty Ltd ("AMSA").
- 4. On 16 May 2014, the Group completed the restructuring of one of its subsidiary companies, Singapore Jamco Pte Ltd (SJAMCO). As part of the restructuring, a new company, Singapore Jamco Services Pte Ltd (SJAMCO Services) was incorporated with the same shareholding interest as SJAMCO. SJAMCO then transferred a part of its existing business to SJAMCO Services. Following the transfer, the Company disposed of 45% of SJAMCO and acquired an additional 15% interest in SJAMCO Services. Consequently SJAMCO became an associate upon the disposal of its interest.

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15. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

The value of assets and liabilities of SJAMCO disposed, and the effects of the disposal were:

	As at date of disposal
	Or disposar
Property, plant and equipment	4,832
Intangibles	100
Trade and other receivables	4,496
Work-in-progress	1,780
Inventories	3,440
Total assets	14,648
Trade and other creditors	(3,375)
Deferred taxation	(325)
Total liabilities	(3,700)_
Net assets derecognised	10,948
Less: Non-controlling interest	(3,832)
Net assets disposed	7,116
Cate and the cash	
Gain on disposal: Cash received	8,922
Net assets disposed	(7,116)
Fair value of retained interest	3,965
Gain on disposal	5,771
Gailt off disposal	

The gain attributable to measuring the retained interest amounting to \$1,775,000 was included in "Surplus on disposal of a subsidiary company" in the consolidated income statement.

Acquisition of non-controlling interests

The following summarises the effect of the change in the Group's ownership interest in SJAMCO Services on the equity attributable to owners of the Company.

Consideration paid for acquisition of non-controlling interests	3,383
Decrease in equity attributable to non-controlling interests	(1,006)
Decrease in equity attributable to owners of the Company	2,377

16. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (in thousands of \$)

		The Group 31 March		Company March
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Unquoted shares, at cost	183,769	179,804	180,978	179,804
Share of post-acquisition reserves	240,837	252,984	_	_
Share of other comprehensive income	304	311	_	_
Goodwill written-off to reserves	(25,237)	(25,237)	_	_
Translation adjustment	(72,017)	(98,507)	_	_
•	327,656	309,355	180,978	179,804

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16. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

The associated companies at 31 March are as follows:

		Country of incorporation and place of		Cost	equit	entage y held Group
Name of company	Principal activities	business	2015	2014	2015	2014
Component Aerospace Singapore Pte Ltd ##+	Repair and overhaul of aircraft engine combustion chambers, guides, fuel nozzles and related parts	Singapore	3,011	3,011	49.0	49.0
Eagle Services Asia Private Limited ##++	Repair and overhaul of aircraft engines	Singapore	71,588	71,588	49.0	49.0
Fuel Accessory Service Technologies Pte Ltd ##+	Repair and overhaul of engine fuel components and accessories	Singapore	5,071	5,071	49.0	49.0
PT Jas Aero-Engineering Services ^^++	Provide aircraft maintenance services, including technical and non-technical handling at the airport	Indonesia	3,675	3,675	49.0	49.0
PWA International Limited ###+	Repair, overhaul and re- manufacture of aircraft turbine engine cases, components and related parts	Ireland	6,217	6,217	49.0	49.0
Safran Electronics Asia Pte Ltd ^^^+	Provide avionics maintenance, repair and overhaul services	Singapore	13,479	13,479	49.0	49.0
Southern Airports Aircraft Maintenance Services Company Limited *****	Provide aircraft maintenance services, including technical and non-technical handling at the airport	Vietnam	1,117	1,117	49.0	49.0
Pan Asia Pacific Aviation Services Ltd ****	Provide aircraft maintenance services, including technical and non-technical handling at the airport	Hong Kong	3,224	3,224	47.1	47.1
JAMCO Aero Design & Engineering Pte Ltd ^^^^+++	Provide turnkey solutions for aircraft interior modifications	Singapore	767	767	45.0	45.0
Panasonic Avionics Services Singapore Pte. Ltd. @+++	IFE maintenance, repair & overhaul and ancillary services	Singapore	2,685	2,685	42.5	42.5

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16. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

The associated companies at 31 March are as follows:

		Country of incorporation and place of	(Cost	equit	ntage y held Group
Name of company	Principal activities	business	2015	2014	2015	2014
Goodrich Aerostructures Service Center-Asia Pte Ltd ##++	Repair and overhaul of aircraft nacelles, thrust reversers and pylons	Singapore	37,220	37,220	40.0	40.0
Messier Services Asia Private Limited ****	Repair and overhaul of Boeing and Airbus series landing gears	Singapore	13,971	13,971	40.0	40.0
Asian Surface Technologies Pte Ltd ^++	Repair and overhaul of aircraft engine fan blades	Singapore	2,718	2,718	39.2	39.2
International Aerospace Tubes - Asia Pte Ltd ##++	Repair of tubes, ducts and manifolds for aircraft engines and airframe application	Singapore	5,286	5,286	33.3	33.3
Asian Compressor Technology Services Co Ltd #++	Repair and overhaul of aircraft engine high pressure compressor stators	Taiwan	4,104	4,104	24.5	24.5
Turbine Coating Services Private Limited ##+	Repair and overhaul of aircraft engine turbine airfoils	Singapore	5,671	5,671	24.5	24.5
Jamco Singapore Pte Ltd ^^^^+++	Manufacturing and sales of aircraft cabin equipment	Singapore	3,965	β	20.0	β

- # Audited by PriceWaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan
- ## Audited by PriceWaterhouseCoopers, Singapore
- ### Audited by PriceWaterhouseCoopers, Ireland
- @ Audited by KPMG, Singapore
- * Audited by BDO Limited, Hong Kong
- ** Audited by Ernst & Young LLP, Singapore
- *** Audited by Deloitte & Touche, Vietnam
- ^ Audited by RSM Chio Lim, Singapore
- ^^ Audited by RSM AAJ, Indonesia
- ^^^ Audited by Deloitte & Touche, Singapore
- ^^^^ Audited by Foo Kon Tan LLP
- + Financial year end 30 November
- ++ Financial year end 31 December
- +++ Financial year end 31 March
- The Company entered into a share swap agreement with Jamco Corporation during the financial year as part of the restructuring of business of SJAMCO. Upon completion of the share swap agreement, the percentage of equity held in SJAMCO decreased from 65.0% in FY1314 to 20.0% in FY1415. SJAMCO was subsequently renamed as Jamco Singapore Pte Ltd.

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16. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

The carrying amount of the material investment is as follows:

	The Group 31 March	
	2015	2014
Eagle Services Asia Private Limited ("ESA")	145,904	144,932
Other associated companies	181,752	164,423
	327,656	309,355

The activities of ESA complement the Group's activities.

Dividends of approximately \$21,739,000 (2013-14: \$33,902,000) were received from ESA.

Summarised financial information in respect of ESA is as follows:

		3.	1 March
Funds employed: Current assets 273,071 348,775 Non-current assets 52,799 42,595 325,870 391,370 Current liabilities (26,686) (95,033) Non-current liabilities (1,421) (558) 297,763 295,779 Financed by: 297,763 295,779 Shareholders' equity 297,763 295,779 Summarised statement of comprehensive income Revenue 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378		2015	2014
Current assets 273,071 348,775 Non-current assets 52,799 42,595 325,870 391,370 Current liabilities (26,686) (95,033) Non-current liabilities (1,421) (558) 297,763 295,779 Financed by: 297,763 295,779 Shareholders' equity 297,763 295,779 Summarised statement of comprehensive income Revenue 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378	Summarised balance sheet		
Non-current assets 52,799 42,595 325,870 391,370 Current liabilities (26,686) (95,033) Non-current liabilities (1,421) (558) 297,763 295,779 Financed by: 297,763 295,779 Shareholders' equity 297,763 295,779 Summarised statement of comprehensive income Revenue 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378	Funds employed:		
Current liabilities (26,686) (95,033) Non-current liabilities (1,421) (558) 297,763 295,779 Financed by: 297,763 295,779 Shareholders' equity 297,763 295,779 Summarised statement of comprehensive income 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378	Current assets	273,071	348,775
Current liabilities (26,686) (95,033) Non-current liabilities (1,421) (558) 297,763 295,779 Financed by: 297,763 295,779 Shareholders' equity 2014-15 2013-14 Summarised statement of comprehensive income Revenue 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378	Non-current assets	52,799	42,595
Non-current liabilities (1,421) (558) 297,763 295,779 Financed by: 297,763 295,779 Shareholders' equity 2014-15 2013-14 Summarised statement of comprehensive income Revenue 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378		325,870	391,370
297,763 295,779 Financed by: 297,763 295,779 Shareholders' equity 2014-15 2013-14 Summarised statement of comprehensive income Revenue 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378	Current liabilities	(26,686)	(95,033)
Financed by: 297,763 295,779 Shareholders' equity 2014-15 2013-14 Summarised statement of comprehensive income 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378	Non-current liabilities	(1,421)	(558)
Shareholders' equity 297,763 295,779 2014-15 2013-14 Summarised statement of comprehensive income 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378		297,763	295,779
2014-152013-14Summarised statement of comprehensive incomeRevenue828,1611,077,057Profit after taxation from continuing operations21,68778,378	Financed by:		
Summarised statement of comprehensive income Revenue 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378	Shareholders' equity	297,763	295,779
Summarised statement of comprehensive income Revenue 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378		2014 45	2012 14
Revenue 828,161 1,077,057 Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378		2014-15	2013-14
Profit after taxation from continuing operations 21,687 78,378	Summarised statement of comprehensive income		
	Revenue	828,161	1,077,057
	Profit after taxation from continuing operations	21,687	78,378
		21,687	78,378

The summarised financial information presented is extracted from the last audited financial statements available and unaudited management financial statements of ESA, prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards.

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16. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

A reconciliation of the summarised financial information to the carrying amounts of ESA is as follows:

The Group

as follows:	2015 145,904 re not individually	2014 144,932 material are
Aggregate information about the Group's investment in associated companies that ar		
as follows:	re not individually	material are
The Group's share of the assets and liabilities comprises:		
	31	e Group March
Summarised balance sheet	2015	2014
Julillarised balance sheet		
<u>Funds employed:</u>		
Current assets	177,417	168,187
Non-current assets	60,337	55,152
Command Religibition	237,754	223,339
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	(52,586) (6,427)	(55,450)
Non-current habilities	178,741	(6,477 <u>)</u> 161,412
Financed by:	170,741	101,412
Shareholders' equity	178,741	161,412
The Group's share of the results is as follows:		
	The (Group
	2014-15	2013-14
Summarised statement of comprehensive income		
Profit or loss after tax from continuing operations	34,874	30,219
Other comprehensive income	(7)	12
Total comprehensive income	34,867	30,231

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17. JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES (in thousands of \$)

	The Group 31 March		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Company March
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Unquoted shares, at cost	56,599	56,599	56,599	56,599		
Share of post-acquisition reserves	100,991	94,437	_	_		
Share of other comprehensive income	(8,853)	(875)	_	_		
Translation adjustment	(12,561)	(23,684)	_	_		
•	136,176	126,477	56,599	56,599		

The joint venture companies at 31 March are as follows:

		Country of incorporation and place of	(Cost	equit	ntage y held Group
Name of company	Principal activities	business	2015	2014	2015	2014
International Engine Component Overhaul Pte Ltd	Repair and overhaul of aero engine components and parts	Singapore	10,067	10,067	50.0	50.0
Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte Ltd	Repair and overhaul of aircraft engines	Singapore	46,532	46,532	50.0	50.0

The joint venture companies are audited by Ernst and Young LLP, Singapore and have financial year end of 31 December.

The carrying amount of the material investment is as follows:

		e Group March
	2015	2014
Singapore Aero Engine Services Pte Ltd ("SAESL")	126,097	115,050
Other joint venture company	10,079	11,427
	136,176	126,477

The Group has 50% (2014: 50%) interest in the ownership and voting rights in SAESL. The activities of SAESL complement the Group's activities. The Group jointly controls SAESL with other partners under the contractual agreement and requires unanimous consent for all major decisions over the relevant activities.

Dividends of approximately \$49,802,000 (2013-14: \$80,949,000) were received from SAESL.

31 March 2015

17. JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of SAESL is as follows:

	3.	l March
	2015	2014
Summarised balance sheet		
Funds employed:		
Cash and short-term deposit	64,794	30,466
Other current assets	312,958	415,042
Total current assets	377,752	445,508
Non-current assets	223,975	173,789
Total assets	601,727	619,297
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade, other payables and provisions)	(77,176)	(96,054
Other current liabilities	(144,367)	(182,089
Total current liabilities	(221,543)	(278,143
Non-current financial liabilities	(127,990)	(111,054
Total liabilities	(349,533)	(389,197
Net assets	252,194	230,100
Financed by:		
Shareholders' equity	252,194	230,100
	2014-15	2013-14
Summarised statement of comprehensive income		
Revenue	1,443,459	2,253,833
Depreciation and amortisation	(10,743)	(11,499
Interest income	104	93
nterest expense	(1,188)	(928
Profit before tax	115,146	173,024
Taxation	(1,096)	33
Profit after taxation	114,050	173,05
Other comprehensive income	(12,795)	(1,29
Total comprehensive income	101,255	171,760

The summarised financial information presented is extracted from the last audited financial statements available and unaudited management financial statements of SAESL, prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards.

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17. JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

A reconciliation of the summarised financial information to the carrying amounts of SAESL is as follows:

		March
	2015	2014
	20.0	2011
Group's share of 50% of net assets	126,097	115,050
Aggregate information about the Group's investment in joint venture coas follows:	ompanies that are not individually	material are
The Group's share of the assets and liabilities comprises:		
		Group
		March
	2015	2014
Summarised balance sheet		
Funds employed:		
Current assets	4,830	6,995
Non-current assets	9,871	10,124
O THE LABOR	14,701	17,119
Current liabilities	(4,317)	(5,154)
Non-current liabilities	(305)	(538)
Financed by:	10,079	11,427
Shareholders' equity	10,079	11,427
- Constitution of the second o		,
The Group's share of the results is as follows:		
		Group
	2014-15	2013-14
Summarised statement of comprehensive income		
Profit or loss after tax from continuing operations	3,726	7,423
Other comprehensive income	(1,581)	(219)
Total comprehensive income	2,145	7,204
•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The Group

31 March 2015

18. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (in thousands of \$)

		and Company March
	2015	2014
Unquoted equity investments, at cost	14,606	14,606

The Company holds a 10% (2014: 10%) investment in ordinary shares of Hong Kong Aero Engine Services Limited, which is incorporated and operates in Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China.

During the year, the Group acquired a 0.15% equity interest in PT Mandala Airlines at S\$1.

19. TRADE DEBTORS (in thousands of \$)

The table below is an analysis of trade debtors as at 31 March:

		Group	The Company	
		March		March
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Not past due and not impaired	48,273	52,674	33,804	31,075
Past due but not impaired *	34,560	44,730	30,447	35,997
	82,833	97,404	64,251	67,072
Impaired trade debtors – collectively assessed	8,716	2,727	6,975	2,067
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(8,716)	(2,727)	(6,975)	(2,067)
	-		-	_
Impaired trade debtors – individually assessed:				
Customers in bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation Customers who default in payment within stipulated	1	3,208	-	3,148
framework	_	40	_	_
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(1)	(3,248)	_	(3,148)
_	_			_
Total trade debtors, net	82,833	97,404	64,251	67,072
* Aging of trade debtors that are past due but not impaired				
Less than 30 days	18,573	29,838	18,224	26,876
30 days to 60 days	5,791	6,702	5,089	4,501
61 days to 90 days	1,723	2,294	1,096	1,633
More than 90 days	8,473	5,896	6,038	2,987
	34,560	44,730	30,447	35,997

Trade debtors are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 to 90 days' terms. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition. The carrying amount of trade debtors impaired by credit losses is reduced through the use of an allowance account unless on the date the impairment loss is recognised, the Group ascertains the amount to be uncollectible whereby it would be reduced directly. In subsequent periods when a trade debtor is ascertained to be uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

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19. TRADE DEBTORS (in thousands of \$) (continued)

Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade debtor is impaired. Individual trade debt is written off when management deems the amount not to be collectible.

Trade debtors are stated after deducting impairment losses. An analysis of the impairment loss account is as follows:

	The Group 31 March			ompany March
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Balance at 1 April	5,975	5,793	5,215	5,753
Charge/ (Write-back) to profit or loss, net	6,313	418	5,245	(538)
Provision utilised during the year	(3,571)	(236)	(3,485)	_
Balance at 31 March	8,717	5,975	6,975	5,215
Bad debts written-off directly to profit or loss, net of debts recovered		26		26

As at 31 March 2015, 92% of trade debtors (2014: 96%) were held in United States dollars by the Group.

20. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER DEBTORS (in thousands of \$)

		·			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Prepayments	7,188	5,318	2,404	2,307	
Other debtors	5,553	13,818	2,902	10,970	
	12,741	19,136	5,306	13,277	

Included in other debtors are deposits of approximately \$1,720,000 (2014: \$1,376,000) and fair value change of forward contracts of approximately \$301,000 for the Group in 2014 and deposits of approximately \$309,000 (2014: \$367,000) and fair value change of forward contracts of approximately \$301,000 for the Company in 2014.

The contract/ notional amounts of the forward currency contracts as at 31 March 2014 were approximately \$152,790,000 for the Group and the Company. These contracts were entered into by the Company's immediate holding company, on behalf of the Group and the Company.

31 March 2015

21. IMMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY (in thousands of \$)

The amounts due from the immediate holding company, which are carried at cost, are unsecured, trade-related, interest-free and are repayable based on agreed trade terms. The Group has an arrangement with its immediate holding company to settle the net amounts due to or from each other in cash, based on the agreed terms.

The Group's receivables and payables from/ (to) immediate holding company that are offset are as follows:

		The Group 31 March 2015 Gross			The Company 31 March 2015 Gross	
	Gross carrying	amounts offset in the	Net amounts in the balance	Gross carrying	amounts offset in the	Net amounts in the balance
	amounts	balance sheet	sheet	amounts	balance sheet	sheet
Receivables Payables	113,548 69,538	(69,538) (69,538)	44,010	112,679 69,529	(69,529) (69,529)	43,150
		The Group			The Company	
		31 March 2014			31 March 2014	
		Gross			Gross	
	Gross	amounts	Net amounts in	Gross	amounts	Net amounts in
	carrying	offset in the	the balance	carrying	offset in the	the balance
	amounts	balance sheet	sheet_	amounts	balance sheet	sheet
Receivables	123,300	(66,127)	57,173	121,153	(66,127)	55,026
Payables	66,127	(66,127)	_	66,127	(66,127)	_

22. AMOUNTS OWING BY/ (TO) RELATED PARTIES (in thousands of \$)

The amounts owing by/ (to) related parties of the Group are unsecured, trade-related, interest-free and are repayable based on agreed trade terms. The Group has an arrangement with its related parties to settle the net amounts due to or from each other in cash, based on the agreed terms.

	The Group 31 March 2015 2014			ompany March
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Amounts owing by related parties				
 Fellow subsidiaries 	39,277	29,815	39,114	29,651
- Subsidiaries	_	_	_	2,660
 Joint venture/ associated companies 	5,251	5,170	5,122	4,786
- Others	136	13,857	136	13,822
	44,664	48,842	44,372	50,919
Amounts owing to related parties				
- Subsidiaries	_	_	(16,012)	(16,737)
 Joint venture/ associated companies 	(618)	(2,732)	(594)	(2,716)
- Others	(1,771)	(1,371)	(1,744)	(1,355)
	(2,389)	(4,103)	(18,350)	(20,808)

31 March 2015

22. AMOUNTS OWING BY/ (TO) RELATED PARTIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

The Group's receivables and payables from/ (to) related parties that are offset are as follows:

		The Group 31 March 201	5		The Company 31 March 201	
	Gross carrying amounts	Gross amounts offset in the balance sheet	Net amounts in the balance sheet	Gross carrying amounts	Gross amounts offset in the balance sheet	Net amounts in the balance sheet
Amounts owing by related parties - Fellow subsidiaries	43,780	(4,503)	39,277	43,575	(4,461)	39,114
Joint venture/						
associated companies	5,620	(369)		5,491	(369)	
– Others	136		136	136		136
-	49,536	(4,872)	44,664	49,202	(4,830)	44,372
Amounts owing to related parties						
SubsidiariesJoint venture/	-	-	_	(19,715)	3,703	(16,012)
associated companies – Others	(1,267) (1,771)	649	(618) (1,771)	(1,243) (1,744)	649	(594) (1,744)
-	(3,038)	649	(2,389)	(22,702)	4,352	(18,350)
	Gross carrying	The Group 31 March 201 Gross amounts offset in the	Net amounts in the balance	Gross carrying	The Company 31 March 201 Gross amounts offset in the	Net amounts in the balance
Assessment and a least lateral	amounts	balance sheet	sheet	amounts	balance sheet	sheet
Amounts owing by related parties						
– Fellow subsidiaries	34,467	(4,652)	29,815	34,303	(4,652)	29,651
SubsidiariesJoint venture/	_	_	_	3,167	(507)	2,660
associated companies	5,208	(38)	5,170	4,824	(38)	
– Others	13,857	_	13,857	13,822	_	13,822
-	53,532	(4,690)	48,842	56,116	(5,197)	50,919
Amounts owing to related parties						
SubsidiariesJoint venture/	_	_	_	(19,712)	2,975	(16,737)
associated companies – Others	(3,004) (1,371)	272	(2,732) (1,371)	(2,988) (1,355)	272	(2,716) (1,355)
- Juieis	(4,375)	272	(4,103)	(24,055)	3,247	(20,808)
-	(+,5/3)		(4,103)	(27,000)	3,247	(20,000)

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23. INVENTORIES (in thousands of \$)

		Group March	The Company 31 March	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Aircraft and component spares	33,222	37,123	28,723	32,152
Consumable stores and stocks	4,254	3,775	70	387
Raw materials	38	3,456	_	_
Total inventories at lower of cost and net realisable value	37,514	44,354	28,793	32,539

Inventories are stated after deducting provision for stock obsolescence. An analysis of the provision for stock obsolescence is as follows:

		Group March	The Company 31 March	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Balance at 1 April	18,717	15,811	17,884	15,294
Charge to profit or loss, net	6,222	4,839	5,582	4,509
Provision utilised during the year	(2,460)	(1,933)	(1,855)	(1,919)
Balance at 31 March	22,479	18,717	21,611	17,884

24. SHORT-TERM DEPOSITS (in thousands of \$)

		Group March	The Company 31 March	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Deposits placed with the immediate holding company	394,747	480,178	394,747	480,178
Fixed deposits placed with banks	8,401	4,722	1,503	1,502
	403,148	484,900	396,250	481,680

Funds surplus to the Group's working capital requirements are placed in short-term deposits with the immediate holding company and external financial institutions for varying periods depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group. These deposits earn interest ranging from 0.01% to 1.5% (2014: 0.01% to 1.3%) per annum and can be withdrawn on demand. The interest rates are repriced at varying periods ranging from 1 to 12 months (2014: 1 to 12 months).

As at 31 March 2015, 13% of short-term deposits (2014: 1%) were held in United States dollars by the Group.

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

These balances are placed in current accounts earning interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates ranging from 0.0% to 0.25% (2014: 0.0% to 0.3%) per annum.

As at 31 March 2015, 40% of cash and bank balances (2014: 36%) were held in United States dollars by the Group.

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26. TRADE AND OTHER CREDITORS (in thousands of \$)

		e Group March	The Company 31 March	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Trade	67,500	59,306	63,231	50,366
Accruals	158,818	182,061	141,332	158,372
Provision for warranty claims	187	187	187	187
Sundry	929	375	_	_
•	227,434	241,929	204,750	208,925

These amounts are non-interest bearing.

Included in trade and other creditors are fair value change of forward contracts of approximately \$6,458,000 for the Group and the Company. The contract/ notional amounts of the forward currency contracts as at 31 March 2015 were approximately \$74,886,000 for the Group and the Company. These contracts were entered into by the Company's immediate holding company, on behalf of the Group and the Company.

As at 31 March 2015, 22% of trade creditors (2014: 24%) were held in United States dollars by the Group.

27. BANK LOANS (in thousands of \$)

	The C 31 M	Broup Iarch
	2015	2014
Current liabilities		
Revolving credit facility	9,288	8,236
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term bank loan	23,928	13,614

The revolving credit facility denominated in United States dollars taken by a subsidiary company is unsecured and bears a fixed interest at 2.75% per annum (2014: 2.5% per annum). The current revolving credit facility shall be repayable within 12 months after the reporting date.

The long-term bank loan denominated in United States dollars taken by a subsidiary company is unsecured and bears interest at an average floating rate of 1.47% per annum (2014: 1.47% per annum), re-priced quarterly. This loan is repayable by 29 April 2022.

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28. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (in thousands of \$)

	The	Group
	2014-15	2013-14
Profit before taxation	205,412	293,947
Adjustments for:		
Interest income	(1,425)	(1,511)
Interest on external borrowings	274	174
Depreciation	41,416	35,718
Amortisation of intangibles	1,451	1,340
Share of profits of associated and joint venture companies, net of tax	(106,252)	(162,576)
Dividend income from a long-term investment	(8,130)	(13,820)
Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(145)	(649)
Surplus on disposal of a subsidiary company	(5,771)	_
Exchange differences	(4,849)	3,609
Share-based compensation expense	2,547	998
Operating profit before working capital changes	124,528	157,230
Decrease/ (increase) in debtors	22,500	(32,146)
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories and work-in-progress	(22,860)	797
Decrease in creditors	(19,089)	(4,555)
Decrease in amounts owing by immediate holding company	12,296	7,860
Decrease in amounts owing by related parties, net	2,003	7,367
Cash generated from operations	119,378	136,553
Income taxes paid	(23,315)	(23,654)
Net cash provided by operating activities	96,063	112,899

29. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital expenditure commitments

The Group and the Company have commitments for capital expenditures, with an aggregate value of approximately \$63,269,000 (2014: \$61,536,000) for the Group and \$18,175,000 (2014: \$18,738,000) for the Company.

In addition, the Group's share of a joint venture company's purchase commitments for capital expenditure totalled approximately \$24,172,000 (2014: \$2,524,000).

(b) Operating lease commitments (in thousands of \$)

The Group has entered into operating lease agreements for certain equipment and leasehold land and buildings. These non-cancellable leases have lease terms of between 1 and 50 years. There are no restrictions placed upon the Group or the Company by these lease arrangements.

Future lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

		Group March
	2015	2014
Within one year	16,747	15,969
After one year but less than five years	19,283	21,383
More than five years	53,106	58,106
-	89,136	95,458

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (in thousands of \$)

(a) Classification of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis either at fair value or at amortised cost. The principal accounting policies in Note 2 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities in the balance sheet by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis:

	Loans and receivables	Available-for- sale financial assets	Derivatives used for hedging	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
The Group					
2015					
Assets					
Unquoted equity investments	_	14,606	_	_	14,606
Trade debtors	82,833	_	_	_	82,833
Other debtors	5,553	_	_	_	5,553
Immediate holding company	44,010	_	_	_	44,010
Amounts owing by related parties	44,664	_	_	_	44,664
Short-term deposits	403,148	_	_	_	403,148
Cash and bank balances	60,592	_	_	_	60,592
Total financial assets	640,800	14,606	_	_	655,406
Total non-financial assets					1,001,210
Total assets					1,656,616
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Trade and other creditors	_	_	6,458	220,789	227,247
Amounts owing to related parties	_	_	_	2,389	2,389
Bank loans	_	_	_	9,288	9,288
Long-term bank loan	_	_	_	23,928	23,928
Total financial liabilities	_	_	6,458	256,394	262,852
Total non-financial liabilities					44,164
Total liabilities				-	307,016

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (continued)

	Loans and receivables	Available-for sale financial assets	Derivatives used for hedging	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
The Group					
2014					
<u>Assets</u>					
Unquoted equity investment	_	14,606	_	_	14,606
Trade debtors	97,404	_	_	_	97,404
Other debtors	13,517	_	301	_	13,818
Immediate holding company	57,173	_	_	_	57,173
Amounts owing by related parties	48,842	_	_	_	48,842
Short-term deposits	484,900	_	_	_	484,900
Cash and bank balances	50,765	_	_	_	50,765
Total financial assets	752,601	14,606	301	_	767,508
Total non-financial assets				_	939,557
Total assets					1,707,065
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Trade and other creditors	_	_	_	241,742	241,742
Amounts owing to related parties	_	_	_	4,103	4,103
Bank loans	_	_	_	8,236	8,236
Long-term bank loan	_	_	_	13,614	13,614
Total financial liabilities	_	_	_	267,695	267,695
Total non-financial liabilities					48,908
Total liabilities					316,603

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (continued)

	Loans and receivables	Available-for- sale financial assets	Derivatives used for hedging	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
The Company					
2015					
<u>Assets</u>					
Unquoted equity investments	_	14,606	_	_	14,606
Loan to a subsidiary company	5,982	_	_	_	5,982
Trade debtors	64,251	_	_	_	64,251
Other debtors	2,902	_	_	_	2,902
Immediate holding company	43,150	_	_	_	43,150
Amounts owing by related parties	44,372	_	_	_	44,372
Short-term deposits	396,250	_	_	_	396,250
Cash and bank balances	44,062	_	_	_	44,062
Total financial assets	600,969	14,606	_	_	615,575
Total non-financial assets					746,928
Total assets					1,362,503
Liabilities					
Trade and other creditors	_	_	6,458	198,105	204,563
Amounts owing to related parties	_	_	· <u>-</u>	18,350	18,350
Total financial liabilities	_	_	6,458	216,455	222,913
Total non-financial liabilities				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	39,235
Total liabilities					262,148

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (continued)

	Loans and receivables	Available-for- sale financial assets	Derivatives used for hedging	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Total
The Company			<u> </u>		
2014					
Assets					
Unquoted equity investment	_	14,606	_	_	14,606
Loan to a subsidiary company	5,152	_	_	_	5,152
Trade debtors	67,072	_	_	_	67,072
Other debtors	10,669	_	301	_	10,970
Immediate holding company	55,026	_	_	_	55,026
Amounts owing by related parties	50,919	_	_	_	50,919
Short-term deposits	481,680	_	_	_	481,680
Cash and bank balances	35,471	_	_	_	35,471
Total financial assets	705,989	14,606	301	_	720,896
Total non-financial assets					712,089
Total assets					1,432,985
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Trade and other creditors	_	_	_	208,738	208,738
Amounts owing to related parties	_	_	_	20,808	20,808
Total financial liabilities	_	_	_	229,546	229,546
Total non-financial liabilities					43,904
Total liabilities					273,450

(b) Fair values

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged or settled between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

Financial instruments carried at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The Group categorises fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that is dependent on the valuation inputs used as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices), and
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(b) Fair values (continued)

Financial instruments carried at fair value (continued)

Fair value measurements that use inputs of different hierarchy levels are categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The following table shows an analysis of each class of assets and liabilities measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period:

		The Group and the		
		Significant	J15	
	Quoted prices in active	other observable		
	markets for	inputs, other	Significant	
	identical instruments	than quoted	unobservable	Total
		price	inputs	IOtal
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial liability:				
Derivative financial instrument				
Currency hedging contracts	_	6,458	_	6,458
, 3 3	_	6,458	_	6,458
		The Group and the	· Company	
		31 March 20	014	
		Significant		
	Quoted prices	other		
	in active	observable		
	markets for	inputs, other	Significant	
	identical	than quoted	unobservable	
	instruments	price	inputs	Total
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Eta anatal assati				
Financial asset:				
Derivative financial instruments		204		204
Currency hedging contracts		301 301		301
		301		301

Level 2 fair value measurements

The Group and Company have carried all derivative instruments at their fair values.

The fair value of forward currency contracts is determined by reference to current forward exchange rates for contracts with similar maturity profiles.

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30. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(b) Fair values (continued)

Financial instruments whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The carrying amounts of the following financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of their fair values due to their short-term nature: cash and bank balances, short-term deposits, amounts owing by/ to related parties, immediate holding company, loans, trade and other debtors and creditors.

The carrying amounts of the long-term loan and loan to a subsidiary company are reasonable approximation of fair value as the loans are floating rate loans that are re-priced to market interest rate quarterly.

Financial instruments carried at cost

	The Group and Company					
	201	2015				
	Carrying		Carrying			
	amount	Fair value amount		Fair value		
Financial assets						
Long-term investments	14,606	#	14,606	#		

[#] Unquoted shares in the long-term investments stated at cost have no market prices and the fair value cannot be reliably measured using valuation techniques. The Group and the Company have no intention to dispose of their interests in the above investments in the foreseeable future.

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (in thousands of \$)

The Group operates principally in Singapore and generates revenue mainly in Singapore dollars. The Group also has investments in subsidiary, associated and joint venture companies that operate in nine countries. The Group's operations carry certain financial risks, including the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Group's risk management approach is to moderate the effects of such volatility on its financial performance. The Group's policy permits the use of derivatives to hedge specific exposures.

As derivatives are used for the purpose of risk management, they do not expose the Group to market risk because gains and losses on the derivatives offset losses and gains on the matching asset, liability and expected future cash flows being hedged. Moreover, counterparty credit risk is generally restricted to any hedging gain from time to time, and not the principal amount hedged. Therefore the possibility of material loss arising in the event of non-performance by a counterparty is considered to be unlikely.

The Audit Committee provides oversight to the work of the Group Risk Management Committee in respect of financial risks.

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31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures arising from operating revenues and expenses that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Group entities, primarily, Singapore dollars (SGD), Australian dollars (AUD), Philippine Pesos (PHP), and United States dollars (USD). The foreign currencies in which these transactions are denominated are mainly United States dollars. For the financial year ended 31 March 2015, these accounted for 33% of total revenue (2013-14: 32%) and 19% of total operating expenses (2013-14: 16%). The Group's trade receivable and trade payable balances at the balance sheet date have similar exposures.

The Group and Company also hold cash and cash equivalents in foreign currency, denominated mainly in USD, for working capital purposes. At the end of the reporting period, such USD balances amounted to approximately \$75,911,000 (2014: \$25,039,000) and \$62,988,000 (2014: \$12,875,000) for the Group and the Company respectively.

The Group manages its foreign exchange exposure by a policy of matching, as far as possible, receipts and payments in each individual currency. Surpluses of convertible currencies are sold, as soon as practicable, for Singapore dollars. The Group also uses forward foreign currency contracts to hedge a portion of its future foreign exchange exposure. Such contracts provide for the Group to sell United States dollars at predetermined forward rates, depending on forecast requirements, with settlement dates that range up to one year. The Group uses forward contracts purely as a hedging tool. It does not take positions in currencies with a view to make speculative gains from currency movements.

Cash flow hedges

The Company enters into forward currency contracts to hedge against foreign currency risk for a portion of the forecast net cash generation of USD in the next 12 months.

The cash flow hedges of the expected inflows and outflows in USD in the next 12 months were assessed to be highly effective and at 31 March 2015, a net fair value loss before tax of \$6,458,000 (2014: net fair value gain before tax of \$301,000) with a related deferred tax asset of \$1,098,000 (2013-14: deferred tax liability of \$51,000), were included in fair value reserve in respect of these contracts.

The cash flows arising from these derivatives are expected to occur and enter into the determination of profit or loss in the next financial year.

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The foreign currency risk sensitivity analysis is based on the assumption that all cash flow hedges are highly effective; hence there will be no impact on profit before taxation from the cash flow hedges.

The following table details the sensitivity to a 1% strengthening or weakening of USD exchange rate against the SGD with all other variables held constant. The sensitivity analysis includes only the USD currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 1% change in foreign currency rate.

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31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(a) Foreign currency risk (continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis (continued)

	The Group 31 March			ompany March
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Effect of strengthening of USD Profit before taxation R1 Equity R2	698	337	838	330
	(813)	(1,525)	(813)	(1,525)
Effect of weakening of USD Profit before taxation R1 Equity R2	(698)	(337)	(838)	(330)
	813	1,525	813	1,525

R1 Sensitivity analysis on significant outstanding USD denominated monetary items.

(b) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market risk for changes in the interest rates relates primarily to the Group's short-term deposits with the immediate holding company and banks and other interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities.

As at 31 March 2015, other than those short-term deposit and borrowings, the Group has a long-term bank loan which is subject to floating rate and re-priced quarterly.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

At the end of the reporting period, if the floating rates had been 50 basis points lower/ higher with all other variable held constant, the Group's profit before tax would have been approximately \$102,000 (2014: \$32,000) higher/ lower, arising mainly as a result of lower/ higher interest expense on the floating rate loan.

(c) Credit and Counterparty risk

The Group's and Company's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event that counterparties fail to perform their obligations as at 31 March 2015 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets are as follows:

		The Group 31 March		
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Unquoted equity investments	14,606	14,606	14,606	14,606
Loan to a subsidiary company	_	_	5,982	5,152
Trade debtors	82,833	97,404	64,251	67,072
Other debtors	5,553	13,818	2,902	10,970
Immediate holding company	44,010	57,173	43,150	55,026
Amounts owing by related parties	44,664	48,842	44,372	50,919
Short-term deposits	403,148	484,900	396,250	481,680
Cash and bank balances	60,592	50,765	44,062	35,471
	655,406	767,508	615,575	720,896

R2 Sensitivity analysis on outstanding USD hedging contracts.

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31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(c) Credit and Counterparty risk (continued)

Surplus funds are invested in interest-bearing bank deposits and deposits with immediate holding company. Counterparty risks are managed by limiting aggregated exposure on all outstanding financial instruments to any individual counterparty, taking into account its credit rating. Such counterparty exposures are regularly reviewed, and adjusted as necessary. This mitigates the risk of material loss arising in the event of non-performance by counterparties.

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are with creditworthy debtors. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade debtors are limited to the entities comprising the Group's customer base. The Group carefully assesses the financial strength of its customers and where appropriate, obtains collaterals, including bank guarantees and letters of credit, from customers. In addition, the Group monitors the receivable balances on an ongoing basis, providing for doubtful accounts whenever risks are identified. At 31 March 2015, the only trade debtor exceeding 15% of the Group's trade debtors was an amount of approximately \$44,010,000 (2014: \$57,173,000) due from its immediate holding company, Singapore Airlines Limited.

The Group determines concentrations of credit risk by monitoring the industry, country and credit rating of its counterparties. The table below shows an analysis of credit risk exposure of balances that exceed 5% of the financial assets of the Group and the Company as at 31 March:

		The Group				The Company			
		Outstanding Percentage of total balance financial assets		Outstanding balance		Percentage of total financial assets			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Counterparty profiles									
By industry:									
Airlines	542,381	649,171	83%	85%	523,084	619,734	85%	86%	
Financial institutions	67,482	55,470	10%	7%	44,062	36,973	7%	5%	
Others	25,384	34,443	4%	4%	24,939	33,461	4%	5%	
	635,247	739,084	97%	96%	592,085	690,168	96%	96%	
By region:									
East Asia	583,176	679,241	89%	89%	550,298	639,281	89%	89%	
Europe	25,101	25,307	4%	3%	24,998	25,305	4%	4%	
South West Pacific	10,346	10,533	1%	1%	6,341	8,430	1%	1%	
Americas	10,958	10,521	2%	1%	4,940	3,854	1%	0%	
West Asia and Africa	5,666	13,482	1%	2%	5,508	13,298	1%	2%	
	635,247	739,084	97%	96%	592,085	690,168	96%	96%	
By Moody's credit ratings	:								
Investment grade									
(A to Aaa)	57,931	49,179	9%	6%	44,062	36,973	7%	5%	
Non-rated	577,316	689,905	88%	90%	548,023	653,195	89%	91%	
	635,247	739,084	97%	96%	592,085	690,168	96%	96%	

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31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its net operating cash flows and maintains an adequate level of cash and cash equivalents and credit facilities from financial institutions. As at 31 March 2015, the Group had at its disposal, cash and short-term deposits amounting to approximately \$463,740,000 (2014: \$535,665,000). In addition, the Group had available short-term credit facilities of approximately \$27,323,000 (2014: \$25,718,000).

The Group's holding of cash and short-term deposits, together with credit facilities and net cash flow from operations, are expected to be sufficient for working capital purposes as well as future capital commitments. The shortfall, if any, could be met by bank borrowings.

The maturity profile of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group and the Company is as follows. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
The Group							
2015							
Financial assets							
Unquoted equity investments	_	_	_	_	_	14,606	14,606
Trade and other debtors	88,386	_	_	_	_	_	88,386
Immediate holding company	44,010	_	_	_	_	_	44,010
Amounts owing by related parties	44,664	_	_	_	_	_	44,664
Short-term deposits	403,461	_	_	_	_	_	403,461
Cash and bank balances	60,592	_	_	_	_	_	60,592
Total undiscounted							
financial assets	641,113	_	_	_	_	14,606	655,719
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other creditors	220,789	_	_	_	_	_	220,789
Amounts owing to related parties	2,389	_	_	_	_	_	2,389
Bank loans	9,315	_	_	_	_	_	9,315
Derivative financial instruments:	•						•
Forward currency contracts							
– gross receipts	(74,885)	_	_	_	_	_	(74,885)
Forward currency contracts	()						(, , = = = ,
– gross payments	81,343	_	_	_	_	_	81,343
Long-term bank loan	1,279	2,214	3,136	3,096	4,719	10,915	25,359
Total undiscounted	1,721				.,	10/110	
financial liabilities	240,230	2,214	3,136	3,096	4,719	10,915	264,310
Net total undiscounted							
financial assets	400,883	(2,214)	(3,136)	(3,096)	(4,719)	3,691	391,409

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31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
The Company							
2015							
Financial assets							
Unquoted equity investments	_	_	_	_	_	14,606	14,606
Loan to a subsidiary company	1,103	243	2,335	149	3,497	_	7,327
Trade and other debtors	67,153	_	_	_	_	_	67,153
Immediate holding company	43,150	_	_	_	_	_	43,150
Amounts owing by related parties	44,372	_	_	_	_	_	44,372
Short-term deposits	396,563	_	_	_	_	_	396,563
Cash and bank balances	44,062	_	_	_	_	_	44,062
Total undiscounted							
financial assets	596,403	243	2,335	149	3,497	14,606	617,233
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other creditors	198,105	_	_	_	_	_	198,105
Amounts owing to related parties	18,350	_	_	_	_	_	18,350
Derivative financial instruments:	10,000						10,000
Forward currency contracts							
– gross receipts	(74,885)	_	_	_	_	_	(74,885)
Forward currency contracts							
– gross payments	81,343	_	_	_	_	_	81,343
Total undiscounted							
financial liabilities	222,913	_	_	_	_	_	222,913
Net total undiscounted							
financial assets	373,490	243	2,335	149	3,497	14,606	394,320

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31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
The Group	, , ,	,	<i>y</i> 202	<i>y</i> = 0 =	, , , , , ,	2 / 2 2	
2014							
Financial assets							
Unquoted equity investment	_	_	_	_	_	14,606	14,606
Trade and other debtors	110,921	_	_	_	_	_	110,921
Derivative financial instruments: Forward currency contracts							
gross receiptsForward currency contracts	152,790	-	-	-	-	-	152,790
gross payments	(152,489)	_	_	_	_	_	(152,489)
Immediate holding company	57,173	_	_	_	_	_	57,173
Amounts owing by related parties	48,842	_	_	_	_	_	48,842
Short-term deposits	485,275	_	_	_	_	_	485,275
Cash and bank balances	50,765	_	_	_	_	_	50,765
Total undiscounted							
financial assets	753,277	_	_	_	_	14,606	767,883
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other creditors	241,742	_	_	_	_	_	241,742
Amounts owing to related parties	4,103	_	_	_	_	_	4,103
Bank loans	8,257	_	_	_	_	_	8,257
Long-term bank loan	150	722	1,254	1,780	1,758	8,890	14,554
Total undiscounted							
financial liabilities	254,252	722	1,254	1,780	1,758	8,890	268,656
Net total undiscounted							
financial assets	499,025	(722)	(1,254)	(1,780)	(1,758)	5,716	499,227

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31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

	Within 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
The Company							
2014							
Financial assets							
Unquoted equity investment	_	_	_	_	_	14,606	14,606
Loan to a subsidiary company	268	268	268	2,596	154	3,297	6,851
Trade and other debtors	77,741	_	_	_	_	_	77,741
Derivative financial instruments:							
Forward currency contracts							
gross receipts	152,790	_	_	_	_	_	152,790
Forward currency contracts							
gross payments	(152,489)	_	_	_	_	_	(152,489)
Immediate holding company	55,026	_	_	_	_	_	55,026
Amounts owing by related parties	50,919	_	_	_	_	_	50,919
Short-term deposits	482,055	_	_	_	_	_	482,055
Cash and bank balances	35,471	_		_	_	_	35,471
Total undiscounted							
financial assets	701,781	268	268	2,596	154	17,903	722,970
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other creditors	208,738	_	_	_	_	_	208,738
Amounts owing to related parties	20,808	_	_	_	_	_	20,808
Total undiscounted							
financial liabilities	229,546	_	_	_	_	_	229,546
Net total undiscounted							
financial assets	472,235	268	268	2,596	154	17,903	493,424

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32. SEGMENT INFORMATION (in thousands of \$)

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on the nature of the services provided, and has the reportable operating segments as follows:

- The repair and overhaul segment provides airframe maintenance, component overhaul, engine repair and overhaul services, and fleet management programme. These services include scheduled routine maintenance and overhaul, specialised and non-routine maintenance, modification and refurbishment programs. Fleet management programme encompasses fleet technical management and inventory technical management services, which include the provision of comprehensive engineering and MRO solutions that can be customised to provide maintenance support to airlines.
- The line maintenance segment provides aircraft certification and technical ground handling services such as pushback and towing, and the provision of aircraft ground support equipment and rectification work.

Except as indicated above, no operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

All other unallocated items will be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which, in certain respects, as explained in the table below, is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

Segment liabilities are not available as the information is not used by management to make operating decisions.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on agreed terms between the operating segments.

The Group's businesses are organised and managed separately according to the nature of the services provided. The following tables present revenue and profit information regarding operating segments for the financial years ended 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014 and certain assets information of the operating segments as at those dates.

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32. SEGMENT INFORMATION (in thousands of \$) (continued)

Operating Segments

	Notes	Repair and overhaul	Line maintenance	Total segments	Consolidation eliminations & adjustments	Per consolidated financial statements
2014-15						
TOTAL REVENUE						
External revenue		678,375	442,216	1,120,591	_	1,120,591
Inter-segment revenue	(a) _	243	9,269	9,512	(9,512)	
RESULTS	-	678,618	451,485	1,130,103	(9,512)	1,120,591
Segment results		(14,326)	98,289	83,963		83,963
Interest income						1,425
Surplus on disposal of a subsidiary company Dividend income from						5,771
long-term investment Share of profits of associated						8,130
companies, net of tax		42,644	2,857	45,501		45,501
Share of profits of joint venture companies, net of tax		60,751		60,751		60,751
Other unallocated expense	(b)	00,731	_	00,731		(129)
Profit before taxation	(6)					205,412
Taxation						(20,044)
Profit for the financial year						185,368
Other segment items						
Depreciation		34,113	7,303	41,416		41,416
Amortisation of intangibles		867	584	1,451		1,451
Segment assets						
Property, plant and equipment		304,120	39,963	344,083		344,083
Intangibles Investment in associated/		59,736	1,806	61,542		61,542
joint venture companies		454,499	9,333	463,832		463,832
Other unallocated assets	(c)					787,159
Total assets		818,355	51,102	869,457		1,656,616

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32. SEGMENT INFORMATION (in thousands of \$) (continued)

Operating segments (continued)

	Notes	Repair and overhaul	Line maintenance	Total segments	Consolidation eliminations & adjustments	Per consolidated financial statements
2013-14						
TOTAL REVENUE						
External revenue		743,593	434,622	1,178,215	_	1,178,215
Inter-segment revenue	(a)	26,414	623	27,037	(27,037)	
		770,007	435,245	1,205,252	(27,037)	1,178,215
RESULTS						
Segment results		32,429	83,136	115,565		115,565
Interest income Dividend income from						1,511
long-term investment Share of profits of associated						13,820
companies, net of tax Share of profits of joint venture		65,882	2,742	68,624		68,624
companies, net of tax		93,952	_	93,952		93,952
Other unallocated income	(b)					475
Profit before taxation						293,947
Taxation						(22,972)
Profit for the financial year						270,975
Other segment items						
Depreciation		29,619	6,099	35,718		35,718
Amortisation of intangibles		902	438	1,340		1,340
Segment assets						
Property, plant and equipment		298,235	38,965	337,200		337,200
Intangibles Investment in associated/		52,873	1,409	54,282		54,282
joint venture companies		427,958	7,874	435,832		435,832
Other unallocated assets	(c)	•	•	•		879,751
Total assets	-	779,066	48,248	827,314		1,707,065

Notes:

- (a) Inter-segment revenues are eliminated on consolidation.
- (b) The following items are added to/ (deducted from) segment result to arrive at "profit before taxation" presented in the consolidated income statement:

	The G	iroup
	2014-15	2013-14
Interest on external borrowings	(274)	(174)
Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment	145	649
	(129)	475

31 March 2015

32. SEGMENT INFORMATION (in thousands of \$) (continued)

(c) The following items are added to segment assets to arrive at total assets reported in the consolidated balance sheet:

		Group March
	2015	2014
Long-term investments	14,606	14,606
Current assets	772,553	865,145
	787,159	879,751

Geographical segments

Revenue and non-current assets information based on geographical location of customers and assets respectively are as follows:

	R	evenue		rrent assets March
	2014-15	2013-14	2015	2014
East Asia	880,929	911,796	820,628	784,695
Europe	119,633	155,138	4,858	4,895
South West Pacific	53,693	49,382	1,181	1,474
Americas	27,250	43,538	57,396	50,856
West Asia and Africa	39,086	18,361	_	_
Total	1,120,591	1,178,215	884,063	841,920

Non-current assets information presented above consists of property, plant and equipment, intangibles, long-term investments and investments in associated and joint venture companies as presented in the consolidated balance sheet.

Major customers

Revenue from one major customer amounted to approximately \$457,021,000 (2013-14: \$507,631,000), arising from sales by repair & overhaul and line maintenance segments.

33. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (in thousands of \$)

The primary objective of the management of the Company's capital structure is to maintain an appropriate capital base while retaining financial flexibility to pursue business opportunities and adequate access to liquidity to mitigate the effect of unforeseen events on cash flows.

The Directors regularly review the Company's capital structure and make adjustments to reflect economic conditions, business strategies and future commitments.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2015, the Company made a total dividend payment to shareholders of approximately \$268,993,000 (2013-14: \$244,862,000).

No significant changes were made in the objective, policies or processes relating to the management of the Company's capital structure during the years ended 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014.

31 March 2015

33. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (in thousands of \$) (continued)

Capital for the Group and Company is tabulated below:

		ne Group 1 March		Company 1 March
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Total debt:				
Bank loans	9,288	8,236	_	_
Long-term bank loan	23,928	13,614	_	_
-	33,216	21,850		_
Total capital:				
Share capital	410,721	387,358	410,721	387,358
Reserves	914,162	973,521	689,634	772,177
	1,324,883	1,360,879	1,100,355	1,159,535
Capital and total debt	1,358,099	1,382,729	1,100,355	1,159,535

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (in thousands of \$)

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following significant related party transactions between the Group and related parties took place at terms agreed between the parties during the financial year:

Sale and purchase of goods and services

	The Group		The Cor	mpany
	2014-15	2013-14	2014-15	2013-14
Income Sales of services and related materials to:				
- the immediate holding company and fellow subsidiaries	681,947	669,717	670,799	654,583
- associated companies	4,832	8,507	4,624	7,554
- joint venture companies	12,087	15,065	12,087	15,065
- others	26,401	66,393	26,190	66,073
Interest income from the immediate holding company	1,358	1,453	1,358	1,453
Equipment fee charged to the immediate holding company	2,068	2,079	2,068	2,079
Rental of office space charged to the immediate holding company	296	75	296	75

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34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (in thousands of \$) (continued)

Sale and purchase of goods and services (continued)

	The	Group	The Cor	npany
	2014-15	2013-14	2014-15	2013-14
Expense				
Management fees charged by the immediate holding				
company for corporate, general and administrative,				
technical and insurance services and equipment leases	9,959	10,032	9,959	10,032
Rental of hangars, workshops and office space charged by				
the immediate holding company	18,773	18,825	18,773	18,825
Purchases of materials from the immediate holding company	117,027	140,947	117,027	140,947
Purchases of goods from:				
- associated companies	34,240	25,656	33,037	25,648
– others	24,388	24,302	24,178	23,939
Services rendered by:				
- the immediate holding company	13,721	13,724	13,721	13,724

Compensation of key management personnel

Directors' and key executives' remuneration of the Company

	The Company		
	2014-15	2013-14	
<u>Directors</u>			
Directors' fees	964	937	
Key executives			
Salary, bonuses and other costs	2,810	4,446	
CPF and other defined contributions	56	78	
Share based compensation expense	455	523	

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34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (in thousands of \$) (continued)

Compensation of key management personnel (continued)

Share options granted to and exercised by a director and key executives of the Company are as follows:

Name of participant	Aggregate options granted since commencement of scheme to end of financial year under review	Aggregate options exercised since commencement of scheme to end of financial year under review	Aggregate options outstanding at end of financial year under review
William Tan Seng Koon	1,511,200	1,249,000	262,200
Png Kim Chiang	738,900	710,200	28,700
Jack Koh Swee Lim [^]	71,700	43,000	28,700
Ivan Neo Seok Kok	454,900	280,100	174,800
Zarina Piperdi	106,700	_	106,700
Anne Ang Lian Choo	_	_	_

The details of RSP and PSP granted to a director and key executives of the Company are as follows:

(a) RSP Base Awards

						Aggregate
		Base	Base			Base Awards
		Awards	Awards		Balance as at	granted since
		granted	vested		31 March 2015/	commencement
	Balance as at	during the	during the		cessation of	of RSP to end of
	1 April 2014	financial year	financial year	Modification #	employment	financial year
Name of participant	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	= (a)+(b)-(c)+(d)	under review
William Tan Seng Koon	118,800	67,459	51,000	669	135,928	424,066
Png Kim Chiang	33,000	17,673	17,500	153	33,326	153,192
Jack Koh Swee Lim ^	37,700	_	20,000	175	17,875	130,007
Zarina Piperdi	37,700	14,138	20,000	175	32,013	146,045
Ivan Neo Seok Kok	37,700	20,197	20,000	175	38,072	150,204
Anne Ang Lian Choo	37,700	14,138	20,000	175	32,013	138,545
Chow Kok Wah	17,700	14,138	_	175	32,013	32,013

[#] Arising from the approval of shareholders on the payment of a special dividend of \$0.05 per share, the Committee had also approved an increase in all outstanding RSP and PSP awards on 7 August 2014.

[^] Mr Jack Koh Swee Lim retired on 5 January 2015.

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34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (in thousands of \$) (continued)

Compensation of key management personnel (continued)

(b) RSP Final Awards (Pending Release)

Name of participant	Balance as at 1 April 2014 (a)	Final Awards granted during the financial year * (b)	Final Awards released during the financial year (c)	Modification # (d)	Balance as at 31 March 2015/ cessation of employment = (a)+(b)-(c)+(d)	Aggregate ordinary shares released to participant since commencement of RSP to end of financial year under review
William Tan Seng Koon	29,057	21,013	33,069	64	17,065	226,700
Png Kim Chiang	11,516	7,210	12,583	25	6,168	99,304
Jack Koh Swee Lim ^	9,252	8,240	11,266	21	6,247	93,087
Zarina Piperdi	9,252	8,240	11,266	21	6,247	95,291
Ivan Neo Seok Kok	9,252	8,240	11,266	21	6,247	93,087
Anne Ang Lian Choo	9,252	8,240	11,266	21	6,247	90,929

(c) PSP Base Awards

Name of participant	Balance as at 1 April 2014 (a)	Base Awards granted during the financial year (b)	Base Awards vested during the financial year (c)	Modification # (d)	Balance as at 31 March 2015/ cessation of employment = (a)+(b)-(c)+(d)	Aggregate Base Awards granted since commencement of PSP to end of financial year under review	Aggregate ordinary shares released to participant since commencement of PSP to end of financial year under review
William Tan Seng Koon	120,756	54,633	41,956	777	134,210	329,187	203,294
Png Kim Chiang	62,383	20,197	25,583	363	57,360	155,752	101,773
Jack Koh Swee Lim ^	50,108	_	17,908	318	32,518	115,560	86,652
Zarina Piperdi	50,108	14,138	17,908	318	46,656	123,898	84,332
Ivan Neo Seok Kok	50,108	17,673	17,908	318	50,191	117,833	77,132
Anne Ang Lian Choo	50,108	14,138	17,908	318	46,656	82,472	35,278
Chow Kok Wah	14,700	14,138	_	145	28,983	28,983	_

^{*} Final Awards granted during the financial year is determined by applying the achievement factor to the Base Awards that have vested during the financial year.

[#] Arising from the approval of shareholders on the payment of a special dividend of \$0.05 per share, the Committee had also approved an increase in all outstanding RSP and PSP awards on 7 August 2014.

[^] Mr Jack Koh Swee Lim retired on 5 January 2015.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Required By The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited

1. INTERESTED PERSON TRANSACTIONS (in thousands of \$)

The aggregate value of all interested person transactions ("IPTs") entered into during the financial year 2014/15 are as follows:

Name of interested person	Non-Mandated Aggregate value of all IPTs (excluding all mandated transactions pursuant to Rule 920 of the SGX Listing Manual and transactions less than \$100,000)	Mandated Aggregate value of all IPTs conducted under a shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the SGX Listing Manual (excluding transactions less than \$100,000)
Singapore Airlines Group		
Singapore Airlines Croup	_	21,646
SilkAir (Singapore) Pte Ltd	_	202
Scoot Pte Ltd	_	663
NokScoot Airlines Co Ltd	_	42,800
<u>Tiger Airways Group</u> Tiger Airways Singapore Pte Ltd	_	7,510
Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited and Associates AETOS Training Academy Pte Ltd	_	115
SembCorp Industries Limited Group SembCorp Power Pte Ltd	_	10,364
Singapore Technologies Engineering Group ST Aerospace Supplies Pte Ltd	_	552
SMRT Corporation SMRT Taxis Pte Ltd	_	446
SATS Ltd	-	425
Starhub Limited	-	152
Total		84,875

Note:

2. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company and its subsidiaries did not enter into any material contracts involving interests of the Chief Executive Officer, directors or controlling shareholders and no such material contracts still subsist at the end of the financial year.

All the transactions set out in the above are based on records from the Company's Register of Interested Person Transactions for the financial period under review, and include transactions whose durations exceed the financial period under review and/or multiple transactions with the same interested person. The transactions were based on actual or estimated values of the transactions for the entire duration of the relevant transactions in the case of fixed term contracts or annual/periodic values of the transactions in the case of open-ended contracts, taking into account agreed rates.

⁻ All the above interested person transactions were done on normal commercial terms.

QUARTERLY RESULTS OF THE GROUP

		First	Second	Third	Fourth	
		Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Total
Revenue:						
2014-15	(\$ million)	294.1	285.2	265.3	276.0	1,120.6
	(%)	26.2	25.5	23.7	24.6	100.0
2013-14	(\$ million)	289.4	293.9	283.8	311.1	1,178.2
	(%)	24.6	24.9	24.1	26.4	100.0
Expenditure:						
2014-15	(\$ million)	273.4	269.3	241.0	252.9	1,036.6
	(%)	26.4	26.0	23.2	24.4	100.0
2013-14	(\$ million)	261.7	265.4	258.6	276.9	1,062.6
	(%)	24.6	25.0	24.3	26.1	100.0
Operating profit:						
2014-15	(\$ million)	20.7	15.9	24.3	23.1	84.0
	(%)	24.7	18.9	28.9	27.5	100.0
2013-14	(\$ million)	27.7	28.5	25.2	34.2	115.6
	(%)	24.0	24.6	21.8	29.6	100.0
Profit before taxation:						
2014-15	(\$ million)	59.6	47.1	52.1	46.6	205.4
	(%)	29.0	22.9	25.4	22.7	100.0
2013-14	(\$ million)	76.0	78.0	66.8	73.2	294.0
	(%)	25.9	26.5	22.7	24.9	100.0
Profit attributable to owners of	f the parent:					
2014-15	(\$ million)	53.5	42.1	46.3	41.4	183.3
	(%)	29.2	23.0	25.2	22.6	100.0
2013-14	(\$ million)	69.0	71.0	60.5	65.2	265.7
	(%)	26.0	26.7	22.8	24.5	100.0
Earnings (after tax) per share –	basic:					
2014-15	(cents)	4.8	3.8	4.1	3.7	16.4
	(%)	29.3	23.2	25.0	22.5	100.0
2013-14	(cents)	6.2	6.4	5.4	5.9	23.9
	(%)	25.9	26.8	22.6	24.7	100.0

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY OF THE GROUP

	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11
Income statement (\$ million)					
Revenue	1,120.6	1,178.2	1,146.7	1,169.9	1,106.9
Expenditure	1,036.6	1,062.6	1,018.6	1,040.3	971.2
Operating profit	84.0	115.6	128.1	129.6	135.7
Other income	15.1	15.8	18.8	16.6	16.0
Share of profits of associated and					
joint venture companies, net of tax	106.3	162.6	150.1	146.3	134.0
Profit before tax	205.4	294.0	297.0	292.5	285.7
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	183.3	265.7	270.1	269.1	258.5
From attributable to owners of the parent	103.3	203.7	270.1	207.1	230.3
Balance sheet (\$ million)					
Share capital	410.7	387.3	348.1	317.3	297.8
Share-based compensation reserve	20.2	23.9	31.9	38.2	40.7
Foreign currency translation reserve	(81.7)	(127.7)	(134.5)	(129.2)	(128.6)
Fair value reserve	(14.2)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.9)	4.4
Equity transaction reserve	(2.4)	_	_	_	-
General reserve	992.3	1,078.0	1,057.0	1,028.9	1,088.4
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	1,324.9	1,360.9	1,301.9	1,254.3	1,302.7
Non-controlling interests	24.7	29.6	27.3	25.5	25.5
Total equity	1,349.6	1,390.5	1,329.2	1,279.8	1,328.2
Property, plant and equipment	344.1	337.2	305.5	308.8	318.7
Intangibles	61.5	54.3	49.0	37.7	25.1
Associated companies	327.7	309.4	306.2	304.8	296.0
Joint venture companies	136.2	126.5	120.8	113.2	102.8
Long-term investments	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6
Current assets	772.5	865.1	836.6	820.2	864.3
Total assets	1,656.6	1,707.1	1,632.7	1,599.3	1,621.5
Total assets	1,030.0	1,707.1	1,032.7	1,377.3	1,021.3
Non-current liabilities	50.5	40.4	25.3	26.4	31.1
Current liabilities	256.5	276.2	278.2	293.1	262.2
Total liabilities	307.0	316.6	303.5	319.5	293.3
Net assets	1,349.6	1,390.5	1,329.2	1,279.8	1,328.2
Cash flow statement (\$ million)					
Cash flow from operations	119.4	136.6	160.3	157.7	240.1
Internally generated cash flow R1	232.0	294.8	298.0	287.1	405.9
Capital expenditure	49.5	67.9	31.8	28.8	44.6

Notes:

R1 Internally generated cash flow comprises cash generated from operations, dividends from associated and joint venture companies, and proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY OF THE GROUP

	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11
Profitability ratios (%)					
Return on equity holders' funds R2	13.6	20.0	21.1	21.1	20.1
Return on total assets	11.1	15.6	16.5	16.8	15.9
Return on turnover	16.4	22.6	23.6	23.0	23.4
Productivity and employee data					
Value added (\$ million)	725.2	839.6	830.1	803.2	777.9
Value added per employee (\$)	114,841	131,085	132,346	130,619	126,450
Revenue per employee (\$)	177,449	183,952	182,831	190,257	179,927
Average number of employees	6,315	6,405	6,272	6,149	6,152
Per share data (cents)					
Earnings after tax – basic R3	16.4	23.9	24.5	24.6	23.8
Earnings after tax – diluted R4	16.3	23.7	24.3	24.4	23.5
Net asset value R5	118.1	122.0	117.7	114.3	119.4
Gross dividends (cents per share)					
Interim dividend	6.0	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.0
Final dividend – ordinary	8.5 #	13.0	15.0	15.0	14.0
Final dividend – special	_	5.0	_	_	10.0
Total dividends	14.5	25.0	22.0	21.0	30.0

[#] proposed

Notes:

R2 Return on equity holders' funds is the profit attributable to owners of the parent expressed as a percentage of the average equity attributable to owners of the parent.

R3 Earnings after tax per share (basic) is computed by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue.

R4 Earnings after tax per share (diluted) is computed by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue after adjusting for the dilutive effect on the exercise of all outstanding share options, performance shares and restricted shares granted to employees.

R5 Net asset value per share is computed by dividing the equity attributable to owners of the parent by the number of ordinary shares in issue at 31 March.

GROUP CORPORATE STRUCTURE

As at 31 March 2015

SIA ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED

	Subsidiary Companies		Joint Venture Companies		Associated Companies
100%	Aircraft Maintenance Services Australia Pty Ltd	50%	International Engine Component Overhaul Pte Ltd	49%	Component Aerospace Singapore Pte Ltd
100%	SIA Engineering (USA), Inc.	50%	Singapore Aero Engine	49%	Eagle Services Asia Private
100%	SIAEC Global Pte Ltd		Services Pte Ltd		Limited
100%	NexGen Network (1) Holding Pte Ltd			49%	Fuel Accessory Service Technologies Pte Ltd
100%	NexGen Network (2) Holding			49%	PWA International Limited
	Pte Ltd			49%	PT Jas Aero-Engineering
80%	Singapore Jamco Services Pte Ltd			400/	Services
	rte Ltd			49%	Safran Electronics Asia Pte Ltd
65%	SIA Engineering (Philippines) Corporation			49%	Southern Airports Aircraft Maintenance Services Company Limited
51%	Aerospace Component Engineering Services Pte Limited			47.1%	Pan Asia Pacific Aviation Services Ltd
51%	Aviation Partnership (Philippines) Corporation			45%	JAMCO Aero Design & Engineering Pte Ltd
				42.5%	Panasonic Avionics Services Singapore Pte. Ltd.
				40%	Goodrich Aerostructures Service Center - Asia Pte Ltd
				40%	Messier Services Asia Private Limited
				39.2%	Asian Surface Technologies Pte Ltd
				33.3%	International Aerospace Tubes-Asia Pte Ltd
				24.5%	Asian Compressor Technology Services Co Ltd
				24.5%	Turbine Coating Services Private Limited
				20%	Jamco Singapore Pte Ltd

SHAREHOLDING STATISTICS

As at 2 June 2015

NUMBER OF SHARES IN ISSUE : 1,121,921,984
CLASS OF SHARES : ORDINARY SHARES
VOTING RIGHTS : 1 VOTE FOR 1 SHARE

NO. OF TREASURY SHARES : NIL

	No. of			
Range of Shareholdings	Shareholders	%	No. of Shares	%
1 – 99	30	0.17	439	0.00
100 – 1,000	6,352	37.17	6,196,184	0.55
1,001 – 10,000	8,720	51.03	36,186,765	3.22
10,001 – 1,000,000	1,973	11.55	67,494,432	6.02
1,000,001 AND ABOVE	13	0.08	1,012,044,164	90.21
Total	17.088	100.00	1.121.921.984	100.00

MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS LIST - TOP 21 SHAREHOLDERS

No.	Name	No. of Shares	%
1	SINGAPORE AIRLINES LIMITED	870,000,000	77.55
2	DBS NOMINEES PTE LTD	83,907,958	7.48
3	CITIBANK NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	27,848,015	2.48
4	HSBC (SINGAPORE) NOMINEES PTE LTD	6,107,217	0.54
5	RAFFLES NOMINEES (PTE) LTD	5,741,427	0.51
6	UNITED OVERSEAS BANK NOMINEES PTE LTD	5,527,822	0.49
7	DBSN SERVICES PTE LTD	4,946,850	0.44
8	DB NOMINEES (S) PTE LTD	1,740,776	0.16
9	OCBC NOMINEES SINGAPORE PRIVATE LIMITED	1,634,302	0.15
10	DBS VICKERS SECURITIES (S) PTE LTD	1,402,300	0.12
11	GRALF MAX HANS SIEGHOLD	1,080,000	0.10
12	BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICES	1,057,497	0.09
13	WONG KET SEONG @ WONG KET YIN	1,050,000	0.09
14	BANK OF S'PORE NOMS PTE LTD	959,260	0.09
15	PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD	894,376	0.08
16	OCBC SECURITIES PRIVATE LTD	729,342	0.07
17	YIM CHEE CHONG	660,000	0.06
18	UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD	583,000	0.05
19	CHOO SI SEN	525,000	0.05
20	GAN TENG SIEW REALTY SDN BHD	500,000	0.04
21	GEMAS BAHRU ESTATES SDN BHD	500,000	0.04
	Total	1,017,395,142	90.68

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Name	Direct Interest	Deemed Interest (1)	Total Interest	% ⁽²⁾
Temasek Holdings (Pte) Limited	Nil	871,440,000	871,440,000	77.67
Singapore Airlines Limited	870,000,000	Nil	870,000,000	77.55

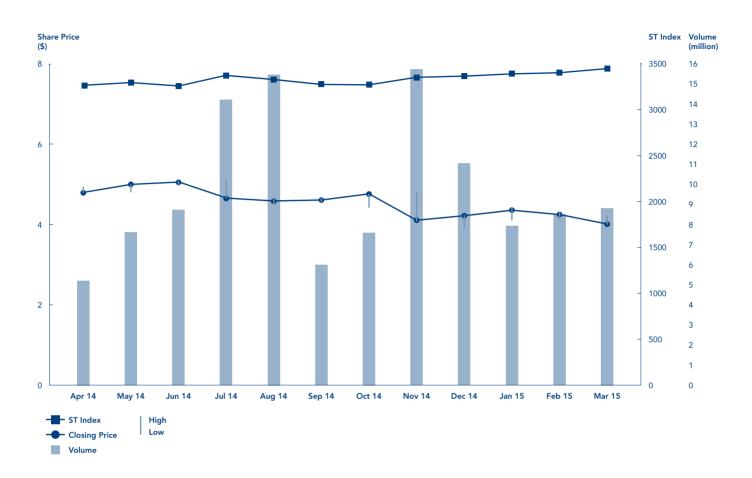
Notes:

- (1) Deemed interest means interest determined pursuant to Section 4 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore.
- (2) Based on 1,121,921,984 issued ordinary shares as at 2 June 2015.

SHAREHOLDING HELD BY THE PUBLIC

Based on the information available to the Company as of 2 June 2015, 22.32 per cent of the issued ordinary shares of the Company are held by the public and therefore, Rule 723 of the Listing Manual issued by the SGX-ST is complied with.

SHARE PRICE AND TURNOVER



	FY 2014/15	FY 2013/14
Share Price (S\$)		
Highest closing price	5.14	5.29
Lowest closing price	3.91	4.39
31 March closing price	4.01	4.84
Market Value Ratios *		
Price/Earnings	24.51	20.27
Price/Book Value	3.39	3.97
Price/Cash Earnings **	19.86	17.79

Notes

- * Based on closing price on 31 March
- ** Cash earnings is defined as profit attributable to equity holders of the Company plus depreciation and amortisation of intangibles.

SIA ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Company Registration No. 198201025C

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 33rd Annual General Meeting of SIA Engineering Company Limited ("the **Company**") will be held at Marina Mandarin Ballroom, Level 1, Marina Mandarin Singapore, 6 Raffles Boulevard, Marina Square, Singapore 039594 on Friday, 24 July 2015 at 2.30 p.m. to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2015 and the Auditor's Report thereon.
- 2. To declare a final ordinary dividend of 8.5 cents per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 March 2015.
- 3. To re-appoint Mr Oo Soon Hee as a Director pursuant to Section 153(6) of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore to hold office from the date of this Annual General Meeting until the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.
- 4. To re-elect the following Directors who are retiring by rotation pursuant to Article 83 of the Company's Articles of Association and who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election as Directors pursuant to Article 84 of the Company's Articles of Association:
 - 4.1 Mr Stephen Lee Ching Yen
 - 4.2 Mr Goh Choon Phong
 - 4.3 Mr Ng Chin Hwee
- 5. To approve the Directors' fees of up to \$1,134,000 for the financial year ending 31 March 2016 (FY2014/15: up to \$1,134,000).
- 6. To appoint KPMG LLP as the Auditor of the Company in place of the retiring Auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

- 7. To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolutions which will be proposed as Ordinary Resolutions:
- 7.1 That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore, authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to:
 - (a) (i) issue shares in the capital of the Company ("shares") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
 - (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "Instruments") that might or would require shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into shares,
 - at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit; and
 - (b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by this Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue shares in pursuance of any Instrument made or granted by the Directors while this Resolution was in force,

provided that:

- (1) the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to this Resolution (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed 50% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below), of which the aggregate number of shares to be issued other than on a *pro rata* basis to shareholders of the Company (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below);
- (2) (subject to such manner of calculation as may be prescribed by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST")) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of shares that may be issued under sub-paragraph (1) above, the percentage of issued shares shall be based on the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) in the capital of the Company at the time this Resolution is passed, after adjusting for:
 - (i) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities or share options or vesting of share awards which are outstanding or subsisting at the time this Resolution is passed; and
 - (ii) any subsequent bonus issue or consolidation or subdivision of shares;
- (3) in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST) and the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company; and
- (4) (unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting) the authority conferred by this Resolution shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier.

7.2 That the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to:

- (a) grant awards in accordance with the provisions of the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and/or the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014; and
- (b) allot and issue from time to time such number of fully paid ordinary shares as may be required to be issued pursuant to the vesting of awards under the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and/or the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014,

provided that:

- (1) the aggregate number of (1) new ordinary shares allotted and issued and/or to be allotted and issued, (2) existing ordinary shares (including ordinary shares held in treasury) delivered and/or to be delivered, and (3) ordinary shares released and/or to be released in the form of cash in lieu of ordinary shares, pursuant to the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014, shall not exceed 5% of the total number of issued ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares) from time to time;
- (2) the aggregate number of ordinary shares under awards to be granted pursuant to the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014 respectively during the period (the "Relevant Year") commencing from this Annual General Meeting and ending on the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier, shall not exceed 0.5% of the total number of issued ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares) from time to time (the "Yearly Limit"); and
- (3) if the Yearly Limit is not fully utilised during the Relevant Year, any unutilised portion of the Yearly Limit may be used for the grant of awards under the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014 in subsequent years for the duration of the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014 respectively.

7.3 That:

- (a) approval be and is hereby given, for the purposes of Chapter 9 of the Listing Manual ("Chapter 9") of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, for the Company, its subsidiaries and associated companies that are "entities at risk" (as that term is used in Chapter 9), or any of them to enter into any of the transactions falling within the types of interested person transactions described in Appendix 2 to the Letter to Shareholders dated 29 June 2015 (the "Letter") with any party who is of the class of interested persons described in Appendix 2 to the Letter, provided that such transactions are made on normal commercial terms and in accordance with the review procedures for such interested person transactions;
- (b) the approval given in paragraph (a) above (the "IPT Mandate") shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company; and
- (c) the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing all such documents as may be required), as they and/or he may consider expedient or necessary or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by the IPT Mandate and/or this Resolution.

7.4 That:

- (a) for the purposes of Sections 76C and 76E of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore (the "Companies Act"), the exercise by the Directors of the Company of all the powers of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire issued ordinary shares in the capital of the Company ("Shares") not exceeding in aggregate the Maximum Limit (as hereafter defined), at such price or prices as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time to time up to the Maximum Price (as hereafter defined), whether by way of:
 - (i) market purchase(s) on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"); and/or
 - (ii) off-market purchase(s) (if effected otherwise than on the SGX-ST) in accordance with any equal access scheme(s) as may be determined or formulated by the Directors as they consider fit, which scheme(s) shall satisfy all the conditions prescribed by the Companies Act,

and otherwise in accordance with all other laws and regulations and rules of the SGX-ST as may for the time being be applicable, be and is hereby authorised and approved generally and unconditionally (the "Share Buy Back Mandate");

- (b) unless varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, the authority conferred on the Directors of the Company pursuant to the Share Buy Back Mandate may be exercised by the Directors of the Company at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the date of the passing of this Resolution and expiring on the earliest of:
 - (i) the date on which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is held;
 - (ii) the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held; and
 - (iii) the date on which purchases and acquisitions of Shares pursuant to the Share Buy Back Mandate are carried out to the full extent mandated;
- (c) in this Resolution:
 - "Average Closing Price" means the average of the last dealt prices of a Share for the five consecutive trading days on which the Shares are transacted on the SGX-ST immediately preceding the date of market purchase by the Company or, as the case may be, the date of the making of the offer pursuant to the off-market purchase, and deemed to be adjusted in accordance with the listing rules of the SGX-ST for any corporate action which occurs after the relevant five-day period;
 - "date of the making of the offer" means the date on which the Company announces its intention to make an offer for the purchase or acquisition of Shares from holders of Shares, stating therein the purchase price (which shall not be more than the Maximum Price calculated on the foregoing basis) for each Share and the relevant terms of the equal access scheme for effecting the off-market purchase;
 - "Maximum Limit" means that number of issued Shares representing 2% of the total number of issued Shares as at the date of the passing of this Resolution; and
 - "Maximum Price", in relation to a Share to be purchased or acquired, means the purchase price (excluding brokerage, commission, applicable goods and services tax and other related expenses) which shall not exceed, whether pursuant to a market purchase or an off-market purchase, 105% of the Average Closing Price of the Shares; and

(d) the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) as they and/or he may consider expedient or necessary to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this Resolution.

ANY OTHER BUSINESS

8. To transact any other business of the Company which may arise and can be transacted at an Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board

DEVIKA RANI DAVAR

Company Secretary 29 June 2015 Singapore

CLOSURE OF BOOKS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, subject to the approval of shareholders being obtained at the 33rd Annual General Meeting of the Company for the payment of the final ordinary dividend, the Share Transfer Books and the Register of Members of the Company will be closed on 3 August 2015 for the preparation of dividend warrants.

Duly completed and stamped transfers (together with all relevant documents of or evidencing title) received by the Company's Share Registrar, M & C Services Private Limited, at 112 Robinson Road #05-01, Singapore 068902, up to 5.00 p.m. on 31 July 2015 will be registered to determine shareholders' entitlement to the proposed dividend. Subject as aforesaid, shareholders whose Securities Accounts with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP") are credited with ordinary shares in the capital of the Company as at 5.00 p.m. on 31 July 2015 will be entitled to the proposed dividend. The Company will pay the proposed dividend to CDP, which will, in turn, distribute the entitlement to the proposed dividend to CDP account-holders in accordance with its normal practice.

The proposed dividend, if approved by shareholders, will be paid on 13 August 2015.

EXPLANATORY NOTES:

- 1. In relation to Ordinary Resolution No. 3, Mr Oo Soon Hee will be retiring from office at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Section 153 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore and will be standing for re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting. Mr Oo will, upon re-appointment, continue to serve as Chairman of the Nominating Committee and the Board Safety & Risk Committee, respectively, till the next Annual General Meeting. Mr Oo is considered an Independent Director. Please refer to the sections on Board of Directors and Corporate Governance in the FY14/15 Annual Report for information on Mr Oo.
- 2. In relation to Ordinary Resolution Nos. 4.1, 4.2, and 4.3, Mr Stephen Lee Ching Yen, Mr Goh Choon Phong and Mr Ng Chin Hwee will be retiring from office at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Article 83 of the Company's Articles of Association and will be standing for re-election at the Annual General Meeting. Mr Lee will, upon re-election, continue to serve as Chairman of the Board and the Compensation & HR Committee. Mr Goh will, upon re-election, continue to serve as a member of the Compensation & HR Committee and the Board Committee. Mr Ng will, upon re-election, continue to serve as a member of the Nominating Committee and the Board Safety & Risk Committee. Mr Lee, Mr Goh and Mr Ng are considered Non-independent Directors. Please refer to the sections on Board of Directors and Corporate Governance in the FY14/15 Annual Report for information on Mr Lee, Mr Goh and Mr Ng.
- 3. Ordinary Resolution No. 5, if passed, will facilitate the payment of Directors' fees during the financial year in which the fees are incurred, that is, during FY15/16. The amount of the Directors' fees is computed based on the anticipated number of Board meetings for FY15/16, assuming full attendance by all Directors. The amount also includes an additional 5% to cater for unforeseen circumstances, for example, the appointment of an additional Director, additional unscheduled Board meetings, additional appointments to Board Committees and/or the formation of additional Board Committees. In the event that the amount proposed is insufficient, approval will be sought at the next Annual General Meeting for payments to meet the shortfall.
 - As disclosed on page 23 of the Annual Report, Directors' fees due to Mr Goh Choon Phong and Mr Ng Chin Hwee will be paid to and retained by Singapore Airlines Limited ("SIA"), the holding company of the Company. Mr Goh and Mr Ng hold executive positions in SIA.
- 4. Ordinary Resolution No. 6, if passed, will effect the appointment of KPMG LLP as the Auditor of the Company in place of the retiring Auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, and will authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. Please refer to the Letter to Shareholders dated 29 June 2015 (the "Letter") for more details.
- 5. Ordinary Resolution No. 7.1, if passed, will empower the Directors to issue shares, make or grant instruments convertible into shares and to issue shares pursuant to such instruments. The number of shares which the Directors may issue under this Resolution will not exceed 50% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) in the capital of the Company with a sub-limit of 10% for issues other than on a pro rata basis. The 10% sub-limit for non-pro rata issues is lower than the 20% sub-limit allowed under the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST and the Articles of Association of the Company. The Directors believe that the lower sub-limit of 10% would sufficiently address the Company's present need to maintain flexibility while taking into account shareholders' concerns against dilution. For the purpose of determining the aggregate number of shares which may be issued, the percentage of issued shares shall be based on the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) in the capital of the Company at the time this Ordinary Resolution is passed, after adjusting for (a) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible instruments or share options or vesting of share awards which are outstanding at the time this Ordinary Resolution is passed; and (b) any subsequent bonus issue or consolidation or subdivision of shares. For the avoidance of doubt, shareholders' approval will be required for any consolidation or subdivision of shares.

- Ordinary Resolution No. 7.2, if passed, will empower the Directors to grant awards pursuant to the SIAEC Performance 6. Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014, and to allot and issue ordinary shares in the capital of the Company pursuant to the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014. The SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014 were adopted at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 21 July 2014. The total number of ordinary shares which may be delivered pursuant to awards granted under the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014 (whether in the form of ordinary shares or in the form of cash in lieu of ordinary shares) shall not exceed 5% of the total number of issued ordinary shares (excluding ordinary shares held by the Company as treasury shares) from time to time. In addition, Ordinary Resolution 7.2 will provide that the total number of ordinary shares under awards to be granted pursuant to the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014 from this Annual General Meeting to the next Annual General Meeting (the "Relevant Year") shall not exceed 0.5% of the total number of issued ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares) from time to time (the "Yearly Limit"), provided that if the Yearly Limit is not fully utilised during the Relevant Year, any unutilised portion of the Yearly Limit may be used by the Directors to make grants of awards under the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014 in subsequent years, for the duration of the SIAEC Performance Share Plan 2014 and the SIAEC Restricted Share Plan 2014, respectively.
- 7. Ordinary Resolution No. 7.3, if passed, will renew the mandate to allow the Company, its subsidiaries and relevant associated companies that are entities at risk (as that term is used in Chapter 9 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited) or any of them, to enter into certain interested person transactions with certain classes of interested persons as described in Appendix 2 to the Letter. The authority will, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company. Please refer to the Letter for more details.
- 8. Ordinary Resolution No. 7.4, if passed, will renew the mandate to allow the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire its issued ordinary shares, on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in the Resolution.

The Company may use internal or external sources of funds to finance the purchase or acquisition of its ordinary shares. The amount of financing required for the Company to purchase or acquire its ordinary shares, and the impact on the Company's financial position, cannot be ascertained as at the date of this Notice as these will depend on the number of ordinary shares purchased or acquired and the price at which such ordinary shares were purchased or acquired and whether the ordinary shares purchased or acquired are held in treasury or cancelled.

The financial effects of the purchase or acquisition of such ordinary shares by the Company pursuant to the proposed Share Buy Back Mandate on the audited financial statements of the Company and the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 31 March 2015, based on certain assumptions, are set out in paragraph 4.7 of the Letter.

Please refer to the Letter for more details.

Notes:

- 1. The Chairman of the Annual General Meeting will be exercising his right under Article 64 of the Articles of Association of the Company to demand a poll in respect of each of the resolutions to be put to the vote of members of the Company at the Annual General Meeting and at any adjournment thereof. Accordingly, each resolution at the Annual General Meeting will be voted on by way of a poll.
- 2. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 3. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies (together with the power of attorney, if any, under which it is signed or a certified copy thereof) must be deposited at the Company's Share Registrar, M & C Services Private Limited, 112 Robinson Road #05-01, Singapore 068902 not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the Annual General Meeting.

Personal data privacy:

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the purpose of the processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents or its service providers), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents or its service providers) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes, and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.





PROXY FORM

SIA ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Company Registration No. 198201025C

IMPORTANT:

CPF investors

- For investors who have used their Central Provident Fund ("CPF") monies to buy the Company's shares, the FY14/15 Annual Report is forwarded to them at the request of their CPF approved nominees and is sent solely FOR THEIR INFORMATION ONLY.

 This Proxy Form is not valid for use by CPF investors and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes
- if used or purported to be used by them.

 3. CPF investors who wish to attend the 33rd Annual General Meeting as OBSERVERS have to submit their
- requests through their respective Agent Banks so that their Agent Banks may register with the Company's Registrar. (Please see Note No. 8)

			ent appointing a proxy(ies) racy terms set out in the N	otice of Annual General Meet		
*I/We						(Name
				(NRIC	/Passport	Number) c
				(, , , , , ,		(Address
being	*a member/members of SIA En	gineering Company Limited (th	e "Company"), here	by appoint:		(Add1633
Name		Address	1	NRIC/ Passport No.	Proportion	
					Sharehold	lings %
and/o	r (delete as appropriate)					
3110/0	(delete as appropriate)					
Singar *I/We specif	direct *my/our *proxy/proxies c direction as to voting is given any other matter arising at the	If at the AGM of the Company to a Square, Singapore 039594 on to vote for or against the Resol a, the *proxy/proxies will vote of AGM and at any adjournment proxies to vote, for or against the	Friday, 24 July 2015 utions to be propose r abstain from voting thereof. If no person e Resolutions to be p	at 2.30 pm and at any ed at the AGM as indic at *his/her/their discre- is named in the above	adjournme ated here etion, as *I boxes, th	ent thereo under. If n he/she/the e Chairma
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NOTES:-

- A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint one or two proxies to attend and vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a
 member of the Company. The appointment of a proxy or proxies by this instrument shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the AGM. If a
 member attends the AGM in person, the appointment of a proxy or proxies shall be deemed to be revoked, and the Company reserves the right to refuse to admit such
 proxy or proxies to the AGM.
- 2. Where a member appoints two proxies, the appointments shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportion of his shareholding (expressed as a percentage of the whole) to be represented by each proxy.
- 3. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be signed by the appointor or his duly authorised attorney or, if the appointor is a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal or signed by its attorney or duly authorised officer.
- 4. A corporation which is a member may authorise by resolution of its directors or other governing body such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at the AGM, in accordance with Section 179 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore (The "Companies Act").
- 5. This instrument appointing a proxy or proxies (together with the power of attorney, if any, under which it is signed or a certified copy thereof) must be deposited at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, M & C Services Private Limited at 112 Robinson Road #05-01, Singapore 068902, not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for holding the AGM.
- 6. A member should insert the total number of shares held in this instrument of proxy. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register (as defined in Section 130A of the Companies Act, he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares registered in his name in the Register of Members, he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as well as shares registered in his name in the Register of Members, he should insert the aggregate number of shares. If no number is inserted, this instrument of proxy will be deemed to relate to all the shares held by the member.
- 7. The Company shall be entitled to reject this instrument of proxy or proxies if it is incomplete, or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in this instrument of proxy. In addition, in the case of a member whose shares are entered in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument appointing a proxy or proxies lodged if the member, being the appointor, is not shown to have shares entered against his name in the Depository Register at least 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.
- 8. Agent Banks acting on the request of the CPF investors who wish to attend the AGM as Observers are requested to submit in writing, a list with details of the investors' names, NRIC/Passport numbers, addresses and number of shares held. The list, signed by an authorised signatory of the Agent Bank, should reach the Company's Registrar, M & C Services Private Limited at 112 Robinson Road #05-01, Singapore 068902, at least 48 hours before the time fixed for holding the AGM.

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Please Affix Postage Stamp

M & C Services Private Limited

Share Registrar for
SIA Engineering Company Limited
112 Robinson Road #05-01
Singapore 068902
Republic of Singapore

CORPORATE DATA

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CHAIRMAN

STEPHEN LEE CHING YEN

DIRECTORS

GOH CHOON PHONG RON FOO SIANG GUAN OO SOON HEE NG CHIN HWEE WILLIAM TAN SENG KOON (until 31 Mar 2015) MANOHAR KHIATANI CHEW TECK SOON CHRISTINA ONG TONG CHONG HEONG (from 1 Jun 2014)

COMPANY SECRETARY

DEVIKA RANI DAVAR

AUDIT COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN

RON FOO SIANG GUAN

MEMBERS

MANOHAR KHIATANI CHEW TECK SOON CHRISTINA ONG

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN

OO SOON HEE

MEMBERS

NG CHIN HWEE CHEW TECK SOON TONG CHONG HEONG (from 1 Oct 2014)

COMPENSATION & HR COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN

STEPHEN LEE CHING YEN

MEMBERS

GOH CHOON PHONG CHRISTINA ONG TONG CHONG HEONG (from 1 Oct 2014)

BOARD SAFETY & RISK COMMITTEE

CHAIRMAN

OO SOON HEE

MEMBERS

NG CHIN HWEE CHEW TECK SOON MANOHAR KHIATANI

BOARD COMMITTEE

MEMBERS

RON FOO SIANG GUAN GOH CHOON PHONG

REGISTRAR

M & C SERVICES
PRIVATE LIMITED
112 ROBINSON ROAD
#05-01 SINGAPORE 068902

AUDITORS

ERNST & YOUNG
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
ONE RAFFLES QUAY
LEVEL 18, NORTH TOWER
SINGAPORE 048583

AUDIT PARTNER

WINSTON NGAN WAN-SING (appointed from FY2010/11)

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT

PRESIDENT &

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

WILLIAM TAN SENG KOON (until 31 Mar 2015) PNG KIM CHIANG (from 1 Apr 2015)

EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT (OPERATIONS)

PNG KIM CHIANG (until 31 Mar 2015)

SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT
HUMAN RESOURCES & FLEET
MANAGEMENT

ZARINA PIPERDI

SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT
AIRCRAFT & COMPONENT
SERVICES

IVAN NEO SEOK KOK

SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT FINANCE / CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

ANNE ANG LIAN CHOO

SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT
LINE MAINTENANCE &
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

CHOW KOK WAH

SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT
SPECIAL PROJECTS

JACK KOH SWEE LIM (until 4 Jan 2015)



SIA ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED

31 Airline Road Singapore 819831

Tel: (65) 6541 5151 Fax: (65) 6546 0679

Email: siaec@singaporeair.com.sg

www.siaec.com.sg

Contact Person:

Devika Rani Davar

Company Secretary / Vice President Corporate Email: devikarani_davar@singaporeair.com.sg

Tel: (65) 6541 5151 Fax: (65) 6546 0679